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Aerosoft Airbus A318/319/320/321

Volume **6**Step By Step Tutorial
Rolf Fritze
Version 06-01-09

RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision n°	Issue date	Description
01-01	19/09/2014	First issue
01-07	07/04/2015	 WXR - Turbulences added (2.1.3) Save and Load a flight (3.5) MCDU – AIRCRAFT USER STATES: Deleted from MCDU2 menu (4.3) Ground Crew Sound/Calls: Volume to menu added (4.6.1) MCDU Menu – define FS - P3D Infobar set lower (4.6.2) CL Config Menü AES Pusback ON/OFF and Infobar: GSX added (4.6.3) AES/GSX und AFTER START CL: Timing aligned (4.6.3) Connected Flight Deck (4.9) Pushback: Distance set to minimum value = 9m (5.7.1 #89) ECAM Instruction – BRAKE TOO HOT: Values changed to 150/100° (5.10 #149) Explanations for the use of speedbrakes (5.21 #253) Use of 2nd Autopilot (5.21 - #256) Appr. Speed Restr. FINAL CL – Landing Memo – <160 kts added as condition 5.21 #259a) VECTOR APPROACH and use of DIR TO / RADIAL IN for tutorial flight (6.)
01-08	25/05/2016	 #55 F-PLAN DISCONTIUITY (new page #284 Use of ATHR during landings without AP
01-09	25/10/2015	 (4.7) Trim from LOAD/FUEL PLANNER are displayed in LOAD FUEL MENU (4.7) Modified pax weight is saved

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Start – FSX-Settings

1.1 Start FSX

Start the FSX with a "FREE FLIGHT" and use the following options:

Aircraft: Aerosoft Airbus A319-112 CFM or IAE (any airline)

Weather: Fair weather

Location: Innsbruck/Austria (LOWI) at Parking 5 – RAMP GA LARGE

Time and Season: Day – any season

The difference between **CFM** and **IAE** types are the engines built by different manufacturers.

Do **NOT** use default ATC and disable AI traffic. The reasons being are that ATC/AI can use different runways than we use in our tutorial. This might end up

- LOWI Departure Airport: AI may use 26 for approaches, causing immediate TA's and RA's on takeoff.
- LFMN Arrival Airport: Apparently default ATC and AI use the opposing runway 22R.

If the aircraft it is not in the "COLD DARK" state when you load it (maybe you already set a DEFAULT aircraft state – see chapter 4.3 for details), please set all knobs, switches and buttons to OFF so that no lights are ON (Batteries 1 + 2 should be set OFF last) - please see chapter 5.25: Overhead Panel –. But the easiest way to make those settings (and necessary for this tutorial flight) is to use the ACFT STATE function of the right MCDU and set the aircraft state to "COLD DARK" (please see chapter 4.3 for details).

1.2 General FSX Settings

Adjust the FSX settings according to the Volume 1 (Vol1-InFSX EN) of the Aerosoft Airbus A318/319/320/321 documentation (chapter FSX Settings) which you will find in the FSX-folder under Aerosoft /Airbus318_A319 / Documentation / or Aerosoft /Airbus320_A321 / Documentation /

1.3 Simulation Rate / Time Compression:

Especially during longer flights the simulation rate in the FSX Options Menu is often speeded up from normal in order to shorten the flight. We recommend that you do not do this, as it can cause problems. This is because the flight avionics of Airbus 318/319/320/321 are completely reprogrammed and do not use any FSX standard features. This means that the avionics are not compatible with the time compression features of FSX.

Additionally it is depending on the performance of your computer. In the meantime we got the experience that "time compression" works perfectly on some high-end machines.

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2. Panels and Instruments:

In the following paragraph the various panel and cockpit views are explained together with the terms used in the tutorial, this will enable the user to find the knobs, switches and buttons that the tutorial refers to. They are the Glareshield, Main Panel, MCDU, ECAM, Pedestal/Radio and the Overhead Panel.

The Aerosoft Airbus A318/319/320/321 does not have a 2D panel - only a virtual cockpit, therefore to make it easier to use ,6 fixed virtual 2D cockpit views have been created. These views can be accessed using three different methods.

- FSX Menu: Views View Mode Cockpit
- Keyboard: F9 = Glareshield Main Panel, F10 = ECAM / left and right MCDU, F11 = Pedestal / Radio and F12 = Overhead.
- Keyboard: F9 = Glareshield Main Panel and then use the [A] key to toggle between the various views like left MCDU, right MCDU, etc.



Picture 1: Default VC view, selected with the [S] key and where needed cycled to this view with the [A] key.



Picture 2: Main Panel and Glareshield View (similar to a 2D panel) selected with [F9]



Picture 3: ECAM and Upper Pedestal view, selected with [F10]



Picture 4: Pedestal view, selected with [F11]



Picture 5: Overhead view, selected with [F12]

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There is also a Panelbar available which allows you to get fast access to a lot of other fixed predefined views – please see chapter 4.6 (OPTIONS).

Using the various keyboard combinations (please see details below) all views can be changed

- For all views the eye point can be changed except: 2 D Glareshield, 2D MCDU, Radio and TCAS
- For all views a "Pan Reset Function" is integrated e. g. after re-opening the view again the original view is reset. This is important so that for some very special views like the FCU, Pedestal, Overhead etc. the views do not end "somewhere" if opened again.

First open it e. g. to become the active window. Then the following key combinations are available:

•	CTRL + Return	- Left
•	CTRL + Backspace	- Right
•	CTRL + SHIFT + Return	- Forward
•	CTRL + SHIFT + Backspace	- Backwards

SHIFT + Return - Higher
SHIFT + Backspace - Lower

• SPACE BAR + Mouse wheel - Zoom in or out

SPACE BAR + Mouse - Changing the view angle

2.1 Glareshield and Main Panel



Picture 6: Glareshield and Main Panel (F9)

- 1 = PFD (Primary Flight Display)
- 2 = ND (Navigation Display)
- 3 = EFIS (Electronic Flight Information System)
- 4 = FCU (Flight Control Unit)
- 5 = E/WD (Engine- and Warning Display)
- 6 = Brakes
- 7 = Chronometer

- 8 = Dimmer for PFD and ND
- 9 = Master Warning and Master Caution Lights
- 10 = A/Skid & Nose Wheel Steering
- 11 = Brake Fan
- 12 = EGPWS Terrain on ND switch
- 13 = ISIS Standby Altimeter

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2.1.1. PFD - Primary Flight Display



941 M 200: 10 = 035 180: 10 = 30,00 160: 10 = 30,00 1008

Integrated Standby Instruments System (ISIS)

Picture 7: PFD – Primary Flight Display

- 1= FMA Flight Mode Annunciator
- 2 = Speed Indicator
- 3 = Attitude Indicator Artificial Horizon Flight-Director Indicator
- 4 = Lateral and Vertical ILS Glide Path
- 5 = Altitude Indicator
- 6 = Vertical Speed Indicator
- 7 = ILS Identification
- 8 = Heading and Track Indicator
- 9 = Air Pressure

2.1.2. ND - Navigation Display (Standard)



Picture 8: ND – Navigation Display (Standard)

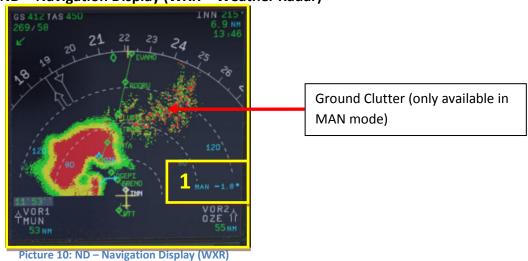
- 1= Speed (Ground Speed / True Air Speed) and wind (direction / speed)
- 2 = Next waypoint, degree, distance, time of arrival
- 3 = Lateral flight path
- 4= Chronometer time

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Indication	Description
	Speed Change : Indicates the point where the aircraft will initiate an automatic
	acceleration or deceleration from current speed to new computed speed in case of SPD LIM, SPD CSTR, or HOLDING SPD (including 250 knots below 10,000).
	Deceleration Point: Indicates where the aircraft will initiate an automatic
	deceleration toward VAPP. Managed NAV mode and managed speed must be engaged.
0	Altitude Constraints: Constraint is predicted to be met when the aircraft is in managed lateral and vertical modes.
<i>→</i>	Position where the aircraft will level-off at the FCU selected altitude. The same symbol will indicate a level-off from a managed climb (CLB) or selected climb (OP CLB).
<i>></i>	Position where the aircraft will level-off at the constrained altitude entered in the MCDU. The managed CLB mode must be engaged for the altitude constraint symbol to appear and be honored.
\	Position where the aircraft will level-off at the FCU selected altitude. The same symbol will indicate a level-off from a managed decent (DES) or selected descent (OP DES).
\searrow	Position where the aircraft will level-off at the constrained altitude entered in the MCDU. The managed DES mode must be engaged for the altitude constraint symbol to appear and be honored.
	Start of climb with the CLB mode armed.
	Start of climb with the CLB mode not armed.
~	Top of Descent or continue descent with DES armed.
$\overline{}$	Top of Descent or continue descent with DES not armed.

Picture 9: ND – Symbols

2.1.3. ND – Navigation Display (WXR – Weather Radar)



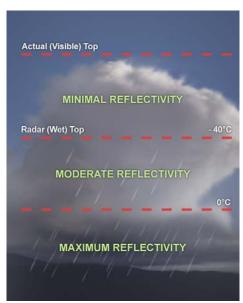
1= TILT setting (green = MULTISCAN AUTO mode / blue = MAN mode)

The Airbus WXR works with FSX weather as well as with any weather add-on and displays what is "injected" into the FSX weather.

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Weather Radar Display

- The weather radar display is depicted on the ND in any mode except PLAN. The selected ND range scale will control the weather radar range.
- The radar returns will appear in green, yellow and red depending on the precipitation intensity. Black means "no" perception or perception with very low intensity (below level). The antenna tilt angle will be displayed in the lower right-hand corner of the ND and is the angle between the horizon and the radar beam axis. When MULTISCAN manual calibration mode is selected, MAN and the setting appear in blue whereas in AUTO mode the setting appears in green.
- If the TERR ON ND is selected on, the ND displays the surrounding terrain from the stored database, and the weather radar display will be suppressed.



Picture 11: WXR - Reflectivity

WXR-Panel



Picture 12: WXR-Panel (Pedestal 2.5. # 11)

- 1= System = ON =1 or OFF 2 is not modeled
- 2 = Gain control
- 3 = MULTISCAN (Manual and Auto)
- 4 = Ground clutter suspension (Off and Auto) only in MAN mode
- 5 = TILT (UP and DOWN)
- 6 = MODE

The following features are modeled respectively can be operated in the Aerosoft A318/319/320/321 Airbus:

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- GAIN control
- MULTISCAN (MAN and AUTO)
- GCS (OFF and AUTO)
- Antenna TILT
- Mode
- Range control of the ND (please see EFIS 2.1.5 #6)

Whereas the range control is handled on the EFIS for the other settings the WXR panel is used. To get the maximum range / display it is necessary to have set FSX SETTINGS / WEATHER / CLOUD DRAW DISTANCE to the maximum (if a weather tool is used apply the same settings to it).

AUTO MULTISCAN MODE

In auto mode (MULTISCAN switch set to AUTO) the tilt is automatically controlled. Two beams (upper and lower) are merged together to become one picture representing weather in the possible vertical flight path of aircraft.

Also in MULTISCAN AUTO mode the GCS (ground clutter suspension) is usually in AUTO mode and so the ground clutter will be suppressed. Ground clutter can be suppressed by GCS in MULTISCAN mode (AUTO), but not in manual mode (MAN) – using a lower tilt it will always be visible (except water surface, which will be displayed in black).

MAN MULTISCAN MODE

In manual mode (MULTISCAN switch to MAN) the radar beam is controlled via the TILT rotary knob.

The flight crew uses the following three features to operate the Collins WXR2100 Weather Radar in the Airbus A318/319/320/321 family (if MULTISCAN MAN is selected):

- Gain control, which adjusts the sensitivity of the receiver (and should usually be set to AUTO).
- Antenna tilt, that is the angle between the centre of the beam and the horizon
- Range control of the ND, which has an essential influence on the optimum tilt setting

The recommended TILT settings for the various FLIGHT PHASES based on ALTITUDE and ND-RANGE according to AIRBUS documentation (Flight Operations Briefing Notes) are:

Flight Phase	Recommendat	Recommendations							
Taxi	Set ND to 10 NN Tilt down, then	Radar check must be performed away from people							
Takeoff	Scan up to 15° Utilt at +4° UP for		Scan along the departure path						
Climb	Select negative (suggestions):	tilt, mainta	in ground retu	irns on top of	f ND as the ai	rcraft climbs	Change TILT according to altitude and		
	Flight Level	10	ND range						
				TILT SETTING					
	5.000		-0.9°DN	-0.1°DN					
	10.000		-2.7°DN	-0.8°DN	-0.5°DN	-0.4°DN			
	15.000		-4.5°DN	-1.4°DN	-1.0°DN	-0.9°DN			
	20.000		-6.3°DN	-2.8°DN	-1.6°DN	-1.5°DN			
	25.000		-8.8°DN	-4.3°DN	-2.4°DN	-2.1°DN			
	30.000		-10.8°DN	-5.4°DN	-2.8°DN	-2.4°DN			

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Cruise	Select negative use the followi	No ground returns					
				ND-Range			beyond line of sight:
	Flight Level	20	40	80	160	320	FL370 => 240
				TILT-Setting			NM
	31.000	-12.1°DN	-5.8°DN	-3.1°DN	-2.5°DN	-2.5°DN	FL250 => 200
							NM
Descent	Adjust tilt to m	aintain grou	nd returns on	top of ND. As	a rule of the	umb:	
				ND-Range			
	Flight Level	10	20	40	80	160	
				TILT SETTING			
	30.000			~ +3.0 °UP			
	25.000			~ +2.5 °UP			
	20.000			~ +2.0 °UP			
	15.000			~ +3.0 °UP			
	10.000		~ +2.0 °UP				
	5.000			~ +1.0 °UP			
	3.000			~ +0.5 °UP			
Approach	Select tilt: +4°	UP					To avoid ground
1							returns

If you want to get more information on the WXR subject please have a look into the "Collins_WXR-2100_Operators_Guide.pdf" as well as into AIRBUS documentation "Flight Operations Briefing Notes – Adverse Weather Operations – Optimum Use of Weather Radar" which you can download from the Internet.

MODE

Turbulence is displayed in magenta out to maximal 40 nautical miles for all selected ranges (as in real Airbus). No detecting of clear-air turbulence as only areas of precipitation are evaluated.

WX: Normal WX Radar as it was implemented so far (precipitation targets).

WX+T: Precipitation targets with turbulence information overlaid.

TURB: Only turbulence information without precipitation targets.

MAP: Enables display of all radar echoes including terrain and precipitation information, but the receiver sensitivity for precipitation returns is decreased so that terrain characteristics are pointed out. No turbulence information is displayed.

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Picture 13: ND – Navigation Display (Turbulences -magenta -)

2.1.4. ND – Navigation Display (EGPWS - Terrain on ND)



Picture 14: ND - Navigation Display (Takeoff at LOWI 08)

1= Lowest and highest elevation

EGPWS (Enhanced Ground Proximity Warning System) terrain picture

The ND displays the EGPWS terrain picture, when TERR ON ND switch is selected ON and the ND is not in PLAN mode. The terrain picture replaces the weather radar image.

The EGPWS is automatically switched in case of a threat but suppressed if the following conditions are met:

- **Departure:** During first 60 seconds after takeoff (after getting airborne). Therefore the FMA modes for thrust levers (TOGA, FLX, MAN TOGA, MAN MCT) and the SimOnGround flag are taken into account
- Approach: Gear down + (Flaps 3 or 4 (full))
- Approach: ILS is tuned and successful received and glideslope and localizer have both a deviation of less than 2 dots
- **GoAround:** During first 60 seconds after GO AROUND. Therefore the FMA modes for thrust levers (TOGA, FLX, MAN TOGA, MAN MCT), flap position and flight status (GA) and the gear handle movement into up position are taken into account.

Lowest and highest elevation

Minimum and maximum elevations encountered with selected range, are respectively displayed in this square using the colors described below.

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Terrain Display

The terrain appears in different colors and densities according to its relative height. The reference altitude is projected downward from the actual aircraft altitude to provide a 30 second advanced display of terrain when descending at more than 1000 FPM.

Indication	Description
	High density red : Terrain is at least 2000 ft. above aircraft altitude.
	High density yellow : Terrain is between 1000 ft. and 2000 ft. above aircraft altitude
	Low density green : Terrain is between -250 ft (gear down) or -500 ft (gear up) to 1000 ft above aircraft altitude.
	Medium density green: Terrain is between 250 ft. (gear down) or 500 ft. (gear up) to 1000 ft. below aircraft altitude.
	High density green : Terrain is between 1000 ft. to 2000 ft. below aircraft altitude.

2.1.5. EFIS – Electronic Flight Information System



Picture 15: EFIS – Electronic Flight Information System

- 1 = Air Pressure Display
- 2 = AP (Hg or hPa selector and setting knob)
- 3= Flight Director / ILS
- 4 = Flight Plan Information on ND

- 5 = ND mode setting knob
- 6 = ND range setting knob
- 7 = ADF / VOR 1 and 2 switch

2.1.6. FCU - Flight Control Unit



Picture 16: FCU - Flight Control Unit

- 1 = Speed (display and setting knob)
- 2 = Heading (display and setting knob)
- 3 = Altitude (display and setting knob)
- 4 = Climb / Descent (display/setting knob)
- 5 = Autopilot 1 and 2

- 6 = ILS lateral localizer
- 7 = Auto throttle
- 8 = Expedite
- 9 = Approach ILS lateral / vertical localizer
- 10 = Heading Track / V/S Flight Path switch

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2.1.7. E/WD - Engine- and Warning Display



Picture 17: E/WD-Engine Warning Display with IAE resp. plane with CFM Engines

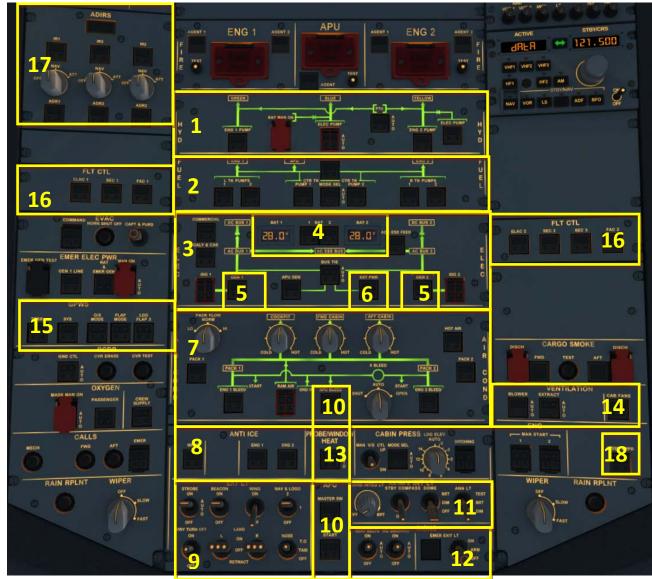
1= Engine Information

2 = FOB = Fuel on board

3= FLAPS Status

4 = Status Information, Takeoff- or Landing-Menu

2.2 Overhead Panel



Picture 18: Overhead Panel (F12)

- 1 = Hydraulic Panel
- 2 = Fuel Panel
- 3 = Electric Panel
- 4 = Batteries 1 and 2, Voltage
- 5 = Generators 1 and 2
- 6 = External Power
- 7 = Air Condition Panel
- 8 = Anti-Ice-Panel
- 9 = External Lights

- 10 = APU-Master / -Start & -Bleed
- 11 = Internal Lights (Cockpit Test)
- 12 = Signs (No Smoking, Seat B. and Emergency)
- 13 = Probe Window Heat
- 14 = Ventilation
- 15 = GPWS (Ground Proximity Warning System)
- 16 = Emergency Flight Control System
- **17 = ADIRS**
- 18 = STEEP APPR. Button (A318 only)

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2.3 FMGC - MCDU - Multifunction Control and Display Unit



Picture 19: MCDU (SHIFT+2)

- 1 = Display
- 2 = LSK 1-6L = Line Select Key 1-6 left
- 3 = LSK 1-6R = Line Select Key 1-6 right
- 4 = Scratch pad
- 5 = Page keys
- 6 = Keyboard (numeric)
- 7 = Keyboard (alphabetic)
- 8 = Switch for input via PC keyboard

2.4 ECAM (Electronic Centralized Aircraft Monitoring)



Picture 20: ECAM (F10)

- 1 = ECAM (Electronic Centralized Aircraft Monitoring)
- 2 = Gear
- 3 = MCDU Multifunction Control and Display Unit left and right
- 4 = Dimmer for Upper and Lower ECAM Display
- 5 = ECAM Panel
- 6 = CPDLC = Controller Pilot Data Link Communication system

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2.5 Pedestal



Picture 21: Pedestal (F11)

- 1 = Radio
- 2 = Audio
- 3 = Cockpit Panel Light
- 4 = Pitch Trim and Thrust Levers
- 5 = Engine Mode and Master
- 6 = Spoiler / Speed Brakes Lever
- 7 = Parking Brakes
- 8 = Flaps Lever
- 9 = Transponder
- 10 = TCAS Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System
- 11 = WXR Panel

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3. General Information / Tips:

3.1 Additional Information:

Users who want to get full and accurate information on this very complex product, its systems and function will find a lot of information in the various manuals which you will find in the main FSX-folder under Aerosoft/Airbus A318_A319/Documentation or Aerosoft/Airbus A320_A321/Documentation.

3.2 Pictures:

The following description of the tutorial flight and its steps refers to the previously mentioned pictures and terms so that it is easier to find the knobs, switches and buttons.

3.3 Procedure- and Checklist:

Based on the original Airbus A320 CFM procedure- and checklist, an in content and sequence modified procedure- and check list has been prepared for the Aerosoft Airbus A318/319/320 and 321. These lists are part of and used in this tutorial as well as in the checklist function (please see chapter 4.7 and chapter 5.1 for details).

3.4 Using the Switches and Knobs, and changing values

To switch a button, knob or switch to ON, please use the left mouse button – whereas to switch it to OFF please use the right mouse button. To change a "switch setting" or "values" just use the mouse wheel

Switch setting: to the right = forward / to the left = backwards
 Value: increase = forward / decrease = backwards

3.5 Saving a certain flight and aircraft state

After installation of SP3 it is now possible to save a complete flight (situation and aircraft state – including all MCDU2 settings) just with one click. Just use the FS-menu function to save the complete flight. It is not necessary anymore to save the aircraft state separately and therefore this MCDU2 menu option has been deleted.

When saving a certain "flight" with "state" and the checklist-/ copilot function is set to ON, one checklist must have been completely finished and the next one should be available. This means e.g. you can save a state "ENGINE START" after the "BEFORE PUSHBACK AND START" checklist has been finished. So as a good "point" for saving a flight we recommend are the above mentioned states or BEFORE TAKEOFF, DURING CLIMB, AT CRUISE LEVEL, BEFORE T/D, BEFORE TRANS ALT or BEFORE 10.000 feet (which one ever comes first). But also make sure that a certain FMA state is completely reached e. g. the FMA displays not ALT* anymore but just ALT.

The saved flight can be loaded only from within FSX (not possible from the Free Flight Menu) whereas in Prepar3D you can already use the Training Scenario Setup to load the saved flight.

After the flight has been completely loaded (takes some time based on your system) just move the thrust levers into the right position. On the INFOBAR the following message p. e. during CLIMB will be displayed:

Set Thrust Levers Into CLIMB Position and Wait

This means on the FMA: THR CLB, SPEED or THR IDLE should be displayed after adjusting the thrust levers...

Saved flights can be completely deleted using the FS-option. But this is only valid for those files which are saved in User\Own Documents\Flight Simulator X Files or \Prepar3D v2 Files. The MCDU settings file which is automatically saved in User\Own Documents\Aerosoft\Airbus has to be manually deleted.

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3.6 Saving flight plans

The Aerosoft Airbus A318/319/320/321 defaults to the realistic company route format e. g. flight plans (except departure runway, SID, arrival runway and STAR / TRANS) can be saved and loaded. After entering the complete flight plan into the MCDU change to MCDU Menu and select a name for that flight plan like LOWILFMN01. The save will be confirmed (folder: C:\User\Your Name\Own Documents\Aerosoft\ Airbus\FlightPlans).

If you want to use this flight plan just enter the given name into the scratchpad on the INIT A page and then press LSK1L (CO RTE = Company Route). The other way is (if you do not know the exact name) just enter the departure / destination airport (like LOWI/LFMN with LSK1R) and on the next page all saved company routes for this departure / destination airport are displayed. Using the respective LSK?L you can select the wanted route.

But if you prefer to save your company routes with runways and SID/STAR as well as TRANS use the

- Aerosoft. AirbusX.A318_19.Configurator (FSX Main Folder\Aerosoft\Airbus A318_A319)
- AirbusX.A320_21.Configurator (FSX Main Folder\Aerosoft\Airbus A320_A321)

to make you preferred settings.

3.7 Sound (background)

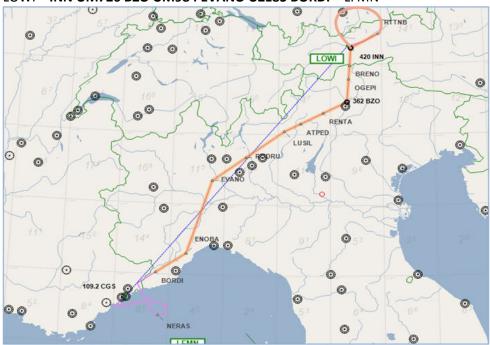
Using the right MCDU pages "MCDU2 MENU" and "SOUND" there are three background sounds available CABIN CREW, FLIGHT CREW and ATC. To use these sounds just click on the respective LSK and the description changes to green = ON.

3.8 Tutorial Flight with Aerosoft A319 CFM:

Even that this tutorial flight is originally written for the A319 it can also be used for flights with other models because the layout of all planes is identical. Only certain data like fuel and payload as well as performance and speed data may vary.

The flight goes from Innsbruck/Austria (ID: LOWI) to Nice/France (ID: LFMN) and the following original flight plan will be used:

LOWI - INN UM726 BZO UM984 EVANO UZ185 BORDI - LFMN



Picture 22: Flightpath Innsbruck (LOWI) to Nice (LFMN)

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It is a "real" one also used by commercial airlines. The terminology of the above flight plan is as follows: We are flying from Innsbruck (LOWI) to the first waypoint INN and then using the airway UM726 until the waypoint BZO. From there we are using the airway UM984 to EVANO and then the airway UZ185 to BORDI. From BORDI we are then flying to NICE (LFMN).

If you want to use such as the aforementioned "real" flight plan for further flights, those plans are available on various websites – e.g. http://www.edi-gla.co.uk/fpl/search.php. To find aeronautical charts a very good choice might be also www.skyvector.com.

To reach our first waypoint (INN) from Innsbruck (LOWI) we have to use a SID = RTT2J (Standard Instrument Departure). From all big airports there are such SIDs available depending on the takeoff-runway and first waypoint of the flight plan. The same is valid for our arrival in Nice (LFMN). There are various STARs (Standard Arrival Routes) as well as TRANS (Transitions) from the last STAR waypoint to the Final Approach Point - FAP in case of an ILS, or to the Final Approach Fix - FAF, in case of a Non Precision Approach available. FAP/FAF is the point where the instrument approach begins which is NI122 in this tutorial. The selection of the STAR / TRANS or VIA depends on the last waypoint of the flight plan (BORDI) and the landing runway (STAR = BORD6C and TRANS = NERAS).

How to enter this flightplan into the MCDU is explained in chapter 5.4. There are tools like FS Commander, EFB or PFPX available which you can use to prepare a flightplan and those tools also offer an export function of flightplans to the Aerosoft Airbus A 318/319. But currently only flightplans created with FS Commander and EFB are exported including runways, SID, STAR and TRANS/VIA. Those tools fully support the Aerosoft Airbus A318/319/320/321 flightplan functionality.

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4. Flight Preparation:

4.1 Fuel and Payload Planning:

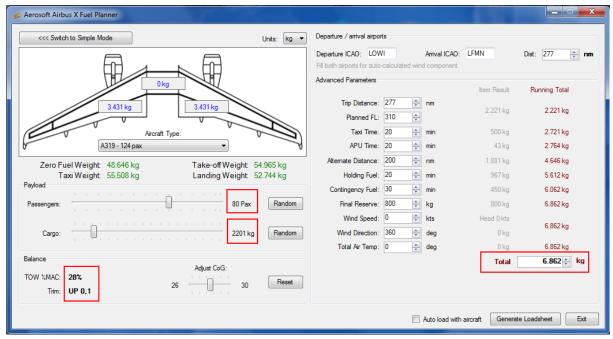
A planner for passengers, cargo and fuel is included in this package. After installation you should find the respective icon on your desktop (the installer will have added a shortcut on your desktop but you can also find the program in your FSX Main Folder under Aerosoft\Airbus_Fallback\Aerosoft.AirbusX.FuelPlanner.exe. Please start the Fuel- and Payload-Planner and it will open in "Simple Mode". The following assumptions are used in "Simple Mode":

• FL: 380

Taxi time: 20 min
APU time: 20 min
Alt dist: 200 nm
Holding time: 20 min
Contingency time: 30 min

and no wind or temperature factor. If any of these values differs a considerable amount from your planned flight, then "Advanced Mode" should be used to alter the value. Because we will use for our tutorial flight a FL of 31.000 please change to the "Advanced Mode".

- Set the "UNIT" = Kg
- Please select in "Aircraft Type" = A319
- Set the passenger load to app. 80 Pax
- Set the cargo load to app. 2.000 kg
- Enter LOWI for "departure" and LFMN for "arrival"



Picture 23: Airbus A318/319/320/321 Fuel Planner (advanced planning mode)

Please check if all of the "Weight" values are shown in "green" e. g. are within the limits for the Airbus.

If "Auto load with aircraft" is ticked and "Generate Loadsheet" is pushed afterwards those settings automatically will be loaded to the A318/319/320 or 321 if the plane itself is loaded in FSX. But if you want to do the loading manually by yourself, then just untick "Autoload with aircraft" and only push "Generate

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Loadsheet" (details for this functions please see chapter 4.7). Please also note that there might be small differences between the values the "Fuel- and Payload-Planner" and FSX is stating after loading.

A319:	
Empty weight	39.725 kg
Payload	8.921 kg
Zero Fuel Weight	48.646 kg
Fuel	6.862 kg
Gross Weight	55.508 kg

A320:	
Empty weight	41.243 kg
Payload	8.921 kg
Zero Fuel Weight	50.164 kg
Fuel	7.615 kg
Gross Weight	57.779 kg

Picture 24: Total weight settings in Load-Manager

Please use the Aerosoft Airbus A318/319/320/321 Fuel- and Payload Planner only, not FSX to load the aircraft. This is because the method of filling the tanks is different and the Aerosoft Planner is adjusted to Airbus methodology.

4.2 Calculation of Takeoff Performance Data:

For programming the MCDU certain Takeoff Performance Data (ZFWCG, FLEX and THS, V1, VR and V2) are required. In the original Airbus MCDU those data have to be manually entered by the crew during flight preparation (based on various loading- and calculation sheets). In the Aerosoft Airbus A318/319/320/321 this data is automatically calculated by the MCDU and displayed in the respective fields. Please note that V1, VR and V2 can only be calculated after the takeoff flaps setting is entered into the MCDU.

If you want to use a more "sophisticated" way you have to calculate and manually enter those values yourself. There are various tools available to calculate the takeoff performance data. One is the easy to use freeware tool called TPC written by Roland Wukovits.

4.3 MCDU 2 MENU - ACFT STATE – Aircraft State Menu





Picture 25: Aircraft State Menu

To use the CHECKLIST and the COPILOT function it is necessary to load one of the menu – states. You access this menu via the MCDU 2 Main Menu by selecting ACFT STATE. Please load **COLD DARK STATE** and the aircraft is configured as you would find it on the first flight of the day, all systems are off.

After setting the aircraft to "COLD DARK STATE" also the screen for the MCDU 2 is dark (because of no power). To power the plane up (as well as the MCDU 2 screen):

- Overhead Panel [F12] switch both batteries to ON section 4 (chapter 2.2)
- Overhead Panel [F12] switch External Power to ON section 6 (chapter 2.2)

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To power up the various screens (PFD, ND, upper and lower ECAM) please switch on the respective panel lights (Glareshield #8 and ECAM #4) as well as if necessary the "night" illumination using Pedestal #3.

It is possible every time an Aerosoft Airbus A318/319/320/321 is loaded that it is loaded already in a certain state e.g. if you want the plane always to be loaded as COLD DARK, please use the option DEF (LSK 1R). If the option is selected DEF will be marked in "green" (please see the picture above). To deselect the option just press LSK 5 R.

If you are loading the TAXI or TAKEOFF states please are aware that the engines are already running with a little bit of thrust i.e. app. 19-22 N1. This might be enough to make the plane already moving slowly. To program the MCDU when TAXI or TAKEOFF is selected, therefore in those states the parking brakes are set. Also using these aircraft states please first program the MCDU and set the Checklist- and Copilot function afterwards to ON.

After Installation of SP3 it is not possible anymore to save / load a defined "USER STATE" (please see chapter 3.5).

4.4 ACFT DORS – Aircraft Doors Menu



Picture 26: Aircraft Doors Menu

You access this menu via the MCDU 2 Main Menu by selecting ACFT DOORS. The DOORS option allows you to open the doors and cargo hatches. If a door is open the specific door is marked in "red" and the situation highlighted in "green". To close / open a door just click on the specific LSK (line select key) in our case to close the FRONT LEFT door just use LSK 1 L. Check if the FRONT LEFT door is at least opened (should be opened automatically if you previously loaded the ACFT STATE "COLD DARK"). If you wish you can open the other doors.

Closing left side passenger doors as well as cargo doors are blocked when pax boarding and cargo loading (MCDU2 LOAD/FUEL menu) is ongoing. Doors can be closed only if pax boarding and cargo loading (MCDU2 LOAD/FUEL menu – PAX/FREIGHT/FUEL = are green).

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4.5 GROUND SERVICES – Ground Services Menu



Picture 27: Ground Services

You access the menu via the MCDU 2 Main Menu by selecting GROUNDSERVICES. The menu is available only if the Wheel Chocks are SET or if the Parking Brake is ON (e. g. the aircraft now can park without Parking Brakes set to ON).

The various options are only available if the following conditions are met:

CHOCKS: Parking Brake is set to ONCONES: Only if CHOCKS are SET

EXT POWER: Parking Brake is ON or Chocks are SET

The Ground Services menu allows you to select various options. If an option is used the specific option is marked in "orange" and the situation highlighted in "green". To select an option just click on the specific LSK (line select key) in our case to disconnect the EXT POWER GPU just use LSK 3 L. Check if the EXTERNAL POWER GPU is at least available (should be available if you previously loaded the ACFT STATE "COLD DARK"). You may select the other options as you wish.

4.6 OPTIONS – Options Menu



Picture 28: Options Menu

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4.6.1 OPTIONS - SOUND



Picture 29: Sounds Configuration Menu

CABIN CREW

Background sounds by the purser like "Captain, all passengers are on board and the cabin is secured"

FLIGHT CREW

Background sounds by the flight crew like browsing in manuals, sneezing etc.

ATC

Background sounds from Air Traffic Controllers – instructions to other planes. There are 5 different channels integrated (Ground, Tower, Departure, Center and Approach) playing according to the flight status.

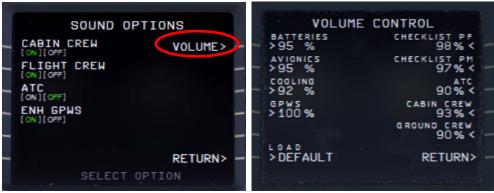
Those options can be selected by clicking on the relevant left "LSK - Line Selection Key". The relevant situation (ON or OFF) is highlighted in "green".

ENH GPWS – Enhanced Ground Proximity Warning System

If "ENH GPWS" is switched to ON the following sounds – callouts will be played:

- "2500"
- "1000"
- "500"
- "300"
- "70"
- "60"
- "10"
- "5"
- "RETARD" on autoland = at 10 ft RA (sequence "20" "RETARD" "5") and on manual landing at 20 ft RA (sequence "RETARD" "10" "5")
- "100 Above" (100 feet above DH)

VOLUME



Picture 30: Volume Configuration Menu

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Various sound volumes can be adjusted as required. Just enter the required value into the scratchpad and push the appropriate LSK. To set all values back to the original values please use "DEFAULT".

4.6.2 OPTIONS - VIEWS



Picture 31: View Configuration Menu

VIEW SYSTEM

The VIEW OPTION can be completely disabled so that there are no interferences for users who use TrackIR and EZDOC.

PANEL BAR

There is also a Panelbar (can be customized using the right MCDU – MCDU MENU – OPTIONS - VIEWS) integrated in this version of Airbus A318/319/320/321. Those options can be selected by clicking on the second left "LSK - Line Selection Key". If selected the ON respectively OFF is highlighted in "green".

There are two different types of panel views available: The VC- and the 2D-mode and each with day and night views (nights views are automatically used depending on FSX "current time" setting).

VIEW MODE = VC (Virtual Cockpit Views)

16 views with pictures (day and night versions)



Picture 32: VC Panel Bar (day and night version)

The VC-mode bar can be closed or opened again clicking on the "grey" triangle left and right on the bar. The views 11 to 17 can be accessed using the mouse wheel. To access the ADIRS view just select the Overhead view and then use the right mouse button.

VIEW MODE = 2D (Two Dimensional Cockpit Views)

11 views with pictures (day and night versions)



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Picture 33: 2D Panel Bar (day and night version)

The 2D-mode bar can be closed or opened again by clicking on the "grey" triangle on the left of the bar. The views 8 to 12 can be accessed using the mouse wheel. To access the upper overhead panel and ADIRS view just select the overhead view and then use the right mouse button.

POSITION (VERTICAL or HORIZONTAL)

The bar can be either displayed horizontal or vertical on the left upper corner of the screen.



VERTICAL

Picture 34: Vertical Panel Bar



HORIZONTAL

Picture 35: Horizontal Panel Bar

WINGVIEW BAR

The bar can be either displayed horizontal or vertical on the right upper corner of the screen. There are in total 10 different views available (1 to 6 please see below). The views 7 to 10 can be accessed by going with the mouse to the respective view then using the mouse wheel and clicking on it.



Picture 36: Wing View Bar

The bar can be closed or opened again by clicking on the "grey" triangle left and right on the bar.

SIM VER (FS-Simulator Version used)

Because in P3D the MENU BAR is not as transparent as in FSX in P3D the INFOBAR is displayed below the MENU BAR. So if you use P3D please change the settings here.

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4.6.3 OPTIONS - CHECKLIST



Picture 37: Checklists Configuration Menu

CHECKLIST

Also an automatic checklist (with sound) is included in this Airbus A318/319/320/321 version. This option can be selected by clicking on the first left "LSK - Line Selection Key". If selected ON respectively OFF is highlighted in "green". The detailed checklist items you will find in chapter 5.2. etc. (marked in "green").

But before setting the status to ON an original Aerosoft Airbus A318/319/320/321 panel or a user state should be loaded, so that the system starts with right equivalent checklist state. In our case this should already have been done e. g. the aircraft is already set to "COLD DARK".

The checklists are connected to the used aircraft state e. g. if the "Taxi State" is chosen (MCDU MENU – ACFT STATE) then after setting picture 4 LSK1L to "ON" the systems starts with the "Taxiing Checklist". This is also valid for saved user states if those are saved after a checklist has been finished.

If a checklist item is constantly repeated it means that the Airbus item setting is not correct and cannot be handled by the copilot (if this function is used). Then please correct the settings manually and the checklist sequence will automatically be continued.

For our tutorial flight we will use the CHECKLIST function so please set it to ON (= green)

COPILOT

If the automatic checklist function is set to ON a copilot function (handling all actions performed by the PM – PILOT MONITORING) becomes available. This option can be selected by clicking on the first right "LSK - Line Selection Key". If selected ON respectively OFF is highlighted in "green". It also can be switched ON and OFF using "2" from the keyboard – but not if the ACFT DOORS MENU page is active.

There are 2 different possibilities / combinations possible to use the "Checklist" and "Copilot" option or just the "Checklist" option only.

- If only "Checklist" is chosen then the duties of the copilot have to be handled manually by the user. In this case the Copilot just reads the checklist items and waits until the correct settings are made before passing on to the next item. If settings are not made or are not correct the item is constantly repeated. Certain items can also be skipped by using the SKIP ITEM function (see chapter 4.8).
- If the combination is chosen then the "Copilot" works timely aligned with the checklist i.e. performs his duties when the task should be done according to the checklist. Only certain items have to be handled manually by the user (in the checklist marked in "red").

The detailed tasks performed by the Copilot you will find in chapter 5.2. etc. (marked in "yellow").

For our tutorial flight we will use the COPILOT function so please set it to ON (= green).

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In case you want to use the Checklist- and Copilot function with TAXI and TAKEOFF states then please first program the MCDU and set the Checklist- and Copilot function afterwards to ON.

INFOBAR

If "CHECKLIST" is set to ON this option becomes available. And if "INFOBAR" is activated on top of the screen an info bar is displayed. This bar displays (based on the complete procedure list according to chapter 5.) the next manually to be set action.

MCDU: START CHECKLIST OR USE KEY '1'

Picture 38: Info bar

This information appears after you loaded the ACFT STATE "COLD DARK" and the checklist- as well as the copilot function has been set to ON. "MCDU: START CHECKLIST OR USE KEY '1' means you can start the "Cockpit Preparation Checklist" by clicking on the specific checklist in the menu or just press [1] on your PC-keyboard.

In such cases the content of the infobar also contains a hint which keypad key alternatively can be used to start the relevant checklist.

- Start "COCKPIT PREPARATION CL" using "1"
- Start "ENGINE START WITH PUSHBACK CL" using "1"
- Start "ENGINE START CL" using "2"

As we will use the CHECKLIST and COPILOT function for our tutorial flight you should set the INFOBAR to ON (= green).

HOTKEY

For certain selections or commands of the checklist- and copilot function we use the "1" and "2" from the keyboard. E.g. you can start the "Cockpit Preparation" checklist just using "1" instead of starting it from the right MCDU. But for certain other programs this might be a problem because those keys are already used for other function. If you are running such programs like EZDOC then please set the function to OFF. In this case if you want to start a checklist you always have to start it from the checklist menu.

AES/GSX PUSH

AES or GSX are separate programs and are not included in the Aerosoft Airbus package e. g. they have to be bought separately. If those programs are not installed then set the option to NO.

The Aerosoft Airbus A318/319/320/321 does not automatically detect an airport where AES can be used. If the AES / GSX pushback function should be used it is necessary to set this function to YES. Then during pushback the conversation between PF (pilot flying) and Ground is aligned, the AES / GSX pushback function will be used as well as the checklist and copilot function to start the engines.

If only the AES / GSX clearance procedure but no pushback shall be used, leave this function to NO. Then after the AES / GSX procedure has been finished the checklist "ENGINE START [2]" has to be used and started.

APP SPEED LIMITER – (only available if COPILOT is set to ON)

If selected the copilot checks the speed limit of 250 knots (below 10.000 feet) and if this limit is exceeded, the copilot automatically (using the speed brakes) reduces the speed to 250 knots. This function works without any calls and in "Managed" as well as in "Selected" speed mode.

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250 Knots LIMITER

If selected the copilot checks the speed limit of 250 knots (below 10.000 feet) and if this limit is exceeded, the copilot gives a warning. No action is taken automatically.

4.6.4 OPTIONS – FLIGHT DATA RECORDER



Picture 39: Flight Data Recorder

Using this menu it is possible to switch ON and OFF the Flight Data Recorder e. g. if set to ON the flight data will be automatically "recorded". To see this recorded data please open the AS-Flightrecorder. The system is saved in the FSX Main Folder under Aerosoft \ Flight Recorder \ AS-FlightRecorderManager.exe. After starting the recorder the following main screen opens showing all saved flight records.



Picture 40: Flight Data Recorder Menu



Picture 41: Flight Data Recorder - Details -

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More details on the Flight Data Recorder (DFDR) you will find in the documentation Volume 4 "Systems" section "Indicating / Recording systems" e.g. that the data can also be exported to GOOGLE EARTH (result please see below)



Picture 42: Flight Data Recorder - Result in Google Earth -

4.6.5 OPTIONS - FLIGHT



Picture 43: Flight Options

PAUSE AT

Using this menu it is possible to switch ON and OFF 2 different options to pause the FSX during a flight

- PAUSE AT T/D (app. 20 miles before T/D so that the DESCENT PREPARATION checklist can be completed before the descent really starts). FMA mode must be ALT CRZ or ALT CSTR
- At next waypoint

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4.6.6 OPTIONS - AIRCRAFT



Picture 44: Aircraft Options

FLY BY WIRE

Using this menu option it is possible to switch ON and OFF the "FLY BY WIRE" function – OFF maybe necessary for certain video recordings.

ACFT THRUST BUMP

This menu option (set to ON) enables an "unrealistic feature" where users can get additional thrust for takeoff p. e. for "high" airports, at hot temperatures or short runways.

TILLER

The Tiller option allows you to de-activate the use of a standard Throttle 3 axis to control the tiller. On some machines this axis is not available or already in use then set this option to OFF.

AUTO RUDDER

Setting Auto rudder in your FSX settings to ON you also need to set this in the right MCDU to ON. It disables the Airbus A318/319/320/321 fly by wire function on the ground. This makes steering the Airbus A318/319/320/321 on the ground possible without using rudder pedals or a joystick with a rudder.

If this function here is set to ON then there will be no "rudder check" during the "After Engine Start" checklist.

4.7 Load / Fuel



Picture 45: Load/Fuel Options

Conditions to use these functions (except LOAD INSTANT) are:

- All Load Requests: Engines = off and parking brakes or chocks are set
- Pax boarding: Front or aft door is open
- Cargo: Both cargo doors are open

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Init Loadsheet

Please push LSK6L and the data from the Fuelplanner Loadsheet (see chapter 4.1 for details) are automatically loaded into the menu – **but not into the plane** (details you will find in the following paragraph "Load Process"). But it is also possible to enter the data for PAX, CARGO and FUEL manually (within the limits according to the model used –) please see table below:

		A318	A319	A320	A321
Max. Passengers (Standard)	No.	107	124	150	186
Max. Passengers (Special)	No.	132	156	180	220
Max. Cargo Weight	KG	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
Max. Fuel Weight	KG	19.15	19.15	19.15	19.15
Empty Weight	KG	39.50	40.80	41.24	46.85
Max. TOW	KG	68.00	75.50	77.40	89.00

If using the special seat configuration the pax weight should be adjusted accordingly. The defined weight per passenger can be changed (SETUP = LSK5R) only in case of manual input – modifications are saved for future flights. If the Fuelplanner Loadsheet data are used the weight is fixed with 84 kg/pax.



Picture 46: Load/Fuel Menu after INIT LOADSHEET

Load Process

If the loading process can be started the respective item is marked in "orange". There are two ways to load pax, cargo and fuel to the plane. INSTANT = Just push LSK4R and pax, cargo and fuel are immediately loaded whereas using LSK1-3R the loading process takes some time like in the real world. The loading progress can be checked by looking at the ACT values. During the loading process the respective items are flashing in "green" and if loading is completed the flashing stops.

Using the TAXI or TAKEOFF aircraft state it is only possible to use LOAD INSTANT (if the parking brakes are set). But for the 319 IAE also using LOAD INSTANT it is not possible to "load" fuel (due to FF custom fuel flow simulation) if engines are running.

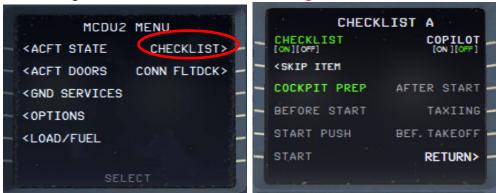
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Picture 47: Load/Fuel Menu after loading completed

4.8 Checklist

The following Checklist Menu can be accessed via right MCDU – MCDU2 MENU.



Picture 48: Checklists Menu (page A)

This menu shows all available checklists and contains the following function:

- The COCKPIT PREP checklist should be started (if blinking in orange) by clicking on the respective line selection key = LSK3L. If it is marked in green (as on the picture above) it means it is already active.
- Additionally a solution to skip a checklist item (if the copilot is not used) has been implemented (MCDU CHECKLIST PAGE A LSK2L). The "white" message "SKIP ITEM" appears in future if there is a user action necessary. If you do not know what to do or how to handle the item and you want to skip this checklist item please just press LSK2L and the checklist jumps to the next item. But this facility is not available during the APPROACH CL for flaps setting as well as during the complete FINAL CL because it would make no sense.
- Normally a call = checklist item is repeated various times until the right settings are made by the user. But for "Barometric Check", "Go-around-Altitude" and "Landing Memo" the call is repeated just three times and then the checklist automatically jumps to the next item.
- The blinking "info line" at the bottom of the screen shows what has to be done next and is identical with the text of the info-bar (please see chapter 4.6.3 for details).
- In such cases e. g. the checklist has to be started from the MCDU MENU CHECKLIST the content of the infobar also contains a hint which keypad key alternatively can be used to start the relevant checklist.
 - Start "COCKPIT PREPARATION CL" using "1"
 - Start "ENGINE START WITH PUSHBACK CL" using "1"
 - Start "ENGINE START CL" using "2"
- The checklist menu has two pages (A and B). To toggle between the two pages just push the MCDU arrow buttons showing left or right.

The following checklists are available and linked to the chosen Aerosoft standard ACFT STATE e. g. not to any saved user state.

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- Cockpit Preparation
- Before Start
- Start with Pushback or Start (w/O pushback)
- After Start
- Taxiing
- Before Takeoff
- Takeoff
- After Takeoff

- Climb
- Cruise
- Descent Preparation
- Descent
- Approach
- Final Landing
- After Landing
- Parking

The detailed content of the checklists you will find in chapter 5.1 etc. (marked in "green").

4.9 Connected Flight Deck

The following Connected Flight Deck Menu can be accessed via right MCDU – MCDU2 MENU.



Picture 49: Connected Flight Deck Menu

The feature will make it possible for to people to connect to each other and act as Captain and FO's (Or PF and PM). Details to this feature you will find in Vol 1 in chapter "Connected Flight Deck".

CONNECTION TYPE

For the CFD to work, one of the users must be a master and the other a slave. This connection type must be selected before turning connection on. The master has to start to initiate the connection and only there after the slave can initiate his.

CONNECTION

Turning on will initiate connection, after turning on, turning it off have no effect.

SYNC DISPLAYS

With this option it is possible to synchronize the displays (ND range/mode etc and partially synchronized altimeters) but with certain limitations.

SYNC ND OVERLAYS

With this option it is possible to synchronize terrain on ND and the weather radar panel, but not to synchronize the weather itself.

4.10 Voice packs for PF and PM

For the checklists there are various voice packs for the Pilot Flying as well as the Pilot Monitoring available (Standard, British, French, German and US). Those voice packs you want to use for your flight can be selected

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using the Aerosoft Airbus A318/319/320/321 Configurator. More information on this you will find in the Vol1 InFSX document.

4.11 Saving all MCDU 2 settings

All in the MCDU2 made settings (except the use of the CHECKLIST- and the COPILOT-function) are saved e. g. next time an Aerosoft Airbus A318/319/320/321 is loaded again you will start with all the settings from the previous flight.

4.12 RAAS – Runway Awareness and Advisory System

Please see Vol 1 - InFSX EN (page 8) for details on this system. To adjust the RAAS settings with your FSX scenery settings we recommend using Peter Dawson "MakeRwys.exe".

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5. Tutorial Flight / Checklist and Procedures:

5.1 Basic Information - Setup

This tutorial flight describes all the phases of a flight from Innsbruck to Nice, from the "COLD DARK" situation in Innsbruck to the landing at Nice, parking and securing the aircraft.

During the tutorial flight we are using the Aerosoft A318/319/320/321 procedure- and checklist which is based on an original from Airbus. This list consists of a "running number" to identify the action to be performed and in which panel, sub-panel the necessary knobs, switches and buttons can be found. The various panels available and their terms are explained in chapter 2. If additional explanations for the actions are necessary the row is marked in light yellow and the explanations can be found below the respective procedure- and checklist using the "running number" as a reference.

Again using this tutorial the cockpit should be "COLD DARK". After switching the batteries 1 +2 to ON it should look like in Picture 76. If there are still some lights ON switch off all those lights on the Overhead Panel. Another option (which is necessary to use the Checklist- and Copilot function) is to load the plane and then go to the right MCDU view, MCDU MENU / ACFT STATE and select "COLD DARK" state.

After setting the aircraft to "COLD DARK" also the screen for the MCDU 2 is dark (because of no power). To power the plane up (as well as the MCDU 2 screen):

- Overhead Panel [F12] switch both batteries to ON section 4 (chapter 2.2)
- Overhead Panel [F12] switch External Power to ON section 6 (chapter 2.2)

To power up the various screen (PFD, ND, upper and lower ECAM) please switch on the respective panel lights (Glareshield #8 and ECAM #4) as well as if necessary the "night" illumination using Pedestal #3.

Also the "CHECKLIST" and "COPILOT" function should already have been set to ON (=green). Please see chapter 4.7. Also certain "limiters" (for approach speed and 250 knots) are included in the copilot (PM) function please see chapter 4.6 for details.

The different colors used in the following lists symbolize and explain the function:

Det	ailed description available – please see below -				
		Not supported by "Checklist" or "Copilot" function			
Sta	rting Conditions for Checklist	Starting Conditions for Checklist			
1	Checklist – Check only	Checklist item	Copilot (announcem./ check)		Ground announcement
2	Checklist / Copilot – Action done by Copilot -	Checklist item	Copilot (action)	CoP	(if option "Copilot" is selected)
3	Checklist / Copilot - Action to be done "manually" -	Checklist item	User (action) - necessary		
4	Checklist / Copilot - Action to be done "manually" -	Checklist item	User (action)		

Now start this tutorial with the "Basic Preparation Procedure" as described in chapter 5.2.

5.2 Basic Preparation Procedure (aircraft in COLD DARK state)

BASI	BASIC PREPARATION PROCEDURE							
NO.		PANEL ACTION		REMARK				
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	REIVIARR		
1	FUEL PLANNER	ADV. METH.		PAX-, CARGO- and FUEL LOAD	SET and GEN. LOADSHEET	Please see chapter 4.1 for details		
2	MCDU R	MAIN MENU	ACFT STATE	COLD DARK = LSKL1	PUSH	Should already been done		
3	OVERHEAD	ELEC	3	BAT 1 + 2 (Batteries)	ON (BOTH)	Should already been done		
4	OVERHEAD	ELEC	3	EXT POWER	ON			
5	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	EXT. LIGHTS (= Nav Lights)	ON			
6	MAIN PANEL	PFD LIGHT	8	SWITCH	ON			
7	MAIN PANEL	ND LIGHT	8	SWITCH	ON			
8	ECAM	ECAM LIGHTS	4	SWITCH UPPER and LOWER	ON			
9	PEDESTAL	INT. LIGHT	3	OVHD INTEG LT	ON			
10	MCDU R	OPTIONS	SOUND	Cabin & Flight Crew, ATC	[ON] or [OFF]	As required – Color switches to green		
11	MCDU R	OPTIONS	VIEWS	Panel & Wing View Bars and others	[ON] or [OFF]	As required – Color switches to green		

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12	MCDU R	OPTIONS	CHECKLISTS	CHECKL and COPILOT	ON (BOTH)	
13	MCDU R	OPTIONS	CHECKLISTS	INFOBAR	ON	
14	MCDU R	OPTIONS	CHECKLISTS	Various LIMITERS (APP & 250 KNOTS) & ILS	[ON] or [OFF]	As required – Color switches to green
15	MCDU R	OPTIONS	CHECKLISTS	AES	[ON] or [OFF]	As required – Color switches to green
16	MCDU R	LOAD/FUEL		INIT LOADSHEET or manually enter data		
16	MCDU R	LOAD/FUEL		LOAD to PLANE		LOAD INSTANT or separately

- 9. **Cockpit Lights:** Because sometimes the panels are quite dark depending on the position of the sun please switch the cockpit light to BRT.
- 16. Load to Plane: Conditions to use these functions (except LOAD INSTANT) are:
 - All Load Requests: Engines = off and parking brakes or chocks are set
 - Pax boarding: Front or aft door is open
 - Cargo: Both cargo doors are open

For details please see chapter 4.7

5.3 Cockpit Preparation

	pit Prepa							
COCK	PIT PREPARA	ATION						
NO	PANEL			ACTION				
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING) T		TA	REMARK
17	MCDU	MAIN MENU	CHECKLIST	A = PUSH LSK3L	PUSH			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected
18	OVERHEAD	ELEC	3	BAT 1 + 2 (Batteries)	CHECK ON (BOTH)	Сор		
19	OVERHEAD	ELEC	6	EXT PWR (External Power)	ON	CoP		(if available – see MCDU MENU / DOORS)
20	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	NAV. LIGHTS	CHECK ON	СоР		
21	PEDESTAL	ENG	5	ENG MASTER 1 + 2	CHECK OFF	СоР	TA	
22	PEDESTAL	ENG	5	ENG MODE SEL	CHECK NORM	СоР	TA	
23	ECAM	LAND GEAR	2	LANDING GEAR LEVER	CHECK DOWN	СоР		
24	PEDESTAL	P. BRAKE	7	PARKING BRAKE	CHECKED = OFF	СоР	TA	
25	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS LEVER	CHECK POSITION = 0	СоР		
26	PEDESTAL	SP. BRAKE	6	SPEED BREAK LEVER	CHECK RETR. / DISARMED	СоР		
27	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	THRUST LEVERS	CHECK IDLE		TA	
28	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	TRANSPONDER MODE	CHECKED STANDBY			
29	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	RADIO CONTROL PANEL	ON	СоР		
30	ECAM	ECAM	5	ECAM RECALL (RCL) BUTTON	PRESS	СоР	TA	
31	MAIN PANEL	ANTI SKID	10	ANTI SKID	CHECK ON	СоР	TA	
32	MAIN PANEL	EFIS	3	FLIGHT DIRECTOR	CHECK ON	СоР		
33	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	12	EMERGENCY LIGHTS	ARM	СоР	TA	
34	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	12	NO SMOKING SIGNS	ON	СоР	TA	
35	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	8	WING & ENGINE ANTI ICE	CHECK OFF	Сор		
36	OVERHEAD	PR.WI. HEAT	13	PROBE WINDOW HEAT	AUTO/OFF			
37	OVERHEAD	AIR COND.	7	HOTAIR, ENG. BLEED L+R, PACKS L+R	CHECK ON	Сор	TA	(no white signs)
38	OVERHEAD	VENTILATION	14	BLOWER, EXTRACT, CAB. FANS	CHECK ON		TA	(no white signs – INOP not animated)
39	OVERHEAD	ELECTRIC	5	ENG. GENERATOR L+R	CHECK ON = FAULT	Сор		-
40	OVERHEAD	ELETRIC	5	APU GENERATOR	CHECK ON			(only if EXT. POWER is ON)
41	OVERHEAD	FUEL	2	ALL FUEL PUMPS	PRESS	СоР	TA	OFF should disappear
42	OVERHEAD	FUEL	2	ALL FUEL PUMPS = ON	CHECK			
43	OVERHEAD	HYDRAULICS	1	ACCU BREAK PRESS: ELEC. PUMP	(ON)			See explanation
44	OVERHEAD	GPWS	15	GPWS: ALL SWITCHES	CHECK ON	Сор		(no white signs)
45	OVERHEAD	EFCS	16	EFCS: ALL SWITCHES	CHECK ON	Сор		(no white signs)
46	OVERHEAD	ADIRS	17	ADIRS (3x)	ON	СоР	TA	
47	COCKPIT	EM.EQUIPMENT		ALL EQUIPEMT AVAILABLE AND OK	CHECK ON			Checklist complete
48	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	SET FREQUENCIES	SET			If ATC is used
49	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	ATC CLEARANCE	OBTAIN			If ATC is used

In the Cockpit Preparation CL after a Turnaround only the "blue" marked actions / procedures (TA) are used.

- 17. **Start Checklist:** Alternatively you can also use "1" from the keyboard to start the checklist.
- 41. **Fuel Pumps:** If **no** external power is used in our tutorial we use external power # 19 even after switching the fuel pumps to ON the warning FAULT will remain, because they are not yet running. FAULT will automatically disappear when the engines are running up. All "white" lights should be extinguished.
- 43. **HYDR. PUMPS:** Only if accumulator pressure is below 500 PSI. The indication of the brake pressure normally remains at zero.

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- 46. ADIRS: All three switches have to be set to NAV
- 48. RADIO SET FREQUENCIES As the ATIS frequency for Innsbruck is 126.020 set the VHF1 frequency in STBY/CRS to 126.025 (using the mouse wheel you can select on the outside knob the figures from 118. to 136. and with the inside knob between .000 and .975). Then press on the green arrow to switch the previously entered value from STBY into ACTIVE. After a short period you will hear the ATIS information (weather, winds, pressure and runways in use etc.). After all necessary information has been obtained press the switch again.

AES The loaded "COLD DARK" aircraft state is with parking brakes = OFF and chocks = SET (parking brakes GSX: are normally OFF to cool down the brakes). AES since version 2.26 recognizes "chocks = SET" and does not require "parking brakes = ON" anymore. Open the AES window (CTRL+SHIFT+W) or GSX (CRTL+F12) In AES just select the option "F5 – Request Boarding now" or in GSX " 4 – Request Boarding".

5.4 FMGS / MCDU – Data Insertion

Always use the following sequence for the data insertion into the MCDU: INIT A page, F-PLN, RAD NAV, INIT B page, PERF = IFRIP.

	COCKPIT PREPARATION – FMGS/MCDU DATA INSERTION							
	PANEL			ACTIO	N			
NO.	ТҮР	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	REMARK		
50	MCDU	INIT 1		DEP and DEST AIRPORT	ENTER	LOWI/LFMN		
51	MCDU	INIT 1		ALIGN IRS	PRESS			
52	MCDU	INIT 1		FLT NBR (Flight Number)	ENTER	Par example =LH319		
53	MCDU	INIT 1		COST INDEX	ENTER	30		
54	MCDU	INIT 1		CRZ FL (Cruise Flight Level)	ENTER	=310 (31.000 feet)		
55	MCDU	F-PLAN		FLIGHTPLAN	ENTER			
56	MCDU	RAD NAV		ENTER ADF1 FREQUENCY	ENTER	RTT		
57	MCDU	INIT 2		BLOCK	ENTER	6.8		
58	MCDU	INIT 2		ZFWCG/ZFW	CHECK	25.0/49.5 – speeds and altitude are calculated		
59	MCDU	PERF-TO		FLAPS / THS	ENTER	2/		
60	MCDU	PERF-TO		FLEX TO TEMP	CHECK			
61	MCDU	PERF-TO		V1, VR and V2	CHECK	89/120/124		
62	MCDU	PERF-CLIMB		DATA	CHECK			
63	MCDU	PERF-CZR		DATA	CHECK			
64	MCDU	PERF-DES/APPR		DATA	CHECK			
65	MCDU	PERF-GO ARD		DATA	CHECK			

Open the MCDU. If the data or menu page is displayed; use the INIT button so that page INIT A opens (INIT B only can be opened if the engines are not running). The data input can either be done using the scratchpad or the PC keyboard. To use the PC keyboard please just "left" click on the grey field beside '1' on the scratchpad. The change will be confirmed "KEYBOARD INPUT ON". To change back to the MCDU scratchpad "right" click on the same spot again.

- 50. **FROM/TO:** Enter **LOWI/LFMN** into the scratchpad and then press LSK1R. You will see that another page automatically opens displaying the available company routes (LOWILFMN01). As we want to get acquainted entering a flightplan ourselves we will not use this function. So just press the respective LSK for RETURN.
- XX. ALTN: Enter LFML as an alternative airport for Nice.
- 51. **ALIGN IRS:** Please press LSK 3R to start the IRS (Inertial Reference System). Aligning the IRS will take 6 minutes and the status is displayed on the E/WD in the status section. If the IRS is aligned the PFD and ND change to the standard view.
- XX. CO RTE ALT/CO RTE: Leave CO RTE empty and ALT/CO RTE with NONE because we will currently not use this function e. g. to use a predefined flight plan from Nice to an alternative airport for it. Please see chapter 7.1and 7.2 for details on this function.
- 52. FLT NBR: Please enter the flight number using the MCDU keyboard in our case DLH319 (for Lufthansa)

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- into the scratchpad and then use LSK 3L to cut and paste the data into the field FLT NBR.
- 53. COST INDEX: The Cost Index determines the speed used for climb, cruise and descent if managed speed is used. Please enter using the MCDU keyboard a value of 30 and then use LSK 5L to cut and past the value into the field COST INDEX. The cost index for fuel and maintenance of 30 is a low time cost and medium fuel cost value (please see table below).

Table 2. A319/A321 cost index (kg/min)

TIME COST (US\$/min)	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH	
FUEL COST (US\$/USG)	< 10	10 < to < 15	> 15	
LOW	40	60	80	
< 0.7		•	•	
MEDIUM	30	45	60	
0.7 < < 0.9	30	45	60	
HIGH		40		
> 0.9	25	40	50	

Picture 50: Table Cost Index

- 54. **CRZ FL:** In our case it is 31.000 feet (so enter 310) and the outside temperature for this flight level then automatically will be calculated = -47 degrees.
- 55. **F-PLAN:** We will use the flight plan as explained in chapter 3.9 (LOWI **INN UM726 BZO UM984 EVANO UZ185 BORDI** LFMN). Please use the F-PLAN button of the left MCDU to change to the F-PLAN page.
 - Push LSK1L (next to LOWI)
 - Push LSK1L (next to DEPARTURE)
 - Select takeoff runway: In our case we will use 08
 - Select SID = RTT2J by browsing (use the button with arrow showing up) and then push the respective LSK L)
 - Insert SID into temporary flightplan = LSK6R
 - Browse (using the button with arrow showing up) to RTT and push the respective LSK L next to RTT
 - Enter INN into the scratchpad and push the respective LSK 3R next to NEXT WPT
 - Select INN = LSK1L
 - . Browse (using the button with arrow showing up or down) to INN and push the respective LSK L next to INN
 - Select AIRWAYS = LSK5R
 - Enter UM726 into the scratchpad and push LSK1L
 - Enter BZO into the scratchpad and push LSK1R
 - Enter UM984 into the scratchpad and push LSK2L
 - Enter EVANO into the scratchpad and push LSK2R
 - Enter UZ185 into the scratchpad and push LSK3L
 - Enter BORDI into the scratchpad and push LSK3R
 - nsert flightplan into temporary flightplan = LSK6R
 - Browse (using the button with the arrow showing up) until you see BORDI and F-PLAN-DISCONTINUITY
 - Push the CLR button CLR will appear on the scratchpad
 - Push the respective LSK L to F-PLAN DISCONTINUITY
 - Confirm the "yellow" TMPY page (showing the new changed F-PLAN) with INSERT (LSK6R)
 - Select LFMN = Push LSK6L
 - Select ARRIVAL = Push LSK1R
 - Select landing runway: In our case we will use ILSO4L. Browse (using the button with arrow showing up) to ILSO4L
 - Select STAR = BORD6C by browsing (use the button with arrow showing up) and push the respective LSK L)
 - Select VIA (LSK2L) = NERAS (LSK4L)
 - Enter STAR into temporary flightplan = LSK6L
 - Enter Temporary Flightplan = LSK6R
 - Browse (use the button with arrow showing up) and look lines showing F-PLAN-DISCONTINUITY
 - If there are one, push the button CLR on the scratchpad and then the LSK L beside F-PLAN-DISCONTUNUITY

The complete flightplan then should look approximately as follows (speed and flight level are the actual flight values):

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NO.	ID	NAME	VIA	DIST. (NM)	Actual	Actual	CSTR
NO.	ID	NAIVIE	VIA	to next WP	SPEED	ALT. (FT)	CSTR
1	LOWI08	INNSBRUCK	C079°	5	124	1.900	
2	INTCPT		C066°	2	250	5.700	
3	AB	ABSAMS	RTT2J	4	250	7.600	
4	(LIM)			1	250	10.000	
5	DOEJ		RTT2J	6	250	10.800	+4.800 feet
6	OEJ07		RTT2J	4	294	13.500	+6.700 feet
7	9500		RTT2J	5	294	17.300	+9.500 feet
8	RTT	RATTENBURG	RTT2J	25	294	17.300	
9	INN	INNSBRUCK	UM726	15	294	31.000	
10	T/C		UM726	0	294	31.000	
11	BRENO	BRENNER	UM726	12	294	31.000	
12	OGEPI		UM726	20	294	31.000	
13	BZO	BOLZANO	UM726	21	294	31.000	
14	RENTA		UM984	20	294	31.000	
15	ATPED		UM984	15	294	31.000	
16	LUSIL		UM984	38	294	31.000	
17	RODRU		UM984	33	294	31.000	
18	EVANO		UM984	65	294	31.000	
19	ENOBA		UZ185	21	294	31.000	
20	T/D		UZ185	8	294	31.000	
21	BORDI		BORDI237°	17	294	28.800	
22	NIZ/09		C143°	12	294	21.500	
23	MIKRU		BORD6C	21	294	16.600	
24	PIRAM		BORD6C	1	250	9.100	
25	INTCPT		C112°	7	250	8.800	
26	AZR35		35AZR	4	250	6.200	
27	NERAS		NERAS	4	250	4.000	4.000 feet
28	AZR26		NERAS	2	250	4.000	
29	INTCPT		C298°	35	250	4.000	
30	(DECEL)			3	200	4.000	
31	NIZ27		27NIZ	4	179	4.000	200 knots
32	NI17		C043°	5	179	4.000	
33	NI122		NERAS	4	179	4.000	4.000 feet
34	NI77			3	141	2.500	2.500 feet
35	NI51			5	134	1.600	1.600 feet
36	LFMN04L					0	
		Total :		448 NM			

Picture 51: Detailed Flight Plan LOWI - LFMN

Waypoints like 4 (LIM), 10 (T/C), 20 (T/D), 25 (INTCPT) and 30 (DECEL) are at this stage not yet calculated by the MCDU – will be inserted automatically after the MCDU programming is complete.

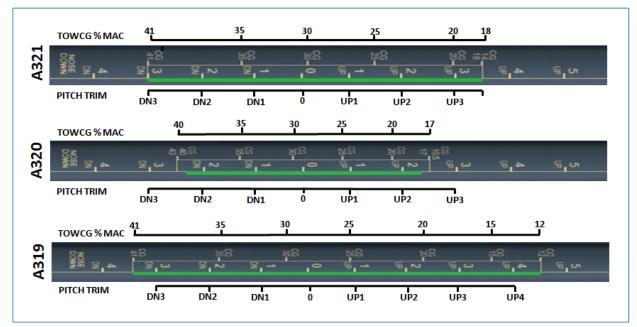
The waypoints after #36 LFMN04L are automatically inserted because in case of "landing abort" those are the next waypoints you should head to and to await new instructions by the ATC.

The flight plan itself i.e. departure airport LOWI, complete route and arrival airport LFMN (but except departure runway, SID, STAR/TRANS and arrival runway) is already previously saved as a company route. You can load it using the MCDU and the INIT A page entering into the scratchpad LOWILFMN01 and then using LSK1L. Please note that the loading will take some time because the whole navigation DB has to be searched for the respective data. If you use this option then after loading just add departure runway, SID, arrival runway and STAR/TRANS.

- 56. RAD NAV: Optional and not necessary because we are using "Managed Mode" for our flight: Enter RTT into the scratchpad and then press LSK5L. To activate ADF please go to the 2.1.5 EFIS CONTROL PANEL #7 and set the left switch to ADF.
- XX. INIT PAGE B or 2: Please press INIT and then use the button with the arrow showing right to change to the INIT page 2 (INIT page 2 or B only can be opened if the engines are not running)
- 57. BLOCK: Please enter 6.8 in the scratchpad and then press LSK 2R
- 58. **ZFWCG/ZFW:** ZFWCG and ZFW are automatically calculated and displayed. If you want to change the first value ZFWCG all you have to do is enter the new value and press the appropriate line select key, to overwrite the leftmost value. The relation / calculation between TOW, Centre of Gravity in % of the MAC (mean aerodynamic chord) and THS are content of the Load- and Fuelplanner (Advanced Mode).
- XX. PERF PAGE: Please change to the Performance Page by pressing the respective button on the MCDU.

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59. **FLAPS/THS** = Trimmable Horizontal Stabilizer: Please see below a picture showing the relation between CG and THS.



Picture 52: CG (centre of gravity)/ THS

Make the necessary load- and fuel-calculations using the Fuelplanner. For our flight this would be a value of 28 TOW %MAC (also content of the LOADSHEET) and a proposed trim of UP0.1.

As in our case we will use FLAPS 2 for the takeoff please enter "2/UP0.1" into the scratchpad and then press LSK 3R so that the value is cut and pasted into the field FLAPS/THS (if the proposed THS value is 0.0 then please enter /UP0.0). But please remember the input of those values does not mean that at the same time the real flaps- and trim setting are automatically made (only in case the Copilot- function is set to ON). Otherwise you have to set the flaps position and trim manually. The exact trimming value is displayed on the lower ECAM F/CTL page = PITCH TRIM.

- 60. FLEX TO: The value is automatically calculated and displayed based on the selected flaps setting for takeoff. If you want to change the value, just overwrite the content of this field. Because we will use Flaps 2 and the runway at LOWI is quite short no value for FLEX takeoff is automatically calculated e. g. MAN TOGA is proposed.
- XX. **ENG OUT ACC:** We leave the engine out / acceleration altitude as proposed by the MCDU (Ground level plus 1500 = 3407 Feet).
- 61. V1, V2 and VR: The values are automatically calculated and displayed. If you want to change those values, just overwrite the content of the fields. Please note that those various speeds are only calculated after FLAPS are entered (#57)
- XX. TRANS ALT: The transition altitude for Innsbruck is 11000 feet so manually enter this value.
- XX. THR RED / ACC: We leave the thrust reduction / acceleration altitude as proposed by the MCDU (Ground level plus 1500 Feet).
- XX. Performance Pages: Please also check the other PERF pages (CLB, CRZ, DES and APPR) by using LSK6R or LSK6L. Make sure all parameters are OK. Especially the Cost Index should be checked, which determines the speed used for climb, cruise and descent if managed speed is used

5.5 Cockpit Preparation – Part 2

COCK	COCKPIT PREPARATION – Part 2								
NO.		PANEL		ACTION			REMARK		
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REWARK		
66	EFIS	FD / ILS	3	Button: LS	OFF				
67	EFIS	ND MOD/RGE	5 & 6	ND mode and range	SET		Mode: ARC / Range 10		
68	EFIS	ADF/VOR	7	VOR / ADF select	AS REQUIRED				

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69	FCU	ALTITUDE	3	First Altitude	SET TO 12.000 Feet	>than THR RED altitude
70	FCU	FCU	1 to 4	DASH-BALL-DASH-BALL-ALT-BALL-DASH	CHECK	
71	ECAM	ECAM	1	STATUS	CHECK	
72	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	ATC - FREQUNCY	SET	If ATC is used
73	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	ATC CLEARANCE	OBTAIN	If ATC is used
74	GLARESHIELD	ND-DISPL.	2	IRS ALIGN	CHECK	
75	MCDU	F-PLAN		F-PLAN PAGE	SET	

- 67. ND mode and range: Set ND mode during takeoff to ARC and range to 10.
- 69. **First Altitude:** On the FCU (Flight Control Unit) Altitude using the respective knob please set the 1st to be reached altitude at 12.000 Feet. This value has to be in any case higher than the Thrust Acceleration Altitude (in our example 3407 Feet). If this is the case then a ball appears to the right of the altitude entered which means that the aircraft will fly in "managed mode" until this altitude is reached. **Please confirm the entry by pushing the knob.** Then it is "confirmed" and can be seen as a "blue" value on top of the "Altitude Indicator" on the PFD.
 - If you forgot to enter a "First Altitude" or if you started with the TAXI or TAKEOFF aircraft state the copilot (if used) automatically sets the first altitude to 7.000 feet during TAXI or before TAKEOFF.
- 70. **FCU-Mode:** Push FCU SPD and HDG knob so that the displays show SPD="---•" HDG="---•" ALT=12000•"and "-----" e.g. SPD and HDG are in "managed mode"
- AES Open the AES (CTRL+SHIFT+W) or GSX window (CRTL + F12). In AES select the option "F6 Prepare for
- **GSX:** Departure" and then select the option "F1 Yes, I need Pushback please, prepare now, wait for start request" In GSX select: "4 Prepare for Pushback and Departure".

5.6 Before Pushback and Start

BEFORE PUSHBACK OR START								
NO.		PANEL		ACTION	I		B5344BW	
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	REMARK	
76	MCDUw	MAIN MENU	ACFT DOORS	CLOSE ALL DOORS	PUSH		Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected	
77	MCDU R	MAIN MENU	ACFT DOORS	ALL WINDOWS AND DOORS CLOSED	CHECK	CoP		
78	OVERHEAD	APU	10	APU MASTER and START	ON	CoP	START= available 10 sec after MASTER	
79	OVERHEAD	APU	10	APU BLEED = ON	ON	СоР		
80	MCDU	ELEC	6	EXT PWR	OFF	CoP		
81	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	12	SEAT BELT SIGNS / NO SMOKING = ON	ON	CoP	For Seat Belts also AUTO is OK	
82	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	LEVERS	CHECK IDLE			
83	PEDESTAL	P. BRAKE	7	PARKING BRAKE	SET to ON	СоР	FSX: CTRL + . (period)	
84	MCDU2	MAIN MENU	GND SERV.	TRAFFIC CONES	REMOVE	СоР		
85	MCDU2	MAIN MENU	GND SERV.	WHEEL CHOCKS	REMOVE	СоР		
86	EFIS	AP SETTING	2	BARO REF	SET / X CHECK (Read out)	СоР		
87	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	BEACON	ON	СоР	Checklist complete	

- 76. DOORS / START CL: Closing left side passenger doors as well as cargo doors are blocked when pax boarding and cargo loading (MCDU2 LOAD/FUEL MENU) is ongoing. Checklist only starts if pax boarding and cargo loading (MCDU2 LOAD/FUEL MENU) is completed = are green.
- 83. **PARKING BRAKE:** The parking brakes were OFF when the "COLD DARK" aircraft state was loaded. Now they are set to ON.
- 84. **TRAFFIC CONES:** Are automatically removed without call.
- 85. WHEEL CHOCKS: Are automatically removed without call
- 86. BARO REF: As we are flying with "Fair Weather" it means that in Innsbruck there will be no surface winds and for takeoff the runway 08 is in use. The air pressure currently is 1013 hPa and we have a temperature of 15 degrees C. As this is the "standard value" nothing has to done. If the air pressure is different the Copilot will automatically set the right value.

5.7 Engine Start

AES: Open the AES window (CTRL+SHIFT+W) or GSX (CRTL+F12). In AES select the option "F2 – Start Pushback now – Nose to Right" or in GSX = 1 – Nose right / Tail left.

During pushback you can start the engines according to #97 - #101. The settings will be confirmed by

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the Pilot and the Copilot. When pushback has been finished set parking brake to ON and proceed with chapter 5.9 .

If no pushback is required then please use the respective AES / GSX function and set the checklist AES / GSX PUSH function (please see 4.6.3) to NO. After AES / GSX has finished its procedure continue and select the "Engine Start w/o Pushback" checklist and start it (5.7.2.). The reason is that AES / GSX are closed programs and we cannot get any information when to start the Engine Start checklist if there is no "moving" aircraft.

Engines can either be started during or after pushback (if necessary). Therefore also 2 different checklists are available in the MCDU MENU – Checklists. Please select the one you want to use by clicking on the respective LSK.

5.7.1 Engine Start with Pushback

ENGIN	ENGINE START – with pushback							
NO.	PANEL			ACTIO	ACTION			
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	REMARK		
88	MCDU	MAIN MENU	CHECKLIST	SELECT: "START WITH PUSH" = LSK5L		Starts next Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected		
89	MCDU right			SELECT TAXIWAX DIST and PB DIRECTION	SET			
90	MCDU right			START PUSHBACK	START			
91				"Flight Deck to Ground"		GROUND: "Go ahead"		
92				"We have ATC clearance"		GROUND: "Roger"		
93				"Confirm ground equipment = clear"		GROUND: "Clear"		
94				"Starting pushback"		GROUND: "Roger"		
95	PEDESTAL	P. BRAKE	7	PARKING BRAKE = OFF	SET to OFF	FSX: . (period)		
96						GROUND: "OK. Starting Pushback"		
97	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MODE SEL	IGN START			
98	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	MASTER SW 2	ON			
99	MAIN PANEL	E/WD	5a	No. 2 RUNNING UP	CHECK			
100	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	MASTER SW 1	ON	Engine 2 N1 > 20%		
101	MAIN PANEL	E/WD	5a	No. 1 RUNNING UP	CHECK			
102				When in Position: Stop Pushback	STOP (SHIFT + P)			
103						GROUND: "Pushback complete"		
104	PEDESTAL	P. BRAKE	7	PARKING BRAKE	ON	FSX: CRTL +.(period)		
105						GROUND: "Have a good flight" – CL complete		

89. **Taxiway Distance and Pushback Direction:** After the checklist has been started automatically the following right MCDU menu opens



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Picture 53: Pushback Gauge

Please set the distance to the taxiway (using LSK 3L or LSK 4L) as well as the pushback direction (using LSK 3R or LSK 4R) in our case (S Parking 8 in LOWI) = 9 m and 90 degrees left. To set the correct value you also can use the mouse scroll wheel.

The feature uses the FSX basic pushback function and is it a little bit "enhanced". The FSX function consists of a time part "straight" and the turn part. The minimum time FSX uses / needs for "straight" is app. 7-9m (based on aircraft model used) e. g. time is converted into distance. Additionally to that the distance for the turn itself comes on top - a medium value for a 90° turn is app. 50m. But this distance varies based on angle used and size of the plane e. g. for the A318 it is much smaller than for the A321. But if needed you can always stop the pushback by using SHIFT+P.

- 90. **Start Pushback:** Push "START" (LSK 6R) and the pushback starts..... There is no need to stop the pushback it automatically will stop when the previously set position is reached.
- 93. **Parking Brakes:** Do not touch the parking brakes earlier than asked by the ground service crew! Only then release the brakes.
- 98. **Engine Start:** After setting the Engine Mode Selector to IGN START as well setting the Engine Master Switch to ON, you can check on the EWD that the FADEC (Full Authority Digital Engine Control) have turned on because the amber information is replaced by active displays.

CFM engines spool up to around N2 24% and then light up and produce an EGT rise. Normally this takes some 15 sec max. But if IAE engines are installed it takes another 15 sec before the engine lights up because IAE implemented an 30 sec "blow through" / dry crank sequence to get rid of any remaining fuel/oil before starting the actual engine start sequence.

- 99. **Engine stabilized:** The set limits are
- 101. **CFM**: N1: 18.5 % N2: 64.0% and EGT: 350°C

IAE: EPR 1.010, N1: 21.0%, N2: 57.0% and EGT: 410°C

102. **Stop Pushback:** To stop the pushback it is not necessary to do anything. The pushback will stop and the defined position (see settings # 89). If needed you can always stop pushback by using SHIFT+P.

5.7.2 Engine Start without Pushback

ENGIN	ENGINE START								
NO.		PANEL		ACTIO	ACTION				
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REMARK		
106	MCDU	MAIN MENU	CHECKLIST	SELECT: "START" = LSK6L			Starts next Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected		
107				"Flight Deck to Ground"			GROUND: "Go ahead"		
108				"We have ATC clearance"			GROUND: "Roger"		
109				"Confirm ground equipment = clear"			GROUND: "Clear"		
110				"Starting engines"			GROUND: "Roger"		
111	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MODE SEL	IGN START				
112	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	MASTER SW 2	ON				
113	MAIN PANEL	E/WD	5a	No. 2 RUNNING UP	CHECK				
114	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	MASTER SW 1	ON		Engine 2 N1 > 20%		
115	MAIN PANEL	E/WD	5a	No. 1 RUNNING UP	CHECK				
116				"Both Engines running"			GROUND: "Roger"		
117							GROUND: "Have a good flight" – CL complete		

112. **Engine Start:** After setting the Engine Mode Selector to IGN START you can check on the EWD that the FADEC (Full Authority Digital Engine Control) have turned on. The amber crosses will disappear when setting the Engine Mode Selector to IGN/START. Only the N1 and N2 will have amber crosses now which will disappear when you select the Engine Master to one.

CFM engines spool up to around N" 22% and then light up and produce an EGT rise. But if IAE engines are installed observe the EGT after 30 sec. because IAE implemented an 30 sec "blow through" / dry crank sequence to get rid of any remaining fuel/oil before starting the actual engine start sequence.

5.8 After Engine Start

AFT	ER ENGINE START		
NO.	PANEL	ACTION	REMARK

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	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		
118				ENGINE 1 & 2 are running for 15 sec			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected
119	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MODE SEL	NORM	СоР	
120	OVERHEAD	APU	10	APU BLEED	OFF	СоР	
121	OVERHEAD	APU	10	APU MASTER SW	OFF	СоР	
122	PEDESTAL	SPEED-BR.	6	GROUND SPOILERS	ARM	СоР	Mouse click: right
123	PEDESTAL	RUDDER	4	RUDDER TRIM	SET to 0 degree	СоР	
124	PEDESTAL	PITCH	4	PITCH TRIM	SET to THS Value		
125				AILERON, ELEVATOR and RUDDER	CHECK ALL 6 POSITIONS		
126	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS	SET to 2	СоР	FSX: F7
127	OVERHEAD	ANTI-ICE	8	ENG ANTI ICE (1 &2)	ON / OFF		
128	OVERHEAD	ANTI-ICE	8	WING ANTI ICE	ON / OFF		
129	ECAM	ECAM	1	ECAM STATUS	CHECK		
130	ECAM	ECAM	1	ECAM DOOR PAGE	CHECK	CoP	
131				HAND SIGNAL RECEIVED			Checklist complete

- 122. **GRD SPOILERS:** In order to be able to arm the spoilers without extending them, please move the thrs slightly out of idle. The problem is that FSX uses Boeing style spoilers, which extend when armed and the thrust levers are in idle position. **Another option is to click on the spoiler arm using the right mouse button.**
- 124. PITCH TRIM: Copilot sets value according to the THS value (MCDU PERF page)
- 125. **FLIGHT CONTROLS:** Turn the sidestick to all positions e. g. FULL LEFT, FULL RIGHT, NEUTRAL, FULL UP, FULL DOWN, NEUTRAL, RUDDER FULL LEFT and RUDDER FULL RIGHT (only if "AUTORUDDER" i. e. the option in the right MCDU FLIGHT OPTIONS is not set to ON). Each required position / check is mentioned in the INFOBAR and the various checks are orally confirmed.
- 129. **ECAM STATUS:** If the CLR button is ON it is necessary previously to confirm a "warning message".

5.9 TAXI

TAXI	TAXI								
NO.		PANEL		ACTIO	N		DEAGABLE		
NO.	ТҮР	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REMARK		
132	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	TAXI CLEARENCE	OBTAINED		If ATC is used		
133	PEDESTAL	P. BRAKE	7	PARKING BRAKE	OFF		FSX: . (period)		
134				GS> 10 Knots			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected		
135	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	NOSE LIGHT	TAXI	CoP			
136	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	LEVERS	AS REQUIRED				
137				PRESS BRAKES to listen for PM CALL	PRESS PEDAL / RELEASE				
138	MAIN PANEL	AUTO BRAKE	6	SET TO	MAX	СоР			
139	MCDU			TAKEOFF DATA	REVIEW	СоР			
140	FCU	HDG / ALT	2 & 3	FCU HDG/ALT = DASH-BALL-DASH-BALL	SET or CHECK		IF ALT NOT SET CoP sets it to 7000ft		
141				ALL DISPLAYS ARE ON	CHECK				
142	ECAM	PANEL	5	TO CONFIG	PRESS	СоР			
143	MAIN PANEL	E/WD	5a	ТО МЕМО	CHECK NO BLUE	СоР			
144	PEDESTAL	WXR	11	SET system to 1 (ON) and knob to WX-T	SET	CoP	Checklist complete		
145	EFIS	FD / ILS	3	FD	CHECK ON				
146	PEDESTAL	TRANSPOND.	9	ATC CODE	CONFIRM / SET		If ATC is used		

- 136. **THRUST LEVERS:** Set thrust levers to the manual range. Around 35 % N1 (EWD) should be enough to start the aircraft moving. Then set the thrust levers back to ZERO. Taxiing should be operated at 20 knots, with 10 knots during turns. If you are getting too fast just use the brakes to reduce speed.
- 137. **BRAKES:** Just use the brakes for a moment.
- 139. **Takeoff Data:** Check data (-V1 VR V2 Flaps Flex Temperature Destination Fuel on Board -) which are available on the PERF TAKEOFF as well FUEL PRED page.
- 140. **Altitude:** The FCU ALT target value will be entered by the copilot in visible steps (with sound) and also considering the 100 and 1000 switch.
- 142. **ECAM PANEL TO CONFIG:** Just push the button on the ECAM panel.
- 144. WXR: Set the main switch to 1 (ON) and the WXR knob to WX-T. More information you will find in chapter 2.1.3.

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5.10 Before Takeoff

BEFO	BEFORE TAKEOFF									
NO.		PANEL		ACTION			REMARK			
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORIN	NG)	NEIVIANN			
147				INFORMATION TO CABIN CREW			"Please prepare for Takeoff"			
148	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	TAXI TO RUNWAY HOLDING POINT			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot please see below			
149	ECAM	WHEEL PAGE	1	BRAKE TEMP = below 150	CHECK	Сор	CoP set Brake Fans On if Brake Temp >150			
150	MAIN PANEL	BRAKE FAN	11	BRAKE FANS	OFF	Сор				
151	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MODE SEL = NORMAL	CHECK					
152	PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS TA/RA plus TILT ABOVE	SET	СоР				
153	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	EXT. LIGHTS	SET	СоР	Strobes, Land. and Nose Lights			
154				PF SLIDING TABLE	STOWED	Сор	Checklist complete			
155	PEDESTAL	WXR	11	TILT: UP and select 4 degrees up	SET					
156	MAIN PANEL	N/SKID NW	10	A/SKID & NW STRG	CHECK = ON					
157	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	TAKEOFF / LINE UP CLEAR	OBTAIN		If ATC is used			
158	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	ATC (if no AUTO position)	ON		If ATC is used			

- 148. **Start Before Takeoff CL:** After the TAXI CL has been finished a message on the INFOBAR will pop up displaying the options to manually start the checklist.
 - You can start the CL manually using the MCDU 2 CHECKLIST menu option
 - Just use "1" on the keyboard

For several reasons the automatic start of this checklist has been removed completely.

- 149. Brake Temperature: BRAKE TOO HOT: Values changed to 150/100°. Before Takeoff CL also accepts brake temperature of >150° and proceeds if brake fans are ON.
- 152. TCAS: Use the ring of the knob to set the mode to TA/RA. But below 1000 ft the ND will display TA ONLY.
- 153. Ext. Lights: STROBE=ON BEACON=ON WING=OFF NAV&LOGO=2 RWY TURN OFF=ON LAND=ON NOSE = TO. If light is OFF the copilot sets the switch to ON.
- 157. **Approach Path Clear:** Look left and right and assure that the runway is clear. Then enter the runway 08 for takeoff.

5.11 Takeoff (Part 1)

TAKE	TAKEOFF – Part 1									
NO	PANEL ACTION						REMARK			
NO	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	REIVIARK			
158	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	SET LEVERS TO	MAN TOGA					
159	GLARESHIELD	CHRONO	7	CHRONO	START	СоР	Push upper right button			

158. Takeoff:

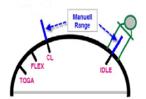


Picture 54: ND - On the runway – ready for TAKEOFF

At this time the IRS are now automatically aligned with the GPS position and the aircraft should be displayed on the ND at the beginning of runway 08 (please see picture above).

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If cleared for takeoff push the thrust levers to 60 - 70 % N1 (EWD) and monitor the EWD to make sure thrust is available. If everything is OK, you can push the thrust levers to the TOGA detent (you will hear three clicks) and it will be confirmed on the FMA. You can also use the FLEX detent (if the runway is not short or not wet). But for this flight based on the short runway at LOWI we decide to use MAN TOGA thrust takeoff.



Picture 55: Thrust Lever Positions

159. **Start Chronometer:** If takeoff thrust has been set (>50% N1) the copilot automatically starts the chronometer (time is displayed in the lower left corner of the ND).

5.12 Takeoff Abort

ABORT TAK	EOFF				
	PANEL		А	CTION	DEAGARY
TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	REMARK
PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	6	THRUST LEVERS	IDLE	FSX: F1
PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	6	REV	MAX	FSX: F2 (hold some time)
PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	6	REV	OFF	At 70 knots = FSX: 1
MAIN PANEL	BRAKES	6	AUTOBRAKES	OFF	At 35 knots
PEDESTAL	FLAPS	10	FLAPS	UP	>12 knots
PEDESTAL	SPEED-BR.	8	GRD SPOILERS	DISARM	>12 knots
OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	STROBES	OFF	>12 knots
OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	LANDING LIGHTS	OFF	>12 knots
PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS	STANBY	>12 knots
PEDESTAL	FLAPS	10	FLAPS	TO POSITION	
PEDESTAL	SPEED-BR.	8	GRD SPOILERS	ARM	

If it is necessary to abort takeoff please just draw the thrust levers back to IDLE and set the reversers to MAX (by using F2 from the keyboard).

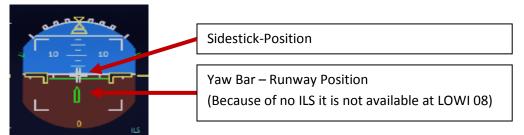
Currently there is no special CL after "Takeoff Abort". In such cases please load the TAXI STATE (chapter 4.3 of this manual) and start from there.

5.13 Takeoff (Part 2)

TAKE	TAKEOFF – Part 2								
NO.		PANEL ACTION					REMARK		
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REWARK		
160				Takeoff thrust is set			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected		
161				"Takeoff"					
162				"MAN" "TOGA" and "SRS"	"Power set"				
163					"100 Knots"		At 100		
164				"Checked"					
165					"V1"		At GS = V1		
166					"Rotate"		At GS = VR		
167					"Positive climb"		Radio Alt >50 ft, VS > 100 ft/min		
168	MAIN PANEL	GEAR	7	"Gear up"	GEAR UP	CoP	FSX: G		
169	PEDESTAL	SPEED-BR.	6	GROUND SPOILERS	DISARM	CoP	FSX: /		
170	MAIN PANEL	GEAR	7	GEAR STOWED	"Gear is up , lights off"		Radio Alt >50 ft, VS > 100 ft/min		
171				At Thrust Red. / Acceleration Alt.					
172	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	SET LEVERS TO	"CLIMB THRUST"		Blinking announcement in FMA		
173	FCU	AP	5	AUTOPILOT	"AUTOPILOT ON"				
174				At "Green Dot Speed" / "S-Speed"					
175	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	"Flaps zero"	SELECT	СоР	FSX: F6		
176					"Flaps zero"		Checklist complete		
177	FCU	ALTITUDE	3	Cruise Altitude	SET TO 31.000 feet				

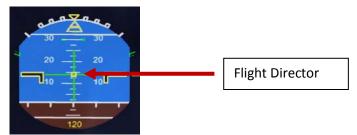
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- 163. 100 knots: There is no "100 knots" call if V1 is lower than 105 knots
- 166. **Rotate:**
 - a. During the takeoff roll, the stick should be pressed half way forward until the speed reaches 80 knots. The stick position can be monitored on the PFD (please see picture 54).
 - b. As soon as the runway has been entered and if it has an ILS, the yaw bar appears on the PFD to help guiding the aircraft along the runway centerline (please also see picture 54). But this not the case at LOWI Rwy 08.



Picture 56: Joystick: On the runway (attitude indicator)

- c. When the speed is over 80 knots, the stick can be released to come back to a neutral position.
- d. When VR = 120 knots is reached (indicated by a magenta circle on the PFD speed tape), the Copilot will announce "ROTATE" then pull the stick for the rotation. If the FD (showing max. 18° pitch angle) is not perfectly stable at this time, take a 15° pitch angle.



Picture 57: Flight Director: During takeoff

- e. Shortly after takeoff the joystick position indicator and the runway yaw bar on the Attitude Indicator will disappear and Flight Director Indicator will show up (please see picture above).
- xxx. **A.FLOOR:** If you are flying with a too high pitch automatically the Alpha Floor mode (Display = A.FLOOR in PFD / FMA section) will be switched on i.e. full thrust automatically will be set not considering the position of the thrust levers. As soon as the pitch is back to normal the thrust levers will be automatically set back to TOGA LK (displayed on the FMA). This is a "locked" = fixed mode and can only be switched off using the following procedure:
 - a. Set the thrust levers into the TOGA position
 - b. Switch off auto thrust using the FCU button
 - c. Now bring back the thrust lever to the CL position
 - d. Activate auto thrust again using the FCU button
 - e. If already activated the Autopilot has to be switched to ON again
- 170. Landing Gear Autobrake: The autobrake will automatically turn off 10 seconds after the Landing Gear is retracted
- 171. Thrust Reduction Altitude: When the THR RED altitude is reached (3407 feet in our example airport
- 172. elevation plus 1500 feet) a flashing LVR CLB message appears on the FMA (1st column). Move the thrust levers back to the CL detent (two clicks back). As the thrust reduces when the levers are moved back to the CL detent, you should anticipate the pitch reduction caused by this thrust reduction. Take a 10° pitch angle.
- XXX. Acceleration Altitude (normally = Thrust Reduction Altitude): At this altitude the CLB modus becomes

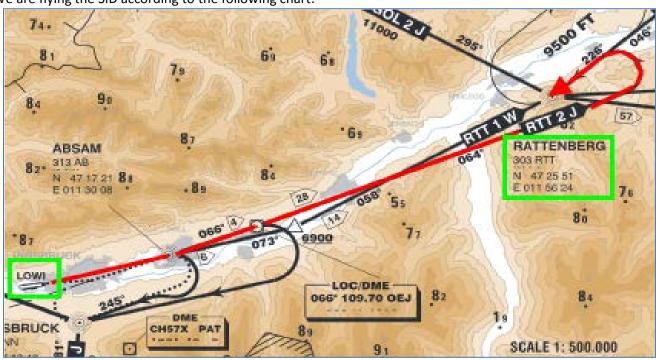
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- active on the FMA (2nd column). The aircraft will now accelerate to the target speed of 250 knots (below 10.000 feet) if there are no speed restrictions.
- 175. FLAPS UP: If Flaps 2 are used for takeoff then at F-speed flaps will be set to "1".
- 177. **CLIMB / Altitude: Before** the first set altitude of 12.000 feet will be reached (see # 69) please enter the chosen cruise altitude from the MCDU = 31.000 feet into the FCU. If they plane already leveled off at 12.000 feet (no point after 12.000 on the ALT display) then press the ALT button again i.e. managed mode is selected.

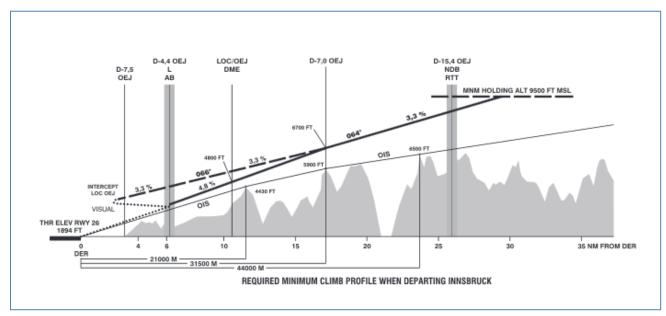
5.14 After Takeoff

TAKE	TAKEOFF – Part 2							
NO.	NO. PANEL			ACTION			REMARK	
178	PEDESTAL	WXR	11	TILT: DOWN	SET			
179	EFIS	INFOR.	4	EFIS OPTION	ARPT			
180	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	RADIO NAV	CHECK			
181	PEDESTAL	ECAM	1	ECAM MENU	REVIEW			
182	MCDU	PROG		OPT / MAX ALTITUDE	CHECK			
183				FLAPS UP and RETRACTED			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected	
184	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MODE SEL = NORMAL	CHECK	Сор		
185	PEDESTAL	SPEED-BR.	6	GROUND SPOILERS	DISARMED	CoP	FSX: /	
186	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS UP and RETRACTED	CHECK	СоР	FSX: F6	
187	ECAM	GEAR	2	GEAR IS UP and STOWED	"Gear is up, Lights off"	CoP		
188	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	RUNWAY / NOSE = OFF	OFF	CoP		
189	OVERHEAD	AIR COND	7	1 st and 2 PACK are ON	CHECK	Сор		
190	OVERHEAD	ANTI-ICE	8	ANTI ICE (1 &2)	AS REQUIRED		=OFF	
191	PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS = TA/RA and TILT = ABV or N	CHECK and set to ABV			
192	EFIS	A PRESSURE	2	BARO REF	X-CHECK (Read out)		Checklist complete	

We are flying the SID according to the following chart:



Picture 58: LOWI - Runway 08 - SID RTT2J



Picture 59: LOWI - Runway 08 - Climb Profile

5.15 Climb

CLIMB									
NO. PANEL				ACTIO	N		DEMARK		
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	IG) REMARK			
193				CLIMB CHECKLIST			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected		
194				At 10.000 feet					
195					"Passing 10.000"				
196	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	LANDING LIGHTS	LIGHTS OFF	CoP			
197	FCU	ALTITUDE	3	Cruise Altitude	CHECK		=31.000 feet		
198				At Transition Altitude			= Checklist completed		
199	GL.SH /EFIS	A PRESSURE	13 / 2	BARO REF to STD	SET / X CHECK	CoP			

- 193. Start Climb Checklist: The checklist starts under the following conditions:
 - "After TO" CL is no longer active
 - Thrust levers are in Climb mode
 - FMA State = CLB
- 195. At 10.000 feet: As soon as the altitude of 10.000 feet is reached it means that the speed restriction of 250 knots is no longer valid. Therefore the aircraft speeds up to the calculated value of 296 knots (FMGC or MCDU) based on the COST INDEX used for this flight.



Picture 60: 10.000 Feet

- 196. Landing Lights: For high altitude airports (> 5.000 feet) the function has been changed as follows:
 - During the CLIMB CL the 10.000 feet call is omitted and the landing lights are switched off by the copilot after the Baro Check at the transition level.

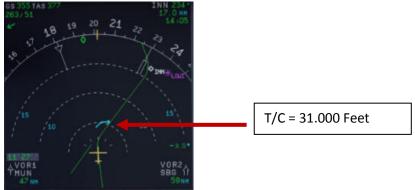
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- During the DESCENT also already at the transition level (> 10.000 feet) the Landing Lights as well as Landing System are set to ON by the copilot.
- 199. **Transition Altitude:** Setting up the MCDU we changed the proposed transition altitude (set to 11.000 feet for Innsbruck) i.e. now reaching this value of 11.000 feet the system has to be set to "STD = Standard". When the value starts blinking in the PFD please pull the "BARO" button. Please also check the ISIS (Glareshield #13) e. g. the value is set to STD (right click on the knob at the bottom right)

5.16 Cruise

CRUI	CRUISE								
NO.	PANEL			ACTIO	N		REMARK		
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REIVIARK		
200				FMA "ALT / ALT CRZ"			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected		
201	PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS TA or TA/RA plus TILT NORMAL	SET	CoP			
202	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	11	SEAT BELTS = OFF or AUTO	CHECK and set to OFF	CoP			
203				SLIDING TABLE - COPILOT	EXTENDED	CoP	Procedure complete		
204	PEDESTAL	ECAM	1	ECAM MEMO / SYS PAGES	REVIEW				
205	MCDU	Var.PAGES		FLIGHT PROGRESS	CHECK				
206	MCDU	FUEL PRED		FUEL	MONITOR				
207	MCDU	PROG		NAV ACCURANCY	CHECK				
208	OVERHEAD	AIR COND	7	CABIN TEMP	MONITOR				

200. **Cruise Altitude:** As soon as the cruise altitude of 31.000 feet has been reached (before passing the waypoint INN and marked on the ND with a blue arrow showing up) the FMA data on the PFD should change to MACH, ALT CRZ and NAV. The CRUISE procedure (#201 to #203) will automatically start if the MCDU is fully programmed. But there are no "calls" for this procedure.



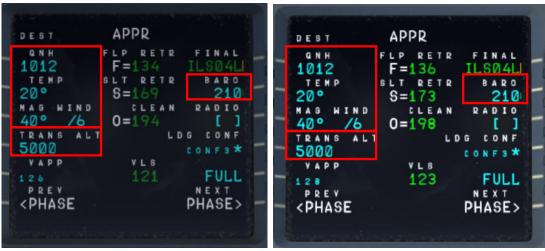
Picture 61: T/C – Top of Climb = 31.000 Feet

203. Sliding Table: The Copilot's sliding table will automatically be extended after reaching the cruise level.

5.17 MCDU PERF APPR PAGE

Before starting the Descent Preparation CL and before initiating Descent the MCDU PERF APPR page should be checked respectively missing data added.

MCD	MCDU PERF APPR PAGE									
NO.		PANEL		DEAGABLE						
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REMARK			
209	MCDU	PERF	APPR	QNH, TEMP, MAG WIND	ENTER DATA					
210	MCDU	PERF	APPR	TRANS ALT	ENTER DATA		= 5000			
211	MCDU	PERF	APPR	BARO / RADIO	ENTER DATA		= BARO 210			
212	MCDU	PERF	APPR	VAPP	CHECK					
213	MCDU	PERF	APPR	LDG CONF	CHECK					



Picture 62: MCDU – PERF – APPR page (A319 and A320)

- 209. QNH; TEMP; MAG WIND: Enter data (for arrival airport LFMN)
- 210. **TRANSITION LEVEL:** (TRANS ALT) for LFMN = 5000 feet (because it is different from transition altitude of departure airport = 11.000)
- 211. BARO DA (decision altitude): According to the chart for LFMN ILSO4L it is a CAT1 ILS approach. Do not get confused by the CAT 3 FMA on the PFD. This FMA only tells you what the airplane is capable of, not what the airport is offering. You can only fly a CAT 3 approach if both the FMA says CAT3 and the airport has a CAT3 ILS.

So as we are flying an ILS CAT1 landing at LFMN we have to enter a Barometric-altimeter DA (decision altitude). Barometric-altimeter MDA/DA is used for NPA, RNAV as well as ILS CAT1 whereas RADIO-altimeter DH (decision height) is used for ILS CAT2 and 3 landings. If there is no manual input a standard BARO value of 200 will automatically be entered by the Copilot. But as the actual BARO-DA value for our arrival airport LFMN (Nice) Runway 04L and ILS approach is according to the charts = 210 please enter this value.

The information about the available ILS CAT you can get from the charts. The category certification entails a lot of things. The most important one for CAT2 and CAT3 is a monitoring of the validity of the ILS signal and a backup power source. For charts there are a few different formats available but on every ILS chart you will see the capability of the ILS by looking at the minimums. In LIDO charts it is even spelled out CAT 1, Cat 2 etc. On Jeppesen/AIP charts you sometimes have an extra ILS CAT2/3 charts besides the ILS CAT 1 chart.

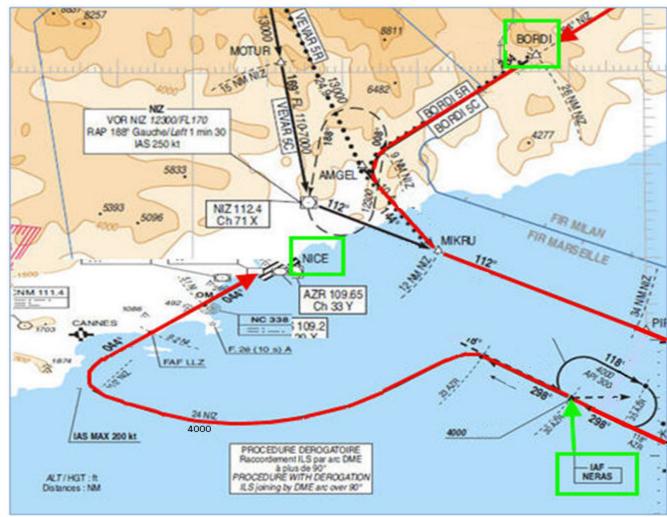
- 212. VAPP: It is the final approach speed, will automatically be calculated / inserted by the system and calculated in the following way: VLS plus 1/3 of the tower headwind component. The value of VAPP is limited so that it is never less than VLS + 5 or more than VLS +15. As a result, VAPP is increased above its minimum value for runway headwinds above 15 knots. VAPP correction is not increased further for headwinds exceeding 45 knots.
 - Additionally the "groundspeed mini function" (GS mini) has been implemented, but it does not change VAPP, instead, it increases the target (bug) speed when the headwind is greater than the expected landing headwind the wind that VAPP was based on. This is done in case the greater headwind disappeared all at once (wind shear), the airplane would be at VAPP not VAPP minus the loss of wind. The speed bug moves in response to the wind. For more information on "GS mini" look at http://www.pprune.org/archive/index.php/t-408276.html.
- 213. LDG CONF: (Landing Configuration) If no value is entered manually it defaults to FULL.

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5.18 Descent Preparation

DESC	DESCENT PREPARATION								
NO.	PANEL		ACTIO	REMARK					
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REIVIARK		
214				1 min after CRZ level has been reached			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected		
215				SEAT BELTS = ON or AUTO	CHECK and set to ON	Сор			
216	OVERHEAD	ANTI-ICE	8	ANTI ICE = OFF	CHECK				
217	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	LANDING INFORMATION	RECEIVED		If ATC is used		
218	EFIS	A.PRESSURE	2	BARO REF = STANDARD	CHECK	Сор			
219	MCDU	PERF.	APPR	AIR PRESSURE ARRIVAL AIRPORT	"Checked" and readout	Сор	QNH= 1013		
220	MCDU	PERF.	APPR	DECISION ALTITUDE	"Checked"	Сор	BARO = 210		
221	MCDU	PERF.	APPR	LDG CONF (Flaps)	"Checked"	CoP	Checklist complete		

- 214. **DESCENT PREP. CL:** It now can be manually started 1 min after reaching CRZ LVL. 40 NM before T/D (CRUISE CL still active) a specific information on the INFOBAR pops up also showing the distance to the automatic start at 10 NM before the T/D. After the checklist has been finished a message on the infobar pops up "INITIATE DESCENT". Initiate descent when the T/D marker on the ND has been reached.
- 215. **SEAT BELT SIGN**: It is also OK if the switch is set to AUTO
- 216. ANTI ICE: Should be OFF but if ANTI ICE is ON it is also accepted condition then will be confirmed
- 218. BARO REF: As we are flying higher than the "transition altitude" it should already be set to "Standard" i.e. nothing has to be done.



Picture 63: LFMN ILSO4L - Chart STAR "BORDI" / TRANS "NERAS"

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5.19 Descent

DES	DESCENT								
NO.		PANEL		ACTIO	N		REMARK		
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REIVIARK		
222	FCU	ALT	3	INSERT NEW HEIGHT	INSERT		= 4.000		
223	FCU	ALT	3	INITIATE DESCENT	PUSH KNOB				
224	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	DESCENT	MONITOR				
225	PEDESTAL	SP BRAKES	6	SET	AS REQUIRED				
226				Vert. Mode = DES / Desc.Prep.CL = compl.			Starts next Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected		
227	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	FMA	CHECK				
228	PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS = TILT BELOW	CHECK and SET	CoP			
229				At 10.000 feet:					
230	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	LANDING LIGHTS	ON	CoP			
231	EFIS	FD / ILS	3	ILS LOCALIZER (LS)	PUSH	CoP	EFIS		
232				At Transition Altitude			= 5000		
233	EFIS	A PRESSURE	2	BARO REF to actual pressure value	SET / X CHECK	CoP	Checklist complete		

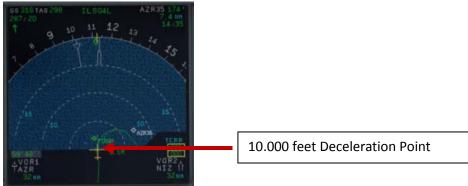
- 222. **Descent to Altitude: Before the T/D** (Top of Descent) point (near BORDI) is reached (marked on the ND flight path by a white arrow showing down), **the altitude should be set to 4.000 feet**. But do not push the knob before T/D is not reached
- 223. **Initiating Descent:** There are various methods for descent but we will use:

Managed Mode: Reaching T/D or if the T/D marker disappears or DECELERATE is displayed on the PFD (whatever happens first): Just push the knob. The aircraft will now start to descend automatically according to the flight path calculated in the MCDU – F-PLN.



Picture 64: Top of Descent – Initiate descent

229. At 10.000 feet: As soon as the altitude of 10.000 feet is reached the speed restriction of 250 knots becomes valid. Therefore the aircraft automatically reduces the target speed to 250 knots already at 11.000 feet app. before PIRAM.



Picture 65: ND: Deceleration Point

231. **LS Pushbutton:** If the button is used the "Vertical Glideslope" as well as the "Lateral Localizer" shows up on the PFD. The ND display shows ILSO4L on top as soon as the remaining distance to destination is 250 NM or less. This normally happens at transition level or at 10.000 feet and depends on which of

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the two value is higher.

- 232. **Transition Altitude:** Setting up the MCDU PERF APPR page we set it to 5.000 feet for the approach (#210). So at this altitude the Barometric Reference Value will be set (as well as on ISIS).
- 233. **Baro Ref Cross Check**: The QNH value entered in the MCDU PERF APPR page is used by the copilot. If no value has been entered there then the current ambient pressure value will be used (= keyboard [B]). It is not mandatory to fill the QNH-field in the MCDU PERF APPR page. But if a value is entered the unit used (inHg or hPa) must be identical with the settings the FCU QNH display. If the unit is later changed the value in MCDU PERF APPR page automatically will be adjusted. The FSX standard conversion ratio of 1.013 = 29.92 is used for this baro function.

 Like in reality the conjust enters those figures in visible steps and not at once. Then there is a pause of

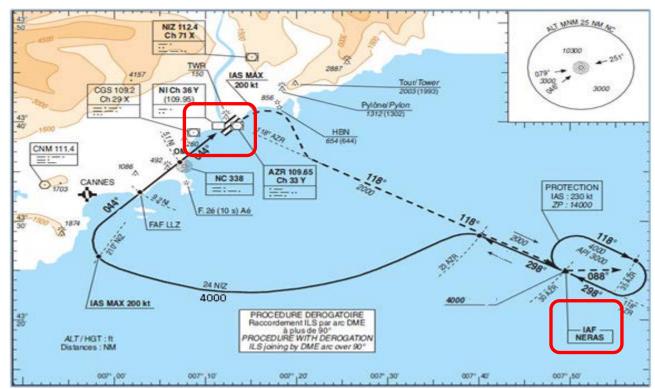
Like in reality the copilot enters those figures in visible steps and not at once. Then there is a pause of 2 seconds - during which the user can enter a different value – before the checklists continues.

5.20 Approach

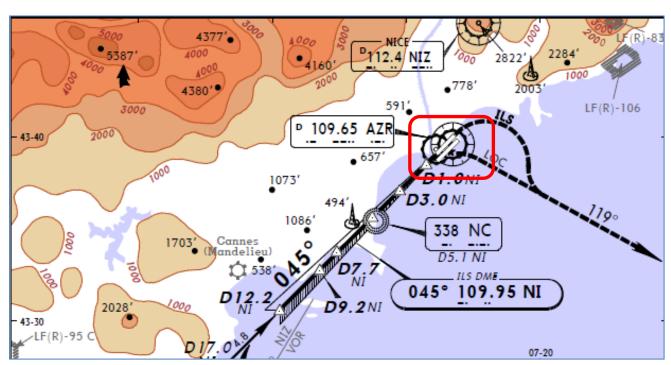
APP	APPROACH								
NO.	PANEL		ACTIC	ON		DESAADY			
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REMARK		
234				5 NM before DECEL pseudo waypoint			Starts next Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected		
235	ECAM	ECAM	1	ECAM MESSAGE	CHECK				
236				SLIDING TABLE S - STOWED	STOWED	СоР			
237	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	11	CABIN SIGNS = ON	CHECK or set to ON				
238	MCDU	PROG		NAV ACCURANCY	CHECK				
239	EFIS	A.PRESSURE	2	BARO REF CROSS CHECK	SET and Read out	CoP	Checklist complete		
240				Initial approach:					
241	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	11	SEAT BELTS	CHECK ON		AUTO is also OK		
242	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MODE	CHECK NORM				
243				Approx. 15 NM from touchdown:					
244	MCDU	PROG		NAV ACCURANCY	MONITOR				
245	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	POSITIONING	MONITOR				

- 234. Approach CL: The APPROACH CL now is available for manually start (MCDU2 CHECKLIST MENU = marked in orange) app. 10 NM before the DECEL pseudo waypoint and a message pops up on the INFOBAR showing the distance and explains the start options. It starts automatically app. 5 NM before DECEL pseudo waypoint.
 - For the start of the APPROACH CL it is not necessary anymore that the DESCENT CL has been finished. Even if the BARO CHECK has not yet been completed the APPROACH CL can be started. As a reminder in such a case "DESCENT CL" blinks on the right MCDU.
- 235. **ECAM Message:** There is a very important difference between caution (amber) and warning (red). If the CLR button is ON it is necessary previously to confirm a "warning" or "caution" message.
- 236. **Sliding Table:** If the copilots sliding table had been extended at cruise level. Even if the copilots function is set to OFF now the captains and copilots sliding tables will automatically be retracted.
- 237. Cabin Signs: SEAT BELTS=ON or AUTO (if OFF Cop sets to ON), NO SMOKING=ON
- 239. Baro Ref Cross Check: The QNH value entered in the MCDU PERF APPR page is used by the copilot. If no value has been entered there then the current ambient pressure value will be used (= keyboard [B]). It is not mandatory to fill the QNH-field in the MCDU PERF APPR page. But if a value is entered the unit used (inHg or hPa) must be identical with the settings the FCU QNH display. If the unit is later changed the value in MCDU PERF APPR page will be automatically adjusted.

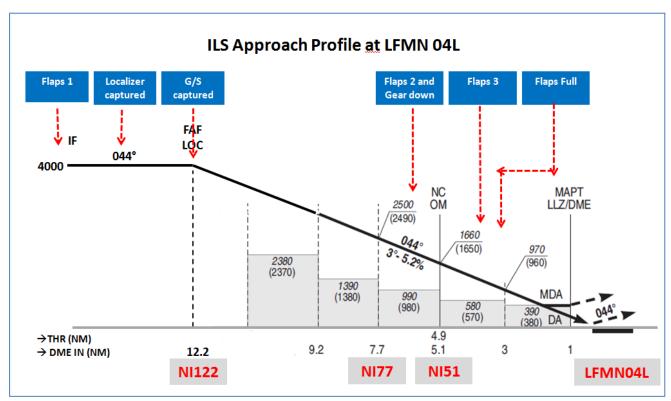
Like in reality the copilot enters those figures in visible steps and not at once. Then there is a pause of 2 seconds - during which the user can enter a different value – before the checklists continues. The FSX standard conversion rate of 1.013 = 29.92) is used for this baro function.



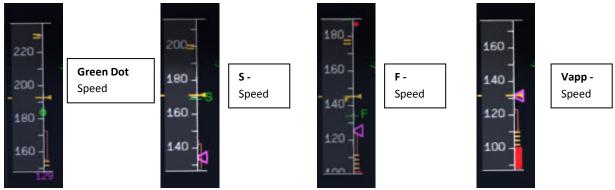
Picture 66: Chart TRANS NERAS



Picture 67: Chart ILS 04L Nice



Picture 68: Final Procedure - ILS Approach Profile LFMN04L



Picture 69: Speeds "Green Dot", S, F and Vapp on PFD

5.21 Final

There are two main modes for the approach: Using "Managed Speed" or "Selected Speed (manually)". Our Checklist- and Copilot-Function uses the "Managed Speed" mode. This means that the speed is automatically set by the MCDU and the flaps are manually deployed by the Copilot (based on the situation).

The Final CL activation is "independent" from the activation of the MCDU – PERF – APPR mode activation. The FINAL checklist will be automatically started after the APPR CL has been completed.

FINAL							
NO.	PANEL			ACTION			DESALOW
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REMARK
246				Appr. CL has been completed			Starts next Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected
247	MCDU	PERF		APPR PHASE	ACTIVATE	CoP	
248	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	CALL: LOCALIZER ALIVE		CoP	
249	FCU	APPR	6	APPR	PUSH		
250	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	LOCALIZER CAPTURED	CHECK	241	MAIN PANEL
251				Green Dot Speed			
252	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS 1	SELECT	CoP	FSX: F7

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253				S-Speed			
254	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAP 2	SET		FSX: F7 OPTIONAL
255				Gkidescope becomes alive			
256	FCU	AP	5	Second AP	ON		
257				Glidescope captured			
258	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	G/S CAPTURE	CHECK		
259				Rad. Alt. > 2.000 ft = LANDING MEMO			
260	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS 2	SELECT	CoP	FSX: F7
261	FCU	ALT	4	GO AROUND ALT	SET TO 2.000 FEET	CoP	Just enter - do not push knob
262	MAIN PANEL	GEAR	7	L/G DOWN	SELECT	CoP	FSX: G
263	PEDESTAL	SPEED-BR.	6	GROUND SPOILERS	ARM	CoP	Mouse click: right
264	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	NOSE LIGHT (if not TAXI) = TO	ON	CoP	
265				When L/G down, below REF SPEED			
266	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS 3	SELECT	CoP	FSX: F7
267				Next REF SPEED:			
268	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS FULL	SELECT	CoP	FSX: F7 / Checklist complete
269	MAIN PANEL	EWD	5	LANDING MEMO	CHECK NO BLUE		
270	FCU	SPD	1	Set speed to VApp	SET		= 126 (MCDU – PERF – APPR page)
271	PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS	SET TO "TA ONLY"		
272	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	FMA	CHECK		
273	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	LOC CAPTURE	MONITOR		
274	ECAM	ECAM	1	ECAM WHEEL PAGE	CHECK		
275	FCU	ATHR	7	A/THR	CHECK SPD		
276	OVERHEAD	ANTI-ICE	8	WING ANTI ICE	CHECK OFF		

247. Initiate Approach Phase:

After the APPROACH CL has been finished the APPR PHASE in the MCDU PERF APPR page immediately should be manually activated (RW procedure).

If the MCDU F-PLAN DECEL pseudo waypoint (calculated by the FMGC to initiate deceleration in order to be stabilized at VAPP at a specified point on the approach profile, normally at 1000 feet AGL) is different from the point at which the APPR PHASE automatically will be initiated (7.200 feet radar altitude), it is ILS or NPA approach and distance to the airport less than 30 NM) a warning will appear on the INFOBAR "MCDU: Manually activate APPR PHASE".

- Manually activated by the user (MCDU PERF APPR page) if warning appears on the INFOBAR
 "MCDU: Manually activate APPR PHASE". In the "real world" the APPR PHASE is always activated
 manually and never automatically.
- Automatically at the Deceleration Pseudo Waypoint (please see picture below) if the APPROACH CL has been finished; the flight level is below 7.200 feet radar altitude, the RNAV mode is active and the distance to the airport is less than 30 NM. The (DECEL) pseudo waypoint is calculated by the FMGC to initiate deceleration in order to be stabilized at VAPP at a specified point on the approach profile, normally at 1000 feet AGL.



Picture 70: Deceleration Point

• LOC Alive: Before NI17 the localizer becomes "alive" and this will be confirmed by a PM call "LOCALIZER ALIVE". The conditions for this call are: The angle to the runway must be smaller than 90 ° and the Approach, Landing as well as BaroCheck are not active.



Picture 71: LOC initiated near NI17

- 249. APPR Button: Before passing NI17 (you are already flying at NI122) and after hearing the call "LOCALIZER ALIVE" = press the APPR button on the FCU.
- 250. LOC Capture: The "capture" will be confirmed i.e. lateral path has been caught. Please note: If you are pushing the APPR button too early (before turning to NI17/NI122) it might happen that the plane captures the localizer in the wrong direction. Please see also chapter 6.4 for details. First the lateral path will be caught (LOC* or LOC displayed on the PFD -FMA)



Picture 72: LOC captured

- 251. **Green Dot Speed / CLEAN:** After initiating the APPR Phase (#242) automatically the MCDU reduces the speed to "Green Dot Speed" (195 knots). But if the plane is already on the glidescope it is not going to change its pitch to reduce to "Green Dot Speed".
- 252. Flaps: During the approach the flaps will be slowly step by step extended from 1 (after reaching "Green Dot Speed") to FULL based on aircraft speed The flaps will be extended to 1 at least automatically 10 NM before the runway threshold if IAS is below VFE.
- 253. **S Speed:** After the flaps are deployed by the Copilot to 1 the MCDU automatically reduces the speed to S-Speed (172 knots). If the plane does not slow down to S-Speed then just use the speed brakes until S-Speed is reached.

Some general information on the use of speed brakes:

Normally you can use them whenever wanted. But there are some SOP things which have to be considered. The first one has to do with high altitude flying (FL300 and higher). You cannot yank them to their full position at once. You have to be smooth as to not disrupt the airflow to sudden. When on auto pilot the speed brake will not even fully open even if you put the lever at full. The Airbus is limiting the deployment a bit.

The second thing is that you may not use the speed brakes with flaps three or full. This will cause a roll moment that could impair controllability. Some models even have an autoretract when having the speed brakes out at Flaps three/full.

The whole point of the speed brakes is to slowdown the aircraft or to make it descent faster. If the autothrust is on and in SPEED mode it could be that the engine needs more thrust than idle to keep the managed/selected speed and this will give a warning. Having the speed brakes out and throttling

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up is a no-no. It just does not make sense.

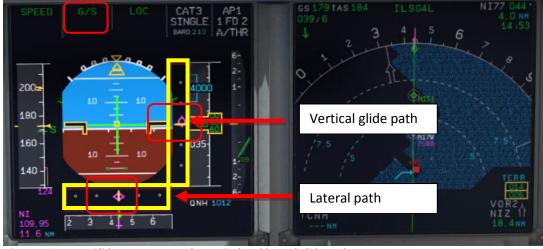
- 254. **FLAPS 2 (OPTIONAL):** Another method to reduce to S-Speed is to manually deploy the flaps to 2 already just after setting the flaps to 1 but keep in mind the VFE limits. This method is also supported by the Checklist- and Copilot-Function.
- 255. **Glideslope "alive":** When the Localizer has been captured (please see picture #70 above) soon after the vertical glide slope becomes "alive" (magenta rhombus fully appears) which will be confirmed by a call.

256. Autopilot:

- Only with an ILS approach programmed in the FMGC, the approach phase activated and the APPR button pushed on the FCU you do have the possibility to select both AP's at the same time. This will show as AP 1+2 in the PFD FMA.
- It is normal Airbus procedure to also select the second AP during an ILS approach. It does not matter if this approach is a CAT 1, 2 or 3. The main reason for this is that if one AP goes offline the other can take over. This is a principle that is called fail operational. Meaning that when one AP disconnects for whatever reason the second one will take over immediately without any interference/action by the pilot. But in reality only one AP is doing the flying and the other one is just standing by to take over if needed. To have both AP's active is a requirement for CAT 3 approaches but it gives an added safety with CAT 1 and 2. So why not selected both during all ILS approaches Airbus must have thought.
- Autoland goes hand in hand with CAT 2 and 3 approaches but as a system it is separate.
 Autoland is technically possible with 1 AP but certification of the airline, airport, and airplane must all be met.
- An ILS CAT 1 may be landed manual at all times. A CAT 2 may be landed manual but this is also up to certification rules for the airline, airport and airplane but normally an autoland is the norm here. A CAT 3 must be made with an auto land system.
- If autoland is used it means that there is no manual flight path interference of the pilots until after touchdown and the aircraft is landing fully automatic.
- In our case because LFMN ILS 04L allows only CAT 1 landings we will use both autopilots but will make no "autoland".

Additional information on the various CAT you will also find in #211.

258. **Glideslope "captured":** When the glideslope has been captured it will be confirmed by a call. After the vertical glide path has been caught the display on the PFD-FMA looks as follows (please see picture 71 below):



Picture 73: PFD - Glidescope captured - Vertical and lateral glide path

The middle of both fields shows the vertical and lateral position of the aircraft where as the magenta rhombus shows the actual position on the glide path. This means that during the approach

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both rhombuses are moving to the center. The picture above shows a position at which the aircraft is on the nearly ideal position for landing.

On the EFIS control panel please change the knob for the various views to LS. This view also shows the glide path and the position of the aircraft to it.



Picture 74: ND - ILS view LFMN Rwy 04L

- 259. Landing Memo: The conditions for the Landing Memo are:
 - < 2000 feet RA above runway altitude
 - Flight mode: Cruise or Approach
 - Both thrust levers at or below CL detent

The "LANDING" checklist is "interrupted" until the "Landing Memo" becomes available in the Upper ECAM. The Copilot then continues with the settings i. e. flaps 2, gear down etc.

- 259a. Speed Restriction 160 knots: On certain airports like p. e. EGLL speed restrictions apply like 160 kts before till 4 NM before the runway. This is a bit difficult because on the other hand SOP states the plane has to be fully established at 1000 feet RA. So Flaps 2, speed brakes and sometimes even gear down is used to keep the 160 knots. If the Checklist, the Copilot and SPD SEL = 160 knots is used the gear will not automatically be deployed at <2000 feet RA as well as the flaps not set to 3 and full only after SPD SEL is <160 knots or in MNGD mode.
- 260. Flaps 2: At calculated speed (but must be lower than VFE = 200 knots) the flaps are automatically extended to 2 by the copilot (if = ON). If the calculated flaps 2 extension speed is higher than VFE the plane must be near MLW or even above. This means it is an emergency situation. In such a case do not use "Managed Speed", but set the speed manually to a value below VFE = 200 knots (e.g. 195 knots). The flaps then will be automatically extended by the copilot (if = ON). After the flaps have been extended to 2 you can again use "Managed Speed" for landing.
- 261. GoAround ALT: This is the altitude a plane has to fly to when using the GO AROUND procedure (MCDU FPLAN waypoints in blue) in case a landing has to be aborted. Set the GoAround Altitude according to the FPLAN e.g. change the set altitude on the FCU to the first altitude to be reached after a "Go Around". Please just change the altitude and do not press or pull the knob at this point. In case the Copilot function is enabled it is automatically set by the copilot under following conditions:
 - FAF passed plus 0.5 NM added
 - Actual flight level below GA ALT
 - Actual flight level below FCU set ALT
 - Vertical speed below 250 knots

If the copilot function is set to ON the highest value is automatically inserted using the MCDU FPLAN data. The value will be entered by the copilot in visible steps (with sound) and also considering the 100 and 1000 switch. Some values like 3.490 feet cannot be entered so the next possible higher value which means for 3.490 = 3.500 has to be or are entered.

If no values are available in the F-PLAN or there is no GA flight path available in the NAV DB the copilot sets the value to a value of (airport altitude rounded to next full 1.000) plus 4.000 feet e. g.

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normally to 5.000 feet.

- 269. Landing Memo / blue entries -: Please check if there are no "blue" entries in the Landing Memo. If for some reasons there are still "blue" entries (you might have forgotten to make certain settings) then please make those settings now.
- 270. **Set VAPP:** After the flaps are set to FULL and the landing gear is down the speed now should be changed to Vapp speed in our example to 126 as calculated by the FMGC MCDU (PERF APP). As we are flying in "Managed Mode" the speed automatically is reduced to Vapp after the flaps are set to FULL i.e. nothing has to be done as we are using the "Managed Mode".
 - It is the final approach speed and automatically be calculated / inserted by the system. It is calculated in the following way: VLS plus 1/3 of the tower headwind component. The value of VAPP is limited so that it is never less than VLS + 5 or more than VLS +15. As a result, VAPP is increased above its minimum value for runway headwinds above 15 knots. VAPP correction is not increased further for headwinds exceeding 45 knots. No additions are made for gusts.
- 275. Auto Throttle: Leave the A/THR on.....
- 276. Wing Anti Ice: Leave the Wing Anti Ice OFF

There are also various other approach procedures used depending on airline and weather condition (ILS- and non-ILS-approaches).

5.22 Landing

LAND	LANDING							
NO.		PANEL		ACTIO	ON		REMARK	
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REIVIARK	
277				Flaps in Landing Config. (MCDU Settings)			Start next Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected	
278	MAIN PANEL	GEAR	7	LAND. GEAR = FULL EXTRACTED	CHECK	CoP		
279	PEDESTAL	SP. BRAKEs	6	GROUND SPOILERS = ARMED	CHECK	CoP	FSX: Right mouse click	
280	MAIN PANEL	AUTO BRAKE	6	AUTO BRAKES = MEDIUM	SET	CoP		
281	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	NOSE = TO or TAXI / LANDING L. = ON	CHECK	CoP		
282	FCU	ALT	3	GO AROUND ALT	CHECK	CoP		
283				AT DECISION ALTITUDE				
284	FCU	AP	5	AP	OFF	СоР	FSX: Z	
285				At 20 feet:				
286				FLARE	PERFORM			
287	MAIN PANEL	PDF	1	ALTITUDE	MONITOR			
288	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	THRUST LEVERS	IDLE		FSX: F1	
289				At touchdown:				
290	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	REV	MAX		FSX: F2	
291				BRAKES	AS REQUIRED			
292				At 70 knots:				
293	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	REV	IDLE		FSX: F1	
294				At taxi speed:				
295	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	REV	STOW	CoP		
296				Before 30 knots:				
297	MAIN PANEL	AUTO BRAKE	6	AUTOBRK	DISENGAGE	CoP	Checklist complete	
298	FCU	AP	5	AP (if applicable)	OFF	CoP	FSX: Z	

- 280. Auto Brake: Set to MED (medium)
- 281. **Exterior Lights**: Just check if all Exterior Lights are on: Strobe, Beacon, Nav & Logo as well as Landing Lights.
- 282. Go Around Altitude: Check if the GA has been set correctly according to #262.
- 283. BARO DA (decision altitude): Please also see #211 for LFMN ILS 04L according to the charts = 210 feet. At an altitude of 310 feet there will be a call "100 ABOVE".
- 284. **Autopilot:** Because LFMN ILS 04L is ILS CAT1 we are not allowed to use "AUTOLAND" and have to disconnect the autopilot at latest at the decision altitude of 210 feet. Some airlines require that if no AP is used also the ATHR has to be switched off.
- 286. **LAND and FLARE mode:** As the aircraft gets closer to the ground the LAND mode engages, then the FLARE mode. The actual modes are shown on the FMA.
- 288. Thrust Levers: IDLE: There is a callout: RETARD. A single callout if thrust levers are retarded in time,

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- multiple callouts if not (auto landing = callout at 10 ft, manual landing = at 20 ft). Pull the trust levers back to IDLE and let the aircraft gently touch the ground.
- 290. **Trust Levers**: **REV**: After touchdown the thrust reversers (by using F2 from the keyboard) might be activated but not necessarily if noise abatement procedures prohibits it.
- 291. **BRAKES:** The autobrake makes the aircraft decelerate on the ground. You can also take the control at any time by using the brakes. Any manual action on the brakes automatically disconnects the autobrake system.
- 295. **REV THRUST**: If REV THRUST is used (#284 and #287) the levers are automatically stowed by the Copilot.
- 298. **AUTOPILOT:** We switched the autopilot OFF because at LFMN ILSO4L = ILS CAT1 we are not allowed to make an "AUTOLAND". But for ILS CAT2 and 3 landing (if the AP is ON) shortly after landing e. g. the plane is still on the centerline the autopilot is automatically switched off and the warning signal goes on. The signal will automatically be switched off by the Copilot.

5.23 Go Around

The GO AROUND flight path is displayed on the ND (in blue) if:

- A missed approach waypoint (MAP in blue) is displayed on the MCDU F-PLAN page (in line 2, 3, 4 and/or 5), while ND is in ROSE or ARC mode or
- Displayed on the MCDU F-PLAN page in line 2, while ND is in PLAN mode.

The GO AROUND procedure is as described below:

- After initialization of the GA "GO AROUND ACTIVE" is displayed on the INFOBAR.
- After reaching GA ALT and the AFTER TO CHECKLIST has been finished "CLIMB OR CONTINUE FOR NEW APPROACH" is displayed on the INFOBAR.
- If additionally to the GA ALT a higher altitude is selected:
 - o **Up to 10.000 ft:** Nothing has to be done and there is no INFOBAR display.
 - Higher than 10.000 ft: The checklist function changes into CLIMB- and after that as usual into CRUISE-, and DESCENT PREP-mode (initialization maybe without delay because no T/D is available). The remaining procedure is according to a normal approach.
- Generally the Approach CL will be initialized after a GA 30 NM and automatically started 25 NM before
 the destination airport. A message is displayed on the INFOBAR: APPR. CL STARTS IN x MILES OR
 MANUALLY START CL E. g. it can be manually started using "1" from the keyboard or from the
 MCDU2 menu itself.
- When the APPR. CL has been finished manually start the MCDU PERF APPR. PHASE (also a respective message appears on the INFOBAR)

GO A	GO AROUND						
NO.		PANEL		ACTIO	ON		DEALADY
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REMARK
Α	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	GA thrust is set	SET		Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected
В	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	"GO AROUND FLAPS"	FLAPS ONE STEP BACK = 3	СоР	FSX: F6
С					"Positive climb"		Radio Alt >50 ft, VS > 100 ft/min
D	MAIN PANEL	GEAR	7	"Gear up"	GEAR UP	CoP	FSX: G
E	MAIN PANEL	GEAR	7	GEAR STOWED	"Gear up , Flaps 3"		
F	PEDESTAL	SPEED-BR.	6	GROUND SPOILERS	DISARM	CoP	FSX: /
G	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	RUNWAY / NOSE = OFF	"Off"	СоР	
Н	MAIN PANEL	BRAKES	6	AUTOBRAKES	"Off"	СоР	
I				At Thrust Red. / Acceleration Alt.			
J	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	"Flaps 1"	SELECT	CoP	FSX: F6
K	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	SET LEVERS TO	"CLIMB THRUST"		Blinking announcement in FMA
L	FCU	AP	5	AUTIOPILOT	ON		
M				At "Green Dot Speed" / "S-Speed"			
N	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	"Flaps up"	SELECT	СоР	FSX: F6
0					"Flaps up"		Checklist complete
Р	FCU	AP	5	AUTOPILOT 2	"Off"	СоР	

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- A. Thrust Levers: TOGA: If there is an emergency situation and "Go-around" should be performed e.g. the runway is blocked by another aircraft or if there is a problem with the aircraft itself just set the thrust levers to the most forward position = MAN TOGA and this GO AROUND procedure- and checklist will start automatically. Please fly using the procedure and checklist as in the table above.
- B. **"Go Around Flaps":** After this PF call the copilot automatically sets the flaps one position back e. g. in our case as we used FULL: From FULL to 3.
- I. Thrust Reduction Altitude: When the THR RED altitude is reached (1.512 feet in our example) a flashing LVR CLB message appears on the FMA (1st column).
- J. Flaps: The copilot sets the flaps back to 1. In our case from 3 to 1.
- K. Thrust Levers: Move the thrust levers back to the CL detent = THR CLB (FMA displays SPEED because the speed is limited to 200 kts). As the thrust reduces when the levers are moved back to the CL detent, you should anticipate the pitch reduction caused by this thrust reduction. Take a 10° pitch angle.
- L. **Autopilot:** Because for an ILS CAT 1 landing at LFMN LISO4L we switched the autopilot OFF now the autopilot has be engaged again. If in connection with other landings the autopilot is still set to ON then the PF just confirms the setting.
- M. Green Dot / S-Speed: At "Green Dot / S-Speed the PF calls "Flaps up"
- O. Flaps UP: The copilot sets the flaps to UP.
- P. 2nd Autopilot: Automatically set to OFF after the Thrust Reduction Altitude has been reached (if applicable).

Setting the Thrust Levers to MAN TOGA the GA flight path on the ND changes to "green" (in the MCDU too) and becomes active. The plane will climb to 2.000 feet which is the GA altitude for the last GA waypoint = NERAS and automatically follow the GA flight path (for LFMN ILSO4L those are the waypoints 320, INTCPT and NERAS). Also automatically the flight path for another approach (including GA) at the same runway is entered into the MCDU on the FPLAN pages. This another approach flight plan is divided from the active flight plan by a F-PLAN DISCONTINUITY and only consists of the final waypoints for ILSO4L and does not include any TRANS or VIA waypoints.

As ATC advises us to fly a holding at NERAS at an altitude of 4.000 feet we have to climb from 2.000 (set GA ALT) to 4.000 feet. So change the altitude on FCU ALT to 4000 and push the knob. Then the plane will climb to FL40.

Descent or Climb-to-Altitude On the Infobar you will see the following message: CHANGE FCU ALT FOR NEW APPROACH OR START APPROACH CL (MCDU OR KEY 1).



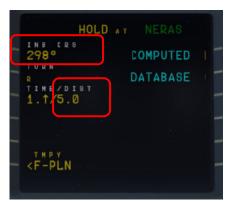
Picture 75: ND – G/A flight path for LFMN ILS04L

Before reaching NERAS we will enter a holding into the F-PLAN to wait for further instructions from ATC.

- MCDU FPLAN: Scroll to NERAS (should be at the beginning e. g. before the FPLAN DISCONTINUITY) and push the respective LSK L.
- HOLD: Push LSK 3L

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- INBOUND COURSE: Enter 298 according to the aeronautical charts (LSK 1L)
- **DISTANCE**: Enter "/5.0" as distance of the holding (LSK 3L)



Picture 76: MCDU – F-PLAN – Entering a holding at NERAS

- TEMPORARY F-PLAN: Push LSK 6L
- TEMPORARY INSERT: Insert the TEMPORARY F-PLAN Push LSK 6R

A "HOLD R" is entered into the FPLAN after NERAS (please see picture below).



Picture 77: After entering a holding at NERAS

Now there are two options to continue the flight:

A. Another attempt to land at LFMN ILSO4L

- Only the FINAL waypoints for LFMN ILSO4L (NI77 and NI51) have automatically been added to the FPLAN.
- But we are advised to use TRANS/VIA "NERAS" again for our approach. So please push LSK6L, then ARRIVAL LSK1R and using LSK2L (VIA) select NERAS. Between F-PLAN DISCONTINUITY and NI77 now the waypoint for the NERAS approach are inserted.

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Picture 78: After entering VIA NERAS for new approach

 Delete = CLR the FPLAN-DISCONTINUITY between HOLD R and NERAS (first waypoint for another approach at LFMN ILS04L).



Picture 79: After deleting F-PLAN DISCONTINUITY

- If the F-PLAN DISCONTINUITY is not cleared and NERAS (last waypoint of the GA flight path) is reached
 or HOLD R is left, the FMGS will go into PPOS Mode, where it will revert to Basic AP Modes (HDG and
 VS/ALT/ALT*).
- EXIT HOLD R: Push the respective LSK R on the F-PLAN page to exit the holding



Picture 80: After EXIT the holding

Fly another approach.

As in the "real" Airbus there are no ALT/SPD PREDICTIONS available in GA phase. Also, there is no DECEL point calculated and symbol displayed on the ND during GA phase. The APPR PHASE (MCDU – PERF - APPR) has to be manually activated as well as previously the APPROACH CL (MCDU or Key 1). In our case start both after leaving the holding on the way to AZR26.



Picture 81: ND – After activating flight path for another attempt

If there is no ALT change to your next waypoint please start the APPR CL manually (MCDU 2 or from the keyboard using "1"). As in our case there is no ALT change between NERAS and AZR26 (= 4.000 feet) so after leaving HOLD R start the APPR CL manually.

B. Diversion to another Airport

Please see chapter 7.2 – Alternate Destinations – for details.

5.24 After Landing

AFTER LANDING												
NO.	PANEL			ACTION			REMARK					
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REIVIARA					
299				Ground Speed >35 / Dir. to runway > 15 °			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected					
300	GLARESHIELD	CHRONO	7	CHRONO	STOP		Push upper right button					
301	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	NOSE LIGHTS	ON	CoP						
302	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	LANDING LIGHTS	OFF	CoP						
303	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	STROBE LIGHT = OFF or AUTO	If ON = OFF	CoP						
304	PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS MODE SEL	STBY	СоР						
305	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS	RETRACT	СоР	FSX: F6					
306	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MODE SEL	NORM	Сор						
307	PEDESTAL	WXR	11	WXR: SET system to OFF	SET	Сор						
308	EFIS	FD / ILS	3	ILS LOCALIZER (LS)	OFF	СоР	EFIS					
309	OVERHEAD	APU	10	APU MASTER and APU START	ON							
310	PEDESTAL	SP.BRAKES	6	GRND SPLRS	DISARM	СоР	FSX: /					
311	ECAM	WHEEL PAGE	1	BRAKE TEMP all wheels = > 300 degrees	CHECK		Checklist complete					

- 301. Exterior Lights: Set "NOSE" light to "ON".
- 309. APU START: Becomes available 10 seconds after starting APU MASTER

AES Open the AES (CTRL+SHIFT+W) or GSX (CRTL + F12) window. In AES / GSX select the option "F2 – GSX: Increment Position" until you see the gate position: A14 and then select "F3 – Request Follow-Me to selected Position". Follow the car. When you are at the gate and have set the parking brakes to ON you will hear "Blocks in position" i.e. you have reached the right position.

5.25 Parking

PARKING												
NO.	PANEL			ACTION			REMARK					
	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REIVIARR					
312	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	ATC (if no AUTO position)	STBY / OFF							
313	OVERHEAD	ANTI-ICE	8	ANTI ICE (WING and ENGINES 1&2)	CHECK = OFF							
314	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	GROUND CONTACT	ESTABLISH		If ATC is used					
315	PEDESTAL	P.BRAKE	7	PARKING BRAKE ON	SET ON		FSX: CTRL + . (period)					
316	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MASTER 1 & 2	OFF		Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected					
317	MCDU R	GRND SERV		CHOCKS	SET	CoP						
318	PEDESTAL	P.BRAKE	7	PARKING BRAKE	OFF	CoP	FSX: . (period)					
319	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	11	SEAT BELTS	OFF	CoP						
320	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	BEACON LIGHT	OFF	CoP						
321	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	TAXI LIGHT.	OFF	СоР						

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322	OVERHEAD	ANTI-ICE	8	WING & ENGINE ANTI ICE = OFF	CHECK	Cop	
323	OVERHEAD	FUEL	2	FUEL PUMPS	OFF	CoP	OFF should appear / Checklist complete
324	MCDU R	GRND SERV		CONES	SET		
325	MCDU R	GRND SERV		ESTABLISH EXTERNAL POWER	CONNECT		
326	OVERHEAD	EXT POWER	6	EXT. POWER = AVAILABLE	SET TO ON		
327	OVERHEAD	APU	10	APU MASTER	SET TO OFF		
328	MCDU	MENU	ACFT DOORS	DOORS	OPEN (AS REQUIRED)		

- 318. **CHOCKS / PARKING BRAKE:** Because the brakes have to cool off after landing, the parking brake can be released after the chocks have been set. The plane is then just held by the chocks only.
- 325. **EXT POWER:** Depending on the situation at the airport direct external power or delivered by a GPU is used to deliver the power needed. Please select the equivalent. For Vienna we just use EXTERNAL POWER (no GPU).
- 327. APU: After the connection to external power is established the APU can be set to OFF.
- AES Open the AES (CTRL+SHIFT+W) or GSX window (CRTL + F12) and select your options.

GSX:

5 Minutes after the "Parking CL" has been finished the complete system (incl. MCDU) is automatically reset and you are able to prepare for a "turnaround" e. g. starting again with the "Cockpit Preparation CL". A specific information is available in the infobar.

5.26 Securing Aircraft

SECU	SECURING AIRCRAFT						
NO.	PANEL			ACTIO	REMARK		
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	REWARK	
329	OVERHEAD	ADIRS		ADIRS (1 + 2 + 3)	OFF		
330	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	NAV. LIGHTS	OFF		
331	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	11	NO SMOKING & EMERGENCY LIGHT	OFF		
332	MCDU	MENU	ACFT DOORS	DOORS	CLOSE (AS REQUIRED)		
333	OVERHEAD	EXT. PWR	6	EXT PWR	AS REQUIRED		
334	OVERHEAD	ELEC	5	GEN 1 + 2 (Electric Generators)	PRESS	OFF should appear	
335	PEDESTAL	INT. LIGHT	3	INTEG LT	OFF		
336	MAIN PANEL	PFD LIGHT	8	SWITCH	OFF		
337	MAIN PANEL	ND LIGHT	8	SWITCH	OFF		
338	ECAM	DIMMER	4	SWITCH UPPER and LOWER	OFF		
339	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	RADIO CONTROL PANEL	OFF		
340	PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS = STBY	SET		
341	OVERHEAD	BATTERIES	4	BAT 1 + 2	OFF		

- 330. Exterior Lights: Switch off all exterior lights.
- XXX. Cockpit "COLD DARK": Now the status of the cockpit should be "COLD DARK". All systems and switches should be "OFF". Before switching the batteries to OFF the panel should look like in the following picture:

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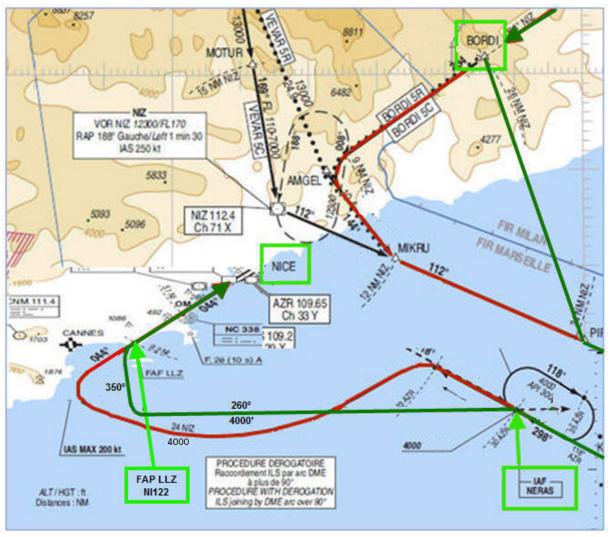
Picture 82: Overhead Panel before switching OFF both batteries

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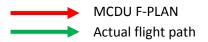
6. Vector Approach using DIR TO and RADIAL IN

This part of the tutorial uses also the flightplan LOWILFMN01 (Innsbruck to Nice) but covers only the descent from cruise level and the vector approach into Nice = LFMN 04L. It is mainly based on input from Frank "The Dude" (a RW-pilot) how a RW vector approach is flown into LFMN ILS 04L.

FLIGHTPATH APPROACH LFMN ILSO4L



Picture 83: Vector approach flight path into LFMN



ATC only makes us leave our cruising altitude when they have some sort of ATC competence boundary where they have to hand us over to somebody else. On our flight to Nice that would be BORDI. This is the ATC border between Italy and France. The French want us in FL170 when entering their airspace. The reason is that Nice outbound planes going towards Italian airspace. So the Italian ATC would clear us well ahead of BORDI.

After passing EVANO we will receive ATC instructions for descent::

- o ATC AUA319 Cleared FL170 reach latest at BORDI. Call me leaving
- o PM AUA319 Cleared FL170 reach latest at BORDI. Will call you when leaving

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Because we are at FL310 this means a descent of 14000' equivalent to app. 42 NM (1000' descent every 3 miles at a V/S of -2500). Adding some "reserve" we should therefore start our descent app. 15 NM before ENOBA.

6.1 Prepare the MCDU PERF APPR page



Picture 84: MCDU PERF APPR page

6.2 20 NM before ENOBA manually start the DESCENT PREPARATION CL



Picture 85: Start of DESC PREP CL

- 6.3 Set the FCU ALT to 17000'.
- 6.4 15 NM before ENOBA initiate descent to 17000': Push the V/S knob and set the V/S rate to -2500 (FMA = VS -2500)

Inform ATC that you are leaving your cruise altitude:

- o PM AUA319 left FL310 descend FL170 at BORDI
- o ATC AUA319 leaving FL310 descend FL170 at BORDI
- 6.5 We will reach FL170 app. 5 NM before BORDI

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Picture 86: Reaching new FL170 before BORDI

Reaching BORDI we get further ATC instructions

- ATC AUA319 Fly DIR TO PIRAM, descend FL080 reach latest at PIRAM
- o PM AUA319 DIR TO PIRAM, descend FL080 reach latest at PIRAM
- 6.6 Set the FCU ALT to 8000'.
- 6.7 Initiate descent to 8000': Push the V/S knob and set the V/S rate to -2000 (FMA = VS -2000)
- 6.8 MCDU / DIR TO select PIRAM and INSERT



Picture 87: ND after entering PIRAM as DIR TO

App. before PIRAM (below 10000 feet)

- PM Nice approach, AUA319 requesting radar vectors ILS04L
- ATC Roger AUA319 expect radar vectors
- o PM AUA319, expecting radar vectors

Reaching PIRAM we get further ATC instructions

- o ATC AUA319 direct NERAS, FL040 reach at NERAS
- PM AUA319 direct NERAS, FL040 reach at NERAS
- 6.9 Enter FL040 into FCU and push the knob (no VS rate necessary because 4000' is already an ALT CSTR for NERAS in the F-PLAN (FMA = DES).

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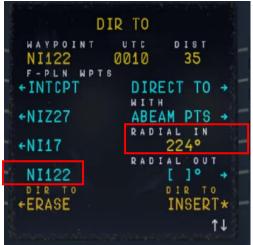


Picture 88: ND after passing PIRAM

6.10 Transition Altitude = 5.000'

At NERAS

- o ATC AUA319 turn right HDG 260 remain FL040, radar vectors ILS runway 04L
- o PM AUA319, turning right HDG 260 FL040
- 6.11 PF pulls HDG knob on FCU and selects HDG 260
- 6.12 PF selects MCDU / DIR TO= NI122 (= FAP) and RADIAL IN 224 (044° plus 180°)





Picture 89: Selecting DIR TO and RADIAL IN

Picture 90: ND flight path after DIR TO and RADIAL IN

6.13 PF pulls HDG knob again to disarm the blue NAV mode in the PFD

At app. 18 NM ND distance to VOR 2 STP = St. Tropez

- o ATC AUA319 turn right HDG 350 intercept localizer cleared ILS 04L
- o PM AUA319 turning right HDG 350 intercept localizer -cleared ILS 04L

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Picture 91: ND flight path before changing HDG 350°

6.14 PF selects HDG 350 on FCU



Picture 92: ND flight path after changing HDG 350°

- 6.15 Arm the FCU APPR mode by pushing the APPR knob.
- 6.16 When the approach mode is armed also switch on the second AP.



Picture 93: ND flight path after arming APPR mode

6.17 APPROACH CL starts automatically - after finishing manually activate the MCDU / PERF / APPR PHASE

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6.18 The plane turns into the RADIAL IN course



Picture 94: Approaching RADIAL IN

6.19 When near the RADIAL IN course the final approach flight path becomes active



Picture 95: Final Approach Flight Path

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7. Non Precision Approach (NPA)

7.1 Introduction

This part is meant to serve as a simple Non-Precision Approach Guide to pilots, unfamiliar with all the tools the airbus provides for such an approach. This part of the guide is written by Joshua (developer) and a real world Airbus A 320 pilot. But still there might be some deviations from Real World Procedures.

There are 3 different procedures to fly an NPA with an Airbus, but for all NPAs the "Bird" is set to ON and used.

SELECTED MODE

• Selected Selected Mode

(Vertical and lateral path are selected in the FCU)

Selected Managed Mode

(Vertical path is selected and lateral path in the FCU is "managed")

MANAGED MODE

(Everything is in "managed" mode e. g. FCU, FMGC and GPS should be "primary", as well as the "accuracy" = set to high)

Additionally it is important, if a **Stabilized Approach** is flown, like Airbus recommends it for an NPA or if a **Decelerated Approach** is used. Both procedures are explained below:

Stabilized Approach:

VAPP is set as a "speed constraint" for the FAF (in our tutorial flight = GAR09)- if this is not happened automatically – and the plane then is "fully configured" at this point. This means the procedure to configure the plane for landing starts quite early. Even that Airbus recommends this procedure, most ATC-Controllers do not accept if the plane flies so early already with app. 140kt. This is the reason why in reality the Decelerated Approach is the "normal" procedure.

• Decelerated Approach:

- a. Lateral stabilized,
- b. "APPR PHASE" activated e. g. flying with "green dot" speed -,
- c. 3 NM before FAF (in our tutorial flight = GAR09) = Flaps set to 1,
- d. 2000 ft AGL = (in our tutorial flight = MAPT / DMH), flaps set to 2, landing gear = down, spoilers armed, taxi- and landing lights are switched on,
- e. Below VFE = flaps are set to 3,
- f. Next below VFE = flaps are set to FULL
- g. Landing Checklist

If the Checklist- and Copilot- functions are switched on the necessary settings for points c to g are automatically made by the PM.

7.1.2 Selected Mode:

As the name describes the PF is responsible to "select" the right settings on the FCU. As soon as the plane is "stabilized" (at latest 1nm before FAF = GAR09) the FPA is set to the chosen flight path angle (-3.4°) and activated 0.2 - 0.3 NM before FAF.

7.1.3. Managed Mode:

After receiving the "clearance" for the approach, push the APPR and the TRK/FPA pushbuttons on the FCU. The FMA now should display APP NAV and FINAL in cyan = "armed". Also the V/DEV ("brick") should appear. But this happens only if the LS pushbutton is not set to ON. In case LS is ON the V/DEV

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should blink in amber.

To change now to the Final APP Mode the following must be given:

- Before the VIP (vertical interception point) the plane must be vertical as well as lateral stabilized (*in our tutorial flight at GAR09*).
- The Approach Phase should be activated (happens automatically when passing the "Deceleration Points" which is app. 15nm before the landing or has to be activated manually in the FMGC)
- APP NAV must be engaged and FINAL APP "armed" (see FCU)

How to select the "managed" or "selected" mode, you know already e. g. to draw or push the required buttons (drawing = "selected" and pushing = "managed").

Of course the PM assists the PF during the approach by calling the distances as well as altitudes so that it is possible for the PF to check the "glide path". But this is a brief check of the raw data only. At "Minimum" the autopilot is switched off (happens automatically – 50 feet below "Minimum") and the flight is continued visually. If a landing is not possible under those conditions then a GOAROUND has to be performed.

The following short tutorial for a flight from Vienna to Corfu is an NPA in Managed Mode and using an Decelerated Approach.

7.2 Settings / Flightplan used for the Tutorial

We are using the A319 for this flight with a ZFW of app. 48.445 kg (80 passengers and 2.000 kg cargo) as well as a fuel load of 8.575 kg (according to the Load-/Fuel-Planner – in Advanced Mode -).

The flight plan will be as follows:

Departure: LOWW (Vienna/Austria) - Runway: 16 - SID: SASA2B

Flight: SASAL - UZ21 - BABIT - UT23 - TADAM - UM127 - VAL - UN732 - PITAS

Arrival: LGKR (Corfu/Greece) – Runway: 35 = VOR 35-Y – STAR: PITAS2J – TRANS: DIREX

You can manually enter the flight plan or use the existing one LOWWLGKR01. But after loading there is a F-PLAN DISCONTINUITY between BETAK (end of STAR PITAS2J) and DIREX. Please CLR it.

7.3 Weather LGKR

The expected METAR data for our approach at LGKR are as follows:

Temperature: 25 degrees C **Wind**: At 344 degrees at 4 knots

QNH: 1010 HPa

Please adjust the FSX weather settings accordingly.

This weather is perfect for using any approach, so we will use VOR35-Y and **STAR** PITA2J (marked in red on the charts you will find in 6.5) and **TRANS** DIREX (marked in blue).

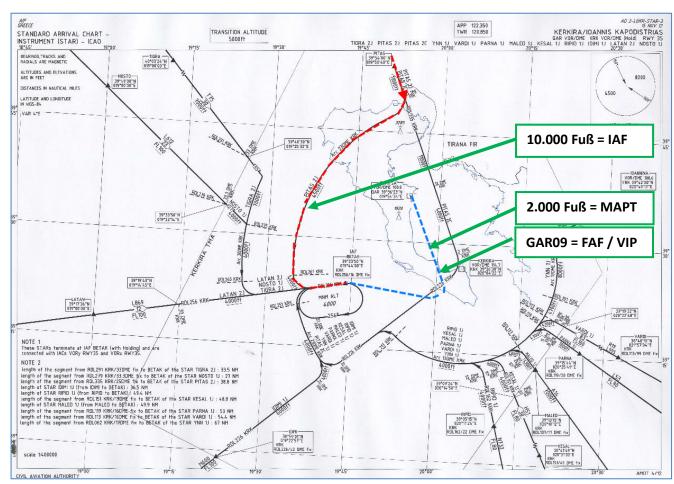
7.4 Checklist- and Copilot Function

We suggest using the Checklist as well as Copilot Function for this flight because then you are fully able to concentrate on this NPA procedure.

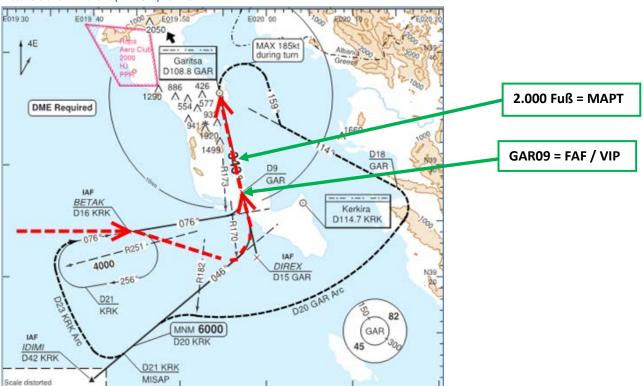
7.5 Charts used for this NPA at LGKR Rwy35

The charts we need for this approach you will find below. Additional charts for this approach can be found here http://www.hvacc.org/site/en/pilots/downloads/charts/category/33-corfu-lgkr

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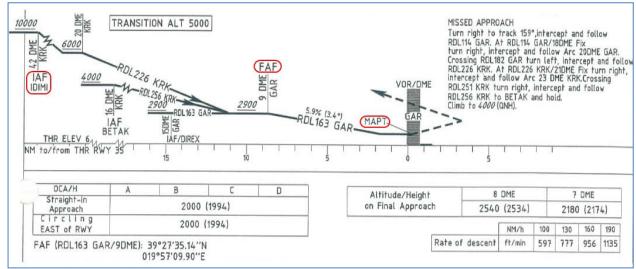
Picture 96: STAR chart (PITAS2J) for LGKR



Picture 97: Rwy35-y VOR chart for LGKR

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7.6 Approach Brief



Picture 98: Vertical information for Rwy35-y for LGKR

This is the vertical information of the IAC Chart. Take note of the three things circled on the chart, namely IAF, FAF or VIP, and MAPT.

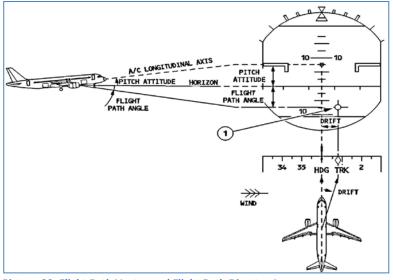
The approach is divided into three following sections:

- 1. **IAF** is the Initial Approach Fix, which denotes the start of *Initial Approach*.
- 2. **FAF** is the Final Approach Fix and **VIP** (vertical Interception Point), which denotes the start of Final Approach.
- 3. **MAPT** is the Missed Approach Point. At this point, the pilot must GO AROUND if he doesn't have visual with the runway or if the approach is not stable at that point.

Note: DECEL point is usually in-between IAF and FAF.

7.7 Required PFD Symbology Knowledge

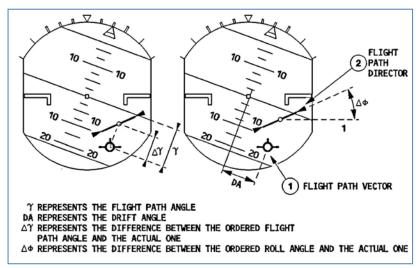
Before we begin the actual tutorial, you should know the basic PFD symbology that will be used on this approach.



Picture 99: Flight Path Vector and Flight Path Director 1

The illustration here on the left hand side of the page explains the Flight Path Vector and Flight Path Director, also known as the FPV/FPD or Birdie. This symbology appears when the pilot selects TRK/FPA on the FCU.

It is important to be able to read, understand and interpret the FPV/FPD in a timely fashion as workload during a NPA can be quite high.



Picture 100: Flight Path Vector and Flight Path Director 2

7.8 Descent Preparation and Descent

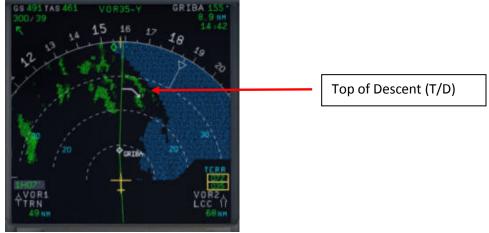
• Fill in the MCDU PERF Approach Page as follows:



QNH, TEMP and MAG/WIND are according to the expected METAR data (6.3). The transition altitude for LGKR is 5.000 feet and the BARO = MDA (minimum descent altitude) according to the chart = 2.000 feet.

Picture 101: MCDU PERF APPR page

- Set the "to descent to altitude" on the FCU to 2.900 feet = GAR09 where we will start our final approach but do not yet push the ALT knob.
- You will reach T/D app. a few miles before GRIBA.



Picture 102: Top of Descent

• Reaching T/D start descent by pushing the FCU ALT knob.



Picture 103: Descent Flight Path

7.9 Initial Approach Fix (IAF)

The IAF for LGKR VOR RWY 35-y is below 10.000 feet (please see chart – picture 67).

At IAF you should already have:

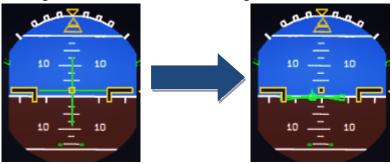
- 1. Filled in the MCDU Approach Page (6.8).
- 2. Already briefed on the Missed Approach Procedures.
- 3. Be cleared by ATC for the approach

When passing the IAF, you should begin to setup your displays to give you the necessary information for your approach. You should (in no particular order):

ARM the APPR as well as the TRK/FPA button on the FCU.



Pressing the TRK/FPA button on the FCU gets the birdie on the PFD.



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• Switch the ND to Rose Mode = Rose VOR or to Arc Mode and set range to an appropriate range.



Pressing the APPR button will arm the FINAL Mode on the MCDU which will provide FINAL APP vertical and lateral guidance.



Picture 104: After passing 10.000 feet = IAF

7.10 Deceleration Point

You will reach the DECEL point app. 3 NM before DIREX



Picture 105: Deceleration Point

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After Passing DECEL,

• APPR Phase activates on the MCDU and the VDEV Scale replaces the VDEV magenta dot.



- We highly recommend using the speed brakes after activating the APPR PHASE until the magenta square on the VDEV scale is in the middle of the scale as shown in the picture above.
- ALT and NAV FMA replaced by FINAL APP FMA.





Picture 106: FINAL APP activated after passing DECEL Point



Picture 107: Passing DIREX – Direction GAR09 and LGKR VOR 35-y

• The Copilot should have prepared the plane for the final approach i. e. you are flying already with FLAPS 1. Don't hesitate to use speed brake where deemed neccesary.

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7.11 Final Approach Fix (FAF)

The FAF for LGKR VOR RWY 35-y is at GAR09 (please see chart – picture 80).



Picture 108: Before FAF = GAR09



Picture 109: Passing GAR09 = FAF

After Passing FAF the plane should start to descent following the V/DEV flight path.

- Check that FINAL APP is green on the FMA.
- Check A/THR Mode is SPEED Mode.
- Monitor Position and Flight Path is within acceptable limits.
- ECAM LDG Memo should be green.
- Set GA Altitude. (4000 is set according to the Missed Approach Instructions)



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7.12 Minimum Decision Altitude (MDA)

At MAP/MDA (which is set to 2.000 feet)

- Check LDG MEMO is all green.
- Approach is stable.
- Visual with runway.

If those conditions are met the captain will announce "LANDING".

- Disconnect AP and proceed to fly manually
- Turn FD off
- Set TRK on the FCU to runway track (=345).

Failure to disconnect AP by MDA will result in automatic AP disconnection at MDA-50 ft. The PFD altitude display after passing the MDA will change to "yellow".



Picture 110: Manual Approach after passing MDA (ND = ARC mode)

If decision is to GO AROUND, announce "GO AROUND".

- Set the thrust levers to MAN TOGA
- Set the AP to ON
- Fly the Missed Approach path

If the checklist- and copilot funtions are set ON just follow the checklist......

7.13 Summary

AT	Position	Action
IAF	< 10.000 feet / 11.5 NM -> R256W	Arm APPR and TRK/FPA
D-Point	app. 7.5 NM before DIREX	V/DEV replaces "magenta dot" and FMA = FINAL APP
FAF/VIP	At GAR09	Plane starts to descent automatically
MDA	At 2.000 feet	Set AP and FD = OFF

Remember:

- If you are flying a GA-procedure in connection with an NPA please remember that compared to a normal ILS-Approach below the Minimum Altitude the AUTOPILOT is OFF. So initiating the Go-Around you have to set the AUTOPILOT again to ON.
- The same is valid in case of a new approach for the APPR. Set it to ON when clearing the F-PLAN DISCONTINUITY between the last waypoint of the GA flightpath and the first waypoint of the new FINAL.
- During GA-procedure and in case of a new approach the automatic activation of the MCDU APPR PHASE does not work. It has to be manually activated. There is also no DECEL-point displayed on the ND.

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8. A318 - Steep Approach

8.1 Introduction

This part is meant to serve as a simple A318 Steep Approach Guide to pilots, unfamiliar with all the tools the airbus provides for such an approach. This part of the guide is edited by a real world Airbus A 320 pilot. But still there might be some deviations from Real World Procedures.

MANAGED MODE

We are using for this "Managed Mode".

8.2 Settings / Flightplan used for the Tutorial

We are using the A318 for this flight with a ZFW of app. 48.228 kg (80 passengers and 2.000 kg cargo) as well as a fuel load of 7.419 kg (according to the Load-/Fuel-Planner – in Advanced Mode -).

The flight plan (using FL 310) will be as follows:

Departure: EDDH (Hamburg/Germany) – **Runway:** 23 – **SID**: WSR9B

Flight: WSR N125 DOBAK UN125 EEL UN872 PAM UL980 XAMAN L980 LOGAN Arrival: EGLC (London-City/ Great Britain) Runway: 27 = ILS27 – STAR: SPEA1B

You can manually enter the flight plan or use the existing one EDDHEGLC01. But after loading there is a F-PLAN DISCONTINUITY between SPEAR (end of STAR SPEA1B) and LSR06 (FINAL). Please CLR it.

8.3 Weather EGLC

The expected METAR data for our approach at EGLC are as follows:

QNH: 1021 HPa Temperature: 20 degrees C

Wind: At 270 degrees at 7 knots

Please adjust the FSX weather or add-on settings accordingly. If you do not know how to do this then just select "Fair Weather" in FSX. This weather is perfect for using runway 27, so we will use ILS27 and **STAR** SPEA1B (marked in red on the charts you will find in 7.5).

8.4 Checklist- and Copilot Function

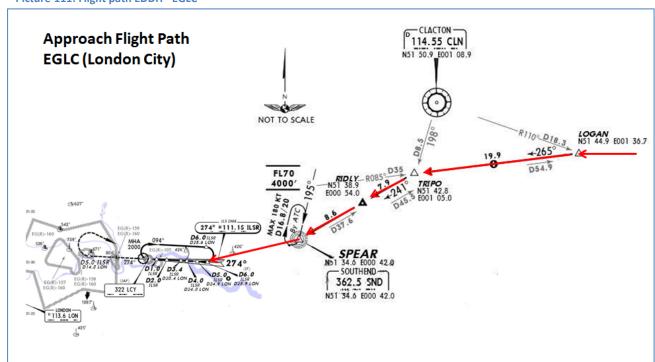
We suggest using the Checklist as well as Copilot Function for this flight because then you are fully able to concentrate on this Steep Approach procedure.

8.5 Flight path and Charts used for this Steep Approach at EGLC Rwy27

The flight path and charts we need for this approach you will find below. Additional charts for this approach can be found here http://www.ukvirtual.co.uk/dl/charts/eglc.pdf.



Picture 111: Flight path EDDH - EGLC



Picture 112: STAR chart (SPEA1B) for EGLC

The approach is divided into three following sections:

- IAF is the Initial Approach Fix, which denotes the start of *Initial Approach*.
- **FAP** is the Final Approach Point (for ILS landings) and **VIP** (Vertical Interception Point), which denotes the start of *Final Approach*.
- **DA** is the Decision Altitude at which the pilot must GO AROUND if he doesn't have visual with the runway or if the approach is not stable at that point.

Note: DECEL point is usually in-between IAF and FAP.

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8.6 MCDU PERF APPR PAGE

MCD	MCDU PERF APPR PAGE						
NO. PANEL ACTION						REMARK	
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	REIVIANK	
1	MCDU	PERF	APPR	QNH, TEMP, MAG WIND	ENTER DATA		
2	MCDU	PERF	APPR	TRANS ALT	ENTER DATA	= 6000	
3	MCDU	PERF	APPR	BARO / RADIO	ENTER DATA	= BARO 550	
4	MCDU	PERF	APPR	VAPP	ENTER DATA		
5	MCDU	PERF	APPR	LDG CONF	CHECK		



Picture 113: MCDU PERF APPR page

- 1. **QNH; TEMP; MAG WIND:** Enter data (for arrival airport EGLC) according to expected METAR data 7.3. But if you use FSX "Fair Weather" then just enter QNH=1013/TEMP=20/and MAG/WIND=270/0.
- 2. **TRANSITION LEVEL:** (TRANS ALT) for EGLC = 6000 feet (because it is different from transition altitude of departure airport EDDH = 5.000) it has to be entered.
- 3. BARO DA (decision altitude): According to the chart for EGLC it is a CAT1 ILS approach. Do not get confused by the CAT 3 FMA on the PFD. This FMA only tells you what the airplane is capable of, not what the airport is offering. You can only fly a CAT 3 approach if both the FMA says CAT3 and the airport has a CAT3 ILS.

As we are flying an ILS CAT1 landing at EGLC we have to enter a Barometric-altimeter DA (decision altitude). Barometric-altimeter MDA/DA is used for NPA, RNAV as well as ILS CAT1 whereas RADIO-altimeter DH (decision height) is used for ILS CAT2 and 3 landings. If there is no manual input a standard BARO value of 200 will automatically be entered by the Copilot. But as the actual BARO-DA value for our arrival airport EGLC (London City) Runway 27 and ILS approach is according to the charts = 550 so please enter this value.

The information about the available ILS CAT you can get from the charts. The category certification entails a lot of things. The most important one for CAT2 and CAT3 is a monitoring of the validity of the ILS signal and a backup power source. For charts there are a few different formats available but on every ILS chart you will see the capability of the ILS by looking at the minimums. In LIDO charts it is even spelled out CAT 1, Cat 2 etc. On Jeppesen/AIP charts you sometimes have an extra ILS CAT2/3 charts besides the ILS CAT 1 chart.

- 4. VAPP: It is the final approach speed, will automatically be calculated / inserted by the system and calculated in the following way: VLS plus 1/3 of the tower headwind component. The value of VAPP is limited so that it is never less than VLS + 5 or more than VLS +15. As a result, VAPP is increased above its minimum value for runway headwinds above 15 knots. VAPP correction is not increased further for headwinds exceeding 45 knots.
 - For STEEP APPROACH into EGLC it is necessary to add another 3 KTS to the calculated VAPP.
- 5. **LDG CONF:** (Landing Configuration) If no value is entered manually it defaults to FULL. For STEEP APPROACH = FULL is required.

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8.7 Descent Preparation

DESC	DESCENT PREPARATION						
NO.	PANEL			ACTION			REMARK
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REIVIARK
6				1 min after CRZ level has been reached			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected
7				SEAT BELTS = ON or AUTO	CHECK and set to ON	Сор	
8	OVERHEAD	ANTI-ICE	8	ANTI ICE = OFF	CHECK		
9	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	LANDING INFORMATION	RECEIVED		If ATC is used
10	EFIS	A.PRESSURE	2	BARO REF = STANDARD	CHECK	Сор	
11	OVERHEAD	STEEP APPR	18	STEEP APPROACH BUTTON	PUSH		
12				BRIEFING "STEEP APPROACH"	PERFORM		
13	MCDU	PERF.	APPR	AIR PRESSURE ARRIVAL AIRPORT	"Checked" and readout	Сор	QNH= 1021
14	MCDU	PERF.	APPR	DECISION ALTITUDE	"Checked"	Сор	BARO = 550
15	MCDU	PERF.	APPR	LDG CONF (Flaps)	"Checked"	CoP	Checklist complete

- 6. **DESCENT PREP. CL:** It now can be manually started 1 min after reaching CRZ LVL. 40 NM before T/D (CRUISE CL still active) a specific information on the INFOBAR pops up also showing the distance to the automatic start at 10 NM before the T/D. After the checklist has been finished a message on the infobar pops up "INITIATE DESCENT". Initiate descent when the T/D marker on the ND has been reached.
- 7. **SEAT BELT SIGN**: It is also OK if the switch is set to AUTO
- 8. ANTI ICE: Should be OFF but if ANTI ICE is ON it is also accepted condition then will be confirmed
- 10. **BARO REF**: As we are flying higher than the "transition altitude" it should already be set to "Standard" i.e. nothing has to be done.
- 11. **STEEP APPROACH button:** Push the button on the Overhead so that it lights up and show ON in green.



Picture 114: Overhead Panel and STEEP APPR button

When this P/B is pressed in, all concerned computers (ELAC, SEC, FCDC, FAC, FMGC, FWC, EGPWS/T2CAS) check if the STEEP APPR function is available. If yes, the P/B 'ON' light illuminates in green, and the green memo 'STEEP APPR' appears on ECAM



Picture 115: UPPER ECAM – Steep Approach Button = ON

- 12. **Briefing "Steep Approach":** with the following key points:
 - Landing configuration (STEEP APPR P/B pushed + Gear Down + CONF FULL + SPD BRKS lever position FULL)
 - VLSPFD=VREF+8Kt in steep approach configuration
 - Automatic call-outs "Standby / Standby / Flare"
 - PM call-out "Flare" at 60ft RA for redundancy with automatic "Flare" call-out at 63ft
 - Retard thrust levers to IDLE at flare initiation
 - Below 2000ft, Final Approach interrupted for Amber or Red warning except if immediate landing is safer (fire or smoke)
 - In case of Go Around, SPD BRKS lever must be retracted by PF (redundant action with automatic retraction)

8.8 Descent

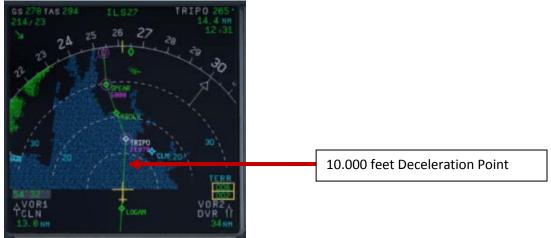
DESC	DESCENT						
NO.	PANEL			ACTION			REMARK
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REWARK
16	FCU	ALT	3	INSERT NEW HEIGHT	INSERT		= 4.000
17	FCU	ALT	3	INITIATE DESCENT	PUSH KNOB		
18	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	DESCENT	MONITOR		
19	PEDESTAL	SP BRAKES	6	SET	AS REQUIRED		
20				Vert. Mode = DES / Desc.Prep.CL = compl.			Starts next Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected
21	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	FMA	CHECK		
22	PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS = TILT BELOW	CHECK and SET	СоР	
23				At 10.000 feet:			
24	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	LANDING LIGHTS	ON	CoP	
25	EFIS	FD / ILS	3	ILS LOCALIZER (LS)	PUSH	СоР	EFIS
26				At Transition Altitude			= 5000
27	EFIS	A PRESSURE	2	BARO REF to actual pressure value	SET / X CHECK	СоР	Checklist complete

- 16. **Descent to Altitude: Before the T/D** (Top of Descent) point (near REFSO) is reached (marked on the ND flight path by a white arrow showing down), **the altitude should be set to 2.000 feet**. But do not push the knob before T/D is not reached
- 17. Initiating Descent: There are various methods for descent but we will use:

Managed Mode:. Reaching T/D or if the T/D marker disappears or DECELERATE is displayed on the PFD (whatever happens first): Just push the knob. The aircraft will now start to descend automatically according to the flight path calculated in the MCDU – F-PLN.

Picture 116: Top of Descent – Initiate descent

23. At 10.000 feet: As soon as the altitude of 10.000 feet is reached the speed restriction of 250 knots becomes valid. Therefore the aircraft automatically reduces the target speed to 250 knots already at 11.000 feet app. 9 NM before TRIPO.



Picture 117: ND: Deceleration Point

The IAF (Initial Approach Fix) for EGLC RWY ILS27 is below 5.000 feet e. g. at the waypoint SPEAR. At this point = IAF you should already have:

- 4. Filled in the MCDU Approach Page (7.6).
- 5. Already briefed on the Missed Approach Procedures.
- 6. Be cleared by ATC for the approach

When passing the IAF, you should begin to setup your displays to give you the necessary information for your approach. You should (in no particular order):

• Switch the ND to Rose Mode = Rose NAV or to Arc Mode and set range to an appropriate range.



Picture 118: Settings for ND mode and range

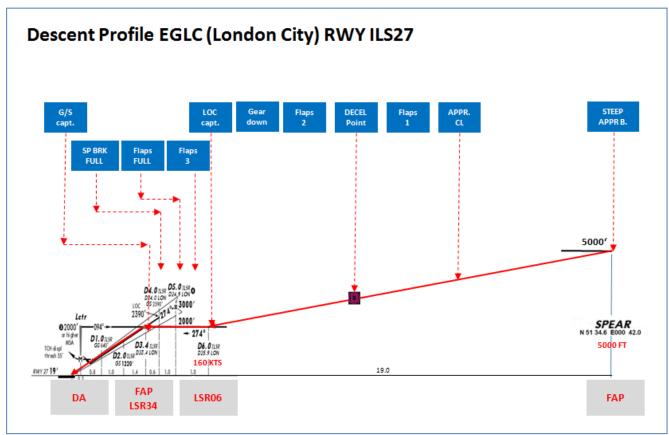
24. **LS Pushbutton:** If the button is used (normally when passing 10.000 feet) the "Vertical Glideslope" as well as the "Lateral Localizer" shows up on the PFD. The ND display shows ILS27 on top as soon as the

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remaining distance to destination is 250 NM or less.

- 25. **Transition Altitude:** Setting up the MCDU PERF APPR page we set it to 6.000 feet for the approach (#2). So at this altitude the Barometric Reference Value will be set (as well as on ISIS).
- 27. **Baro Ref Cross Check**: The QNH value entered in the MCDU PERF APPR page is used by the copilot. If no value has been entered there then the current ambient pressure value will be used (= keyboard [B]). It is not mandatory to fill the QNH-field in the MCDU PERF APPR page. But if a value is entered the unit used (inHg or hPa) must be identical with the settings the FCU QNH display. If the unit is later changed the value in MCDU PERF APPR page automatically will be adjusted. The FSX standard conversion ratio of 1.013 = 29.92 is used for this baro function.

Like in reality the copilot enters those figures in visible steps and not at once. Then there is a pause of 2 seconds - during which the user can enter a different value – before the checklists continues.



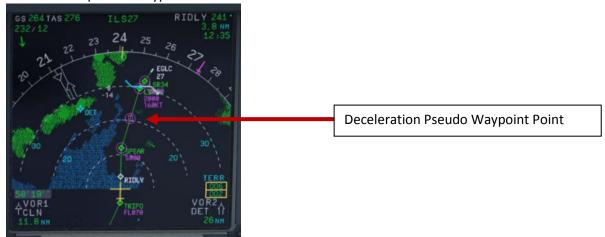
Picture 119: Descent Profile for RWY ILS27 into LGLC

8.9 Approach

APPF	APPROACH							
NO.		PANEL		ACTION			REMARK	
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REIVIARK	
28				5 NM before DECEL pseudo waypoint			Starts next Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected	
29	ECAM	ECAM	1	ECAM MESSAGE	CHECK			
30				SLIDING TABLE S - STOWED	STOWED	СоР		
31	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	11	CABIN SIGNS = ON	CHECK or set to ON			
32	MCDU	PROG		NAV ACCURANCY	CHECK			
33	EFIS	A.PRESSURE	2	BARO REF CROSS CHECK	SET and Read out	СоР	Checklist complete	
34				Initial approach:				
35	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	11	SEAT BELTS	CHECK ON		AUTO is also OK	
36	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MODE	CHECK NORM			
37				Approx. 15 NM from touchdown:				
38	MCDU	PROG		NAV ACCURANCY	MONITOR			
39	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	POSITIONING	MONITOR			

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28. Approach CL: The APPROACH CL now is available for manually start (MCDU2 CHECKLIST MENU = marked in orange) app. 10 NM before the DECEL pseudo waypoint and a message pops up on the INFOBAR showing the distance and explains the start options. It starts automatically app. 5 NM before DECEL pseudo waypoint.



Picture 120: Decel Point

For the start of the APPROACH CL it is not necessary anymore that the DESCENT CL has been finished. Even if the BARO CHECK has not yet been completed the APPROACH CL can be started. As a reminder in such a case "DESCENT CL" blinks on the right MCDU.

- 29. **ECAM Message:** There is a very important difference between caution (amber) and warning (red). If the CLR button is ON it is necessary previously to confirm a "warning" or "caution" message.
- 30. **Sliding Table:** If the copilots sliding table had been extended at cruise level. Even if the copilots function is set to OFF now the captains and copilots sliding tables will automatically be retracted.
- 31. Cabin Signs: SEAT BELTS=ON or AUTO (if OFF Cop sets to ON), NO SMOKING=ON
- 33. Baro Ref Cross Check: The QNH value entered in the MCDU PERF APPR page is used by the copilot. If no value has been entered there then the current ambient pressure value will be used (= keyboard [B]). It is not mandatory to fill the QNH-field in the MCDU PERF APPR page. But if a value is entered the unit used (inHg or hPa) must be identical with the settings the FCU QNH display. If the unit is later changed the value in MCDU PERF APPR page will be automatically adjusted. Like in reality the copilot enters those figures in visible steps and not at once. Then there is a pause of

2 seconds - during which the user can enter a different value – before the checklists continues. The FSX standard conversion rate of 1.013 = 29.92) is used for this baro function.

8.10 Final

There are two main modes for the approach: Using "Managed Speed" or "Selected Speed (manually)". Our Checklist- and Copilot-Function uses the "Managed Speed" mode. This means that the speed is automatically set by the MCDU and the flaps are manually deployed by the Copilot (based on the situation).

The Final CL activation is "independent" from the activation of the MCDU – PERF – APPR mode activation. The FINAL checklist will be automatically started after the APPR CL has been completed.

FINAL							
PANEL ACTION						REMARK	
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITOR	ING)	KEIVIAKK
40				Appr. CL has been completed			Starts next Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected
41	MCDU	PERF		APPR PHASE	ACTIVATE	CoP	
42				Green Dot Speed			
43	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS 1	SELECT	СоР	FSX: F7
44				S-Speed			
45	EWD	STATUS	4	Rad. Alt. > 2.100 ft = LANDING MEMO			
46	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS 2	SELECT	СоР	FSX: F7
47	MAIN PANEL	GEAR	7	L/G DOWN	SELECT	СоР	FSX: G
48	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	CALL: LOCALIZER ALIVE			

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49	FCU	APPR	6	APPR	PUSH		
50	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	CALL: LOCALIZER CAPTURED	CHECK		
51				When L/G down, below REF SPEED			
52	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS 3	SELECT	СоР	FSX: F7
53				Next REF SPEED:			
54	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS FULL	SELECT	СоР	FSX: F7 / Checklist complete
55	PEDESTAL	SPEED-BR.	6	GROUND SPOILERS / SPEED BRAKE	FULL	СоР	
56	FCU	ALT	4	GO AROUND ALT	SET TO 2.000 FEET	СоР	Just enter - do not push knob
57	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	NOSE LIGHT (if not TAXI)	ON	СоР	
58	MAIN PANEL	EWD	5	LANDING MEMO	CHECK NO BLUE		
59	FCU	SPD	1	Set speed to VApp	SET		= 135 (MCDU – PERF – APPR page)
60	PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS	SET TO "TA ONLY"		
61	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	CALL: GLIDESLOPE ALIVE			
62	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	CALL: GLIDESLOPE CAPTURED	CHECK		
63	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	FMA	CHECK		
64	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	LOC / GS CAPTURE	MONITOR		
65	ECAM	ECAM	1	ECAM WHEEL PAGE	CHECK		
66	FCU	ATHR	7	A/THR	CHECK SPD		
67	OVERHEAD	ANTI-ICE	8	WING ANTI ICE	CHECK OFF		

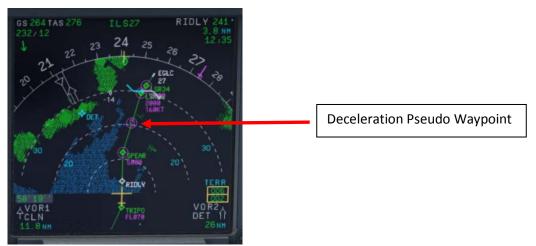
For the first waypoint (LSR06) of the FINAL waypoints into EGLC ILS RWY27 there is a speed constraint of 160 KTS. To comply with this constraint the speed just after passing SPEAR and before activation of the approach phase is already reduced to "Green Dot" speed (197 KTS). After "Green Dot" has been reached the flaps are set to 1 and the speed is reduced to S-Speed of 172 KTS. To further reduce the speed Flaps 2 are set and the plane starts to decelerates again to F-speed =136 knots. But because of the speed constraint at LSR06 of 160 knots we use "Selected Speed" e. g. draw the FCU SPD knob and set it to 160. After passing LSR06 please change the speed to 135 knots VAPP (please see #59 for details). This procedure is different from the normal procedure as stated below.

41. Initiate Approach Phase:

After the APPROACH CL has been finished the APPR PHASE in the MCDU PERF APPR page immediately should be manually activated (RW procedure).

If the MCDU F-PLAN DECEL pseudo waypoint (calculated by the FMGC to initiate deceleration in order to be stabilized at VAPP at a specified point on the approach profile, normally at 1000 feet AGL) is different from the point at which the APPR PHASE automatically will be initiated (7.200 feet radar altitude), it is ILS or NPA approach and distance to the airport less than 30 NM) a warning will appear on the INFOBAR "MCDU: Manually activate APPR PHASE".

- Manually activated by the user (MCDU PERF APPR page) if warning appears on the INFOBAR
 "MCDU: Manually activate APPR PHASE". In the "real world" the APPR PHASE is always activated
 manually and never automatically.
- Automatically at the Deceleration Pseudo Waypoint (please see picture below) if the APPROACH CL has been finished; the flight level is below 7.200 feet radar altitude, the RNAV mode is active and the distance to the airport is less than 30 NM. The (DECEL) pseudo waypoint is calculated by the FMGC to initiate deceleration in order to be stabilized at VAPP at a specified point on the approach profile, normally at 1000 feet AGL.



Picture 121: Deceleration Point

- 42. **Green Dot Speed / CLEAN:** After initiating the APPR Phase (#41) automatically the MCDU reduces the speed to "Green Dot Speed" (197 knots).
- 43. Flaps: During the approach the flaps will be slowly step by step extended from 1 (after reaching "Green Dot Speed") to FULL based on aircraft speed The flaps will be extended to 1 at least automatically 10 NM before the runway threshold if IAS is below VFE.
- 44. **S-Speed:** After the flaps are deployed by the Copilot to 1 the MCDU automatically reduces the speed to S-Speed (172 knots). If the plane does not slow down to S-Speed then just use the speed brakes until S-Speed is reached.
- 45. **Landing Memo:** The conditions for the Landing Memo are:
 - < 2100 feet RA above runway altitude for STEEP APPROACH
 - Flight mode: Cruise or Approach
 - Both thrust levers at or below CL detent

The "LANDING" checklist is "interrupted" until the "Landing Memo" becomes available in the Upper ECAM. The Copilot then continues with the settings i. e. flaps 2, gear down etc.

- 46. Flaps 2: At calculated speed (but must be lower than VFE = 200 knots) the flaps are automatically extended to 2 by the copilot (if = ON). If the calculated flaps 2 extension speed is higher than VFE the plane must be near MLW or even above. This means it is an emergency situation. In such a case do not use "Managed Speed", but set the speed manually to a value below VFE = 200 knots (e.g. 195 knots). The flaps then will be automatically extended by the copilot (if = ON). After the flaps have been extended to 2 you can again use "Managed Speed" for landing.
- 48. **LOC Alive:** Before LSR06 the localizer becomes "alive" and this will be confirmed by a PM call "LOCALIZER ALIVE". The conditions for this call are: The angle to the runway must be smaller than 90 ° and the Approach, Landing as well as BaroCheck are not active.



Picture 122: FINAL Flight Path

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- 49. **APPR Button:** Before passing LSR06 (you are already flying at LSR34) and after hearing the call "LOCALIZER ALIVE" = press the APPR button on the FCU.
- 50. LOC Capture: The "capture" will be confirmed i.e. lateral path has been caught. Please note: If you are pushing the APPR button too early (before turning to LSR06/LSR34) it might happen that the plane captures the localizer in the wrong direction. Please see also chapter 9.4 for details. First the lateral path will be caught (LOC* or LOC displayed on the PFD -FMA)
- 55. **GROUND SPOILERS:** For STEEP APPROACH it is necessary to set the Ground Spoilers (Speed Brakes) to FULL.
- GoAround ALT: This is the altitude a plane has to fly to when using the GO AROUND procedure (MCDU FPLAN waypoints in blue) in case a landing has to be aborted. Set the GoAround Altitude according to the FPLAN e.g. change the set altitude on the FCU to the altitude to be reached after a "Go Around". Please just change the altitude and do not press or pull the knob at this point. In case the Copilot function is enabled it is automatically set by the copilot under following conditions:
 - FAF passed plus 0.5 NM added
 - Actual flight level below GA ALT
 - Actual flight level below FCU set ALT
 - Vertical speed below 250 knots

If the copilot function is set to ON the highest value is automatically inserted using the MCDU FPLAN data. The value will be entered by the copilot in visible steps (with sound) and also considering the 100 and 1000 switch. Some values like 3.490 feet cannot be entered so the next possible higher value which means for 3.490 = 3.500 has to be or are entered.

If no values are available in the F-PLAN or there is no GA flight path available in the NAV DB the copilot sets the value to a value of (airport altitude rounded to next full 1.000) plus 4.000 feet e. g. normally to 5.000 feet.

58. Landing Memo / blue entries -: Please check if there are no "blue" entries in the Landing Memo. If for some reasons there are still "blue" entries (you might have forgotten to make certain settings) then please make those settings now.



Picture 123: Landing Memo - Steep Approach

59. **Set VAPP:** After the flaps are set to FULL and the landing gear is down the speed now should be changed to Vapp speed in our example to 130 as calculated by the FMGC – MCDU (PERF APPR) or manually adjusted like in our case for a STEEP APPROACH (please also see #4). As we are flying in "Managed Mode" the speed automatically is reduced to Vapp after the flaps are set to FULL – i.e. nothing has to be done in "Managed Mode".

But using this speed of 130 knots we would be very near Alpha Protection and PFD VLS. We therefore suggest (like it would be done in "real life") to use "selected speed" mode e.g. draw the FCU SPD knob and set it to 135 knots instead.

It is the final approach speed and automatically be calculated / inserted by the system. It is calculated in the following way: VLS plus 1/3 of the tower headwind component. The value of VAPP

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is limited so that it is never less than VLS + 5 or more than VLS +15. As a result, VAPP is increased above its minimum value for runway headwinds above 15 knots. VAPP correction is not increased further for headwinds exceeding 45 knots. No additions are made for gusts.

- 61. **Glideslope "alive":** When the Localizer has been captured (please see picture #70 above) soon after the vertical glide slope becomes "alive" (magenta rhombus fully appears) which will be confirmed by a call.
- 62. **Glideslope "captured":** When the glideslope has been captured it will be confirmed by a call. The middle of both PFD fields shows the vertical and lateral position of the aircraft where as the magenta rhombus shows the actual position on the glide path. This means that during the approach both rhombuses are moving to the center. On the EFIS control panel please change the knob for the various views to LS. This view also shows the glide path and the position of the aircraft to it.



Picture 124: G/S captured - LS view

- 66. Auto Throttle: Leave the A/THR on.....
- 67. Wing Anti Ice: Leave the Wing Anti Ice OFF

8.11 Landing

anun	inding						
LAND	LANDING						
NO.	PANEL			ACTION			REMARK
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REWARK
68				Flaps in Landing Config. (MCDU Settings)			Start next Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected
69	MAIN PANEL	GEAR	7	LAND. GEAR = FULL EXTRACTED	CHECK	CoP	
70	PEDESTAL	SP. BRAKEs	6	GROUND SPOILERS = FULL	CHECK	СоР	FSX: Right mouse click
71	MAIN PANEL	AUTO BRAKE	6	AUTO BRAKES = MEDIUM	SET	СоР	
72	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	NOSE = TO or TAXI / LANDING L. = ON	CHECK	СоР	
73	FCU	ALT	3	GO AROUND ALT	CHECK	СоР	
74				BEFORE OR AT DECISION ALTITUDE			
75	FCU	AP	5	AP	OFF	CoP	FSX: Z
76				CALL: STANDBY – STANDBY - FLARE			
77				At 60 feet: (PM CALL = FLARE")			
78				FLARE	PERFORM		
79	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	THRUST LEVERS	IDLE		FSX: F1
80				At touchdown:			
81	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	REV	MAX		FSX: F2
82				BRAKES	AS REQUIRED		
83				At 70 knots:			
84	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	REV	IDLE		FSX: F1
85				At taxi speed:			
86	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	REV	STOW	СоР	
87				Before 30 knots:			
88	MAIN PANEL	AUTO BRAKE	6	AUTOBRK	DISENGAGE	СоР	Checklist complete

- 70. Ground Spoilers: Speed Brakes should already be set to FULL (see #55)
- 71. Auto Brake: Set to MED (medium)
- 72. **Exterior Lights:** Just check if all Exterior Lights are on: Strobe, Beacon, Nav & Logo as well as Landing Lights.

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- 73. **Go Around Altitude**: Check if the GA has been set correctly according to #56.
- 74. BARO DA (decision altitude): Please also see #3 for EGLC ILS 27 according to the charts = 550 feet. At an altitude of 650 feet there will be a call "100 ABOVE".
- 75. **Autopilot:** Because EGLC ILS27 is ILS CAT1 we are not allowed to use "AUTOLAND" and have to disconnect the autopilot at latest at the decision altitude of 550 feet.
- 76. **Standby Standby Flare:** Beginning at 130 feet start automatic call-outs "Standby / Standby / Flare" confirmed by the PM at 60 feet. Initiate FLARE at those calls e. g. at 55 feet.
- 77. PM CALL "Flare": At 60 feet redundant to the automatic call at 63 feet the PM confirms with "Flare".
- 78. **LAND and FLARE mode:** As the aircraft gets closer to the ground the LAND mode engages. The actual modes are shown on the FMA. Flare has to be initiated manually at 55 feet.
- 79. **Thrust Levers: IDLE**: There is a callout: RETARD (for SPEED APPROACH at 60 feet). A single callout if thrust levers are retarded in time, multiple callouts if not. Pull the trust levers back to IDLE at flare initialization and let the aircraft gently touch the ground.
- 81. **Trust Levers**: **REV**: After touchdown the thrust reversers (by using F2 from the keyboard) might be activated but not necessarily if a noise abatement procedure prohibits it.
- 82. **BRAKES:** The autobrake makes the aircraft decelerate on the ground. You can also take the control at any time by using the brakes. Any manual action on the brakes automatically disconnects the autobrake system.
- 86. Thrust Levers: STOW: If REV THRUST is used (#81 and #84) the levers are automatically stowed by the Copilot.

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9. Alternate Company Routes and Destinations

9.1 Alternate Company Routes

An alternate company route is a flightplan (company route) from the primary destination to an alternate destination. The format and the location where those flightplans are saved are identical with those of primary flightplans.

For our tutorial we use as a primary flightplan EDDFLOWG01 e.g. from EDDF (Frankfurt/Germany) to LOWG (Graz/Austria). As alternate flightplan we will use LOWGLOWW01 e. g. from LOWG (Graz/Austria) to LOWW (Vienna/Austria).

Load the primary flight plan EDDFLOWG01 and then on the MCDU INIT A page enter LOWW into the scratchpad and then push LSK 2R.



Picture 125: Entering ALTN destination – step 1

This following page displays all the existing flightplans from LOWG to LOWW. Please select LSK 1L.



Picture 126: Entering ALTN destination – step 2

The MCDU INIT A page then looks as follows:



Picture 127: Entering ALTN destination – step 3

Now the two flightplans are loaded and can be reviewed on the F-PLAN pages. The primary flightplan is displayed in "green" whereas the GA waypoints and the alternate flightplan are displayed in "blue. Both flightplans are separated by ----- END OF F-PLAN -----.

If for any reason ATC informs you that the airport in Graz is closed and you receive the ATC-permission to divert at the revise point of ALMER to LOWW = Vienna. The information could be like "Cleared to divert to LOWW, from ALMER direct to NERDU and use approach transition NER5L for runway 16". Then do the following: Scroll in the primary flightplan to the waypoint of ALMER and push the LSK L (in following screenshot = LSK 3L).



Picture 128: Enabling ALTN DEST – step 1

Enable the alternate destination by pushing LSK 4L.



Picture 129: Enabling ALTN DEST – step 2

Then the following screen opens:



Picture 130: Enabling ALTN DEST – step 3

Enter NERDU into "NEXT WPT" and push LSK3R



Picture 131: Entering NERDU as NEXT WPT after the revise point ALMER

Automatically you are then back to the temporary flightplan page.

If at any enroute waypoint of the active flightplan (except FROM) the alternate flightplan is enabled (please see the picture #89) – the flightplan shrinks to:

- Active route until the revise point = ALMER in our example
- Waypoint entered as next waypoint = NERDU in our example
- F-PLAN DISCONTINUITY
- Complete alternate company route



Picture 132: Temporary flight plan after enabling ALTN

If another waypoint is entered after the revise point = ALMER and before the F-PLAN DISCONTINUITY (in our example = NERDU) and this waypoint is also part of the alternative company route then the flightplan

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collapses. E. g. all waypoint of the alternate company route until this waypoint (= NERDU) are automatically deleted.



Picture 133: Temporary F-PLAN after matching with ALT RTE

Clear the F-PLAN DISCONTINUITY (LSK 3L) and insert this temporary flightplan (LSK 6R). The alternate flightplan now becomes the active primary flightplan.



Picture 134: Primary F-PLAN

9.2 Alternate Destinations

If no ALT CO RTE is available (or we do not want to use it) we just work with ALTN destination.

- Load the primary flightplan EDDFLOWG01
- Enter "LOWW" into the MCDU INIT A page as ALTN = LSK 2R



Picture 135: Entering ALTN DEST = LOWW

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 As we will not use the existing ALTN CO RTE "LOWGLOWW01" please just go back to the INIT A page ((=RETURN LSK 6L).



Picture 136: Not using existing CO RTE

The INIT A page then looks as follows



Picture 137: INIT A page with ALTN destination

Now the two flightplans are loaded and can be reviewed on the F-PLAN pages. The primary flightplan is displayed in "green" whereas the GA waypoints and the alternate flightplan (or just destination) are displayed in "blue. Both flightplans are separated by ------ END OF F-PLAN ------. The alternate flightplan LOWG to LOWW is also separated by a -----F-PLAN DISCONTINUITY ------ because no waypoints etc. are yet defined.

If for any reason ATC informs you that the airport in Graz is closed and you receive the ATC-permission to divert at the revise point of ALMER to LOWW (Vienna) the information will be like "Cleared to divert to LOWW, from ALMER direct to NERDU and then use transition NER5L for runway 16". Then do the following: Scroll in the primary flightplan to the waypoint of ALMER and push the LSK L (in following screenshot = LSK 3L).



Picture 138: Enabling ALTN DEST - step 1

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Enable the alternate destination by pushing LSK 4L.



Picture 139: Enabling ALTN DEST - step 2

Then the following screen opens:



Picture 140: Enabling ALTN DEST - step 3

Go back to the F-Plan and use TMPY INSERT = LSK 6R. The alternate flightplan now becomes the active primary flightplan.

If at any enroute waypoint of the active flightplan (except FROM) the alternate flightplan is enabled (please see the picture #98) – the flightplan shrinks to:

- Active route until the revise point = ALMER in our example
- F-PLAN DISCONTINUITY
- Alternate destination = LOWW



Picture 141: Active flight plan after enabling ALTN

Select the ARRIVAL for LOWW (LSK 6L) = ILS16 - no STAR – but just transition for runway 16 = NER5L and insert the temporary flightplan (LSK 6R).



Picture 142: LOWW ARRIVAL

Delete the F-PLAN DISCONTINUITY



Picture 143: Active F-PLAN (before CLR)

Final active flightplan EDDF (primary departure) – LOWW (alternate destination)



Picture 144: Active F-PLAN EDDF - LOWW

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10. Tips and Tricks:

10.1 Adjusting views:

If you want to adjust one of the various available views first open it e. g. it becomes the active window. Then the following key combinations are available:

CTRL + Return - Forward
 CTRL + Backspace - Backwards
 CTRL + SHIFT + Return - Left
 CTRL + SHIFT + Backspace - Higher
 SHIFT + Return - Lower

• SPACE BAR + Mouse wheel - Zoom in or out

SPACE BAR + Mouse - Changing the view angle

10.2 Keeping / saving adjusted views

After you adjusted the views (using the aforementioned key combinations) during the whole flight e. g. until you close the FSX respectively change to another aircraft, those adjustments will be kept.

10.3 Working with real Flight Plans:

On the Internet there are several pages where "real" flight plans (like the one we used in this tutorial) are available. Two of the addresses are

- http://vatroute.net or at
- http://rfinder.asalink.net/free/

On those pages you will find a lot of plans but you should know the airport codes (like in our example EDDF for Frankfurt or LOWW for Vienna). But those codes can be found also using the Microsoft FS Flight Planner. Those plans like in our example can be used for all Aerosoft Airbus A318/319/320/321 types.

10.4 "Capturing" the ILS-Glide Path:

Sometimes the chosen flight path reaches the last waypoint before capturing the ILS glide path (13OEZ) in a way that the angle would be too big to capture it. The ideal angle should not be greater than 45 degrees and in such cases you then should fly a manually set course (see yellow dotted line) to catch the glide path the right way.

In the following example – Picture 65: Angle "capturing" a glide path - (before we reach WW671) please press LOC so that the lateral glide path will be caught. After catching the lateral glide and the vertical glide path starts moving (please see Picture 60) press APPR (to also catch the vertical glide path) and prepare for a smooth landing.



Picture 145: Angle "capturing" a glide path

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10.5 Transfer this document to the iPad

If you do not want to print out this document (and have an iPad in your possession), another way to have it always available during the flight is: Transfer it to your iPad. The easiest way to do this is:

- Download the ACROBAT Reader for the iPad from the Apple Store (it is for free) and install it on your iPad. An ACROBAT icon will be created on your iPad.
- Connect / synchronize your iPad with the PC using iTunes.
- In iTunes select the iPad and change to the APPS page.
- At the bottom of the page you will see the ACROBAT icon and the list of documents which are already available in ACROBAT. Use "ADD" to select this document (saved in your FSX folder under Aerosoft / Airbus A318_A319 (or Airbus A320_321) / Documentation) and it will be transferred to your iPad.
- Open ACROBAT and select "Documents". Now this tutorial should be available and can be opened and used on your iPad.

10.6 MCDU (left only) on an external device

To use the web interface start AirbusXConnectExtended.exe that is located in FSX Main Folder\Aerosoft\Airbus A318_A319 (or Airbus A320_321). You can do this before starting FSX or later. It will open a small window showing you the ip address and the port, something like this: 123.123.123.123:4040. You can enter this address into the address bar of the browser on any device that is connected to the same network. It will open showing the MCDU and you can use it as you would in the aircraft.

10.7 Use of the Procedure and Checklist

After using this tutorial and flying the Aerosoft Airbus A318/319/320 or 321 several times you will not need the explanations anymore. Then you can just use the complete procedure and checklist and fly the Airbus as a pilot and nearly as in the real life. Just the procedure- and checklist you will find as Appendix 11.

10.8 Manually entered waypoints

It is possible to manually enter waypoints (FIXES) which are not available in the Navigation DB. If you enter a waypoint which is not available in the DB a new MCDU window opens. Enter the values for latitude and longitude into the scratchpad and then push LSK 2L.



Picture 146: Manually entered waypoints

The following formats are possible to enter:

54.14.19N 002.58.51W	= 5414.2N/00258.5W	
54.235333,-2.971667	= 54.2N/2.9W	+ LAT=N/-LAT=S/+LONG=E/-LONG=W
n54 14.2 w002 58.5	= N5414.2/W00258.5	

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11. Appendix / Glossary:

Abbreviation	Description
ABV	Above (TCAS)
ADF	Automatic Directon Finder
A/C	Aircraft
AGL	Above Ground Level
A.FLOOR	Alpha Floor
AMP	Audio Management Panel
ANN	Annunciator
A/THR	Autothrust
AC	Air Conditioning
ADIRS	Air Data Inertial Reference System
AIRAC	Aeronautical Information Circular
ALT	Altitude
AP	Autopilot
APPR	Approach (Key on FCU)
APU	Auxiliary Power Unit
ATC	Air Traffic Control
BLOCK	Fuel Weight (kg)
BLW	Below (TCAS)
BRG	Bearing
CFM	
	Engine Manufacturer GE + SNECMA
CL or CLB	Climb
CLR	CLEAR (Key on MCDU Keyboard)
CO RTE	Company Route
CRZ FL	Cruise Flight Level
DES	Descent
DH	Decision Height
DIR	Direct
DME	Distance Measuring Equipment
ECAM	Electronic Centralized Aircraft Monitoring
EFIS	Electronic Flight Instrument System
EFOB	Estimated Fuel On Board
ELAC	Elevator and Aileron Computer
ENG	Engine
ETD	Estimated Time of Departure
E/WD	Engine/Warning Display
EXPED	Expedite (FCU Key)
EXT PWR	External Power
EXT LT	External Lights
FAC	Flight Augmentation Computer
FADEC	Full Authority Digital Engine Control
FCU	Flight Control Unit
FD	Flight Director
FDR	Flight Data Recorder
FF	Fuel Flow
FL	Flight Level
FLEX	Flexible
FLX/MCT	Flexible/Maximum Continuous Thrust
FMA	Flight Mode Annunciator
FMGC	Flight Management and Guidance Computer
FO	First Officer
FOB	Fuel On Board
FPA	Flight Path Angle
F-PLAN	Flight Plan (MCDU Page)

50	F. J.O. and
FQ GPU	Fuel Quantity Ground Power Unit
GPWS	
	Ground Proximity Warning System
GS GW	Glide Slope
HDG	Gross Weight Heading
hPa	Air Pressure Unit of Measurement (hector Pascal)
ILS	Int. Aero Engines = Engine Manufacturer RR, P&E, MTU + JAEC
	Instrument Landing System
In Hg	Air Pressure Unit of Measurement (Inch Mercury)
INIT	Initiation (MCDU Page)
KG	Kilogram
IRS	Inertial Reference System
L/G	Landing Gear
LK	Lock
LOC	ILS Localizer
LSK	Line Select Key
MCDU	Multifunction Control and Display Unit
MDA	Minimum Descent Altitude
MKR	Marker
N/W	Nose Wheel
ND	Navigation Display
NDB (ADF)	Nondirectional Beacon (Automatic Direction Finder)
NM	Nautical Miles
PERF	Performance (MCDU Page)
PFD	Primary Flight Display
PPU	Power Push Unit
PROG	Progress (MCDU Page)
QNH	Barometric Pressure Reported By A Station
PSI	Pounds Per Square Inch
PTU	Power Transfer Unit
RAD/NV	Radio/Navigation (MCDU Page)
RAAS	Runway Awareness and Advisory System
RMP	Radio Management Panel
RTO	Rejected Takeoff
RWY	Runway
SD	System Display
SEC	Spoiler and Elevator Computer
SID	Standard Instrument Departure
SRS	Speed Reference System
STAR	Standard Terminal Arrival Route
STDBY	Standby (TCAS)
SW	Switch
TA /DA	Traffic Advisory (TCAS)
TA/RA	Traffic Advisory & Resolution Advisory
TAS	True Airspeed
T/C	Top of Climb
TCAS	Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System
T/D	Top of Descent
TERR	Terrain Proximity Alert (GPWS)
THR	Thrust
THR RED	Thrust Reduction
THRT	TCAS Threat
THS	Trimmable Horizontal Stabilizer
TOGA	Takeoff Go-Around
TOW	Takeoff Weight
TRANS	Transition
TRK	Track
UTC V1	Universal Coordinated Time Speed at which takeoff cannot be aborted

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V2	Minimum Takeoff Safety Speed
V/S	Vertical Speed
Vfe	Maximum Flap Extended Speed
VHF	Very High Frequency
Vls	Minimum Safe Speed
Vmax	Maximum Operating Speed In Current Condition
Vmo/Mmo	Maximum Operating Limit Speed
VOR	Very High Frequency Omnirange Station
Vr	Rotation Speed
XFR	Transfer
ZFW	Zero Fuel Weight
ZFWCG	Zero Fuel Weight Centre of Gravity

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12. Checklists and Procedures A 319 CFM

12.1 Basic Preparation Procedure (aircraft in COLD DARK state)

BASI	BASIC PREPARATION PROCEDURE							
NO.		PANEL		ACTIO	N	REMARK		
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	REWARK		
1	FUEL PLANNER	ADV. METH.		PAX-, CARGO- and FUEL LOAD	SET and GEN. LOADSHEET	Please see chapter 4.1 for details		
2	MCDU R	MAIN MENU	ACFT STATE	COLD DARK = LSKL1	PUSH	Should already been done		
3	OVERHEAD	ELEC	3	BAT 1 + 2 (Batteries)	ON (BOTH)	Should already been done		
4	OVERHEAD	ELEC	3	EXT POWER	ON			
5	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	EXT. LIGHTS (= Nav Lights)	ON			
6	MAIN PANEL	PFD LIGHT	8	SWITCH	ON			
7	MAIN PANEL	ND LIGHT	8	SWITCH	ON			
8	ECAM	ECAM LIGHTS	4	SWITCH UPPER and LOWER	ON			
9	PEDESTAL	INT. LIGHT	3	OVHD INTEG LT	ON			
10	MCDU R	OPTIONS	SOUND	Cabin & Flight Crew, ATC	[ON] or [OFF]	As required – Color switches to green		
11	MCDU R	OPTIONS	VIEWS	Panel & Wing View Bars and others	[ON] or [OFF]	As required – Color switches to green		
12	MCDU R	OPTIONS	CHECKLISTS	CHECKL and COPILOT	ON (BOTH)			
13	MCDU R	OPTIONS	CHECKLISTS	INFOBAR	ON			
14	MCDU R	OPTIONS	CHECKLISTS	Various LIMITERS (APP & 250 KNOTS) & ILS	[ON] or [OFF]	As required – Color switches to green		
15	MCDU R	OPTIONS	CHECKLISTS	AES	[ON] or [OFF]	As required – Color switches to green		
16	MCDU R	LOAD/FUEL		INIT LOADSHEET or manually enter data				
16	MCDU R	LOAD/FUEL		LOAD to PLANE		LOAD INSTANT or separately		

12.2 Cockpit Preparation

COCI	(PIT PREPARA	ATION						
	PANEL							
NO.	TYP	PART (Name) PART (No.) PF (PILOT FLYING) PM (PILOT MON		PM (PILOT MONITORING	TORING) TA		REMARK	
17	MCDU	MAIN MENU	CHECKLIST	A = PUSH LSK3L	PUSH			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected
18	OVERHEAD	ELEC	3	BAT 1 + 2 (Batteries)	CHECK ON (BOTH)	Сор		
19	OVERHEAD	ELEC	6	EXT PWR (External Power)	ON	CoP		(if available – see MCDU MENU / DOORS)
20	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	NAV. LIGHTS	CHECK ON	СоР		
21	PEDESTAL	ENG	5	ENG MASTER 1 + 2	CHECK OFF	СоР	TA	
22	PEDESTAL	ENG	5	ENG MODE SEL	CHECK NORM	СоР	TA	
23	ECAM	LAND GEAR	2	LANDING GEAR LEVER	CHECK DOWN	СоР		
24	PEDESTAL	P. BRAKE	7	PARKING BRAKE	CHECKED = OFF	СоР	TA	
25	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS LEVER	CHECK POSITION = 0	СоР		
26	PEDESTAL	SP. BRAKE	6	SPEED BREAK LEVER	CHECK RETR. / DISARMED	СоР		
27	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	THRUST LEVERS	CHECK IDLE		TA	
28	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	TRANSPONDER MODE	CHECKED STANDBY			
29	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	RADIO CONTROL PANEL	ON	СоР		
30	ECAM	ECAM	5	ECAM RECALL (RCL) BUTTON	PRESS	СоР	TA	
31	MAIN PANEL	ANTI SKID	10	ANTI SKID	CHECK ON	СоР	TA	
32	MAIN PANEL	EFIS	3	FLIGHT DIRECTOR	CHECK ON	СоР		
33	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	12	EMERGENCY LIGHTS	ARM	СоР	TA	
34	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	12	NO SMOKING SIGNS	ON	CoP	TA	
35	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	8	WING & ENGINE ANTI ICE	CHECK OFF	Сор		
36	OVERHEAD	PR.WI. HEAT	13	PROBE WINDOW HEAT	AUTO/OFF			
37	OVERHEAD	AIR COND.	7	HOTAIR, ENG. BLEED L+R, PACKS L+R	CHECK ON	Сор	TA	(no white signs)
38	OVERHEAD	VENTILATION	14	BLOWER, EXTRACT, CAB. FANS	CHECK ON		TA	(no white signs – INOP not animated)
39	OVERHEAD	ELECTRIC	5	ENG. GENERATOR L+R	CHECK ON = FAULT	Сор		(1 11 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
40	OVERHEAD	ELETRIC	5	APU GENERATOR	CHECK ON			(only if EXT. POWER is ON)
41	OVERHEAD	FUEL	2	ALL FUEL PUMPS	PRESS	СоР	TA	OFF should disappear
42	OVERHEAD	FUEL	2	ALL FUEL PUMPS = ON	CHECK			
43	OVERHEAD	HYDRAULICS	1	ACCU BREAK PRESS: ELEC. PUMP	(ON)			See explanation
44	OVERHEAD	GPWS	15	GPWS: ALL SWITCHES	CHECK ON	Сор		(no white signs)
45	OVERHEAD	EFCS	16	EFCS: ALL SWITCHES	CHECK ON	Сор		(no white signs)
46	OVERHEAD	ADIRS	17	ADIRS (3x)	ON	CoP	TA	
47	COCKPIT	EM.EQUIPMENT		ALL EQUIPEMT AVAILABLE AND OK	CHECK ON			Checklist complete
48	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	SET FREQUENCIES	SET			If ATC is used
49	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	ATC CLEARANCE	OBTAIN			If ATC is used

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12.3 FMGS / MCDU – Data Insertion

COCI	(PIT PREPARA	TION – FMGS/M	CDU DATA	INSERTION		
	PANEL			ACTIO		
NO.	ТҮР	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	REMARK
50	MCDU	INIT 1		DEP and DEST AIRPORT	ENTER	LOWI/LFMN
51	MCDU	INIT 1		ALIGN IRS	PRESS	
52	MCDU	INIT 1		FLT NBR (Flight Number)	ENTER	Par example =LH319
53	MCDU	INIT 1		COST INDEX	ENTER	40
54	MCDU	INIT 1		CRZ FL (Cruise Flight Level)	ENTER	=310 (31.000 feet)
55	MCDU	F-PLAN		FLIGHTPLAN	ENTER	Speeds and altitudes are now calculated
56	MCDU	RAD NAV		ENTER ADF1 FREQUENCY	ENTER	RTT
57	MCDU	INIT 2		BLOCK	ENTER	6.8
58	MCDU	INIT 2		ZFWCG/ZFW	CHECK	25.0/49.5 – speeds and altitude are calculated
59	MCDU	PERF-TO		FLAPS / THS	ENTER	2/
60	MCDU	PERF-TO		FLEX TO TEMP	CHECK	
61	MCDU	PERF-TO		V1, VR and V2	CHECK	89/120/124
62	MCDU	PERF-CLIMB		DATA	CHECK	
63	MCDU	PERF-CZR		DATA	CHECK	
64	MCDU	PERF-DES/APPR		DATA	CHECK	
65	MCDU	PERF-GO ARD		DATA	CHECK	

12.4 Cockpit Preparation – Part 2

COCK	COCKPIT PREPARATION – Part 2								
NO.	PANEL			ACTIO	ACTION				
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	REMARK			
66	EFIS	FD / ILS	3	Button: LS	OFF				
67	EFIS	ND MOD/RGE	5 & 6	ND mode and range	SET	Mode: ARC / Range 10			
68	EFIS	ADF/VOR	7	VOR / ADF select	AS REQUIRED				
69	FCU	ALTITUDE	3	First Altitude	SET TO 12.000 Feet	>than THR RED altitude			
70	FCU	FCU	1 to 4	DASH-BALL-DASH-BALL-ALT-BALL-DASH	CHECK				
71	ECAM	ECAM	1	STATUS	CHECK				
72	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	ATC - FREQUNCY	SET	If ATC is used			
73	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	ATC CLEARANCE	OBTAIN	If ATC is used			
74	GLARESHIELD	ND-DISPL.	2	IRS ALIGN	CHECK				
75	MCDU	F-PLAN		F-PLAN PAGE	SET				

12.5 Before Pushback and Start

	Delote Facilitative and other								
BEFO	BEFORE PUSHBACK OR START								
NO.		PANEL		ACTIO	I		REMARK		
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING	i)			
76	MCDUw	MAIN MENU	ACFT DOORS	CLOSE ALL DOORS	PUSH		Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected		
77	MCDU R	MAIN MENU	ACFT DOORS	ALL WINDOWS AND DOORS CLOSED	CHECK	CoP			
78	OVERHEAD	APU	10	APU MASTER and START	ON	СоР	START= available 10 sec after MASTER		
79	OVERHEAD	APU	10	APU BLEED = ON	ON	CoP			
80	MCDU	ELEC	6	EXT PWR	OFF	CoP			
81	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	12	SEAT BELT SIGNS / NO SMOKING = ON	ON	СоР	For Seat Belts also AUTO is OK		
82	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	LEVERS	CHECK IDLE				
83	PEDESTAL	P. BRAKE	7	PARKING BRAKE	SET to ON	CoP	FSX: CTRL + . (period)		
84	MCDU2	MAIN MENU	GND SERV.	TRAFFIC CONES	REMOVE	СоР			
85	MCDU2	MAIN MENU	GND SERV.	WHEEL CHOCKS	REMOVE	СоР			
86	EFIS	AP SETTING	2	BARO REF	SET / X CHECK (Read out)	СоР			
87	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	BEACON	ON	СоР	Checklist complete		

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12.6 Engine Start

12.6.1 Engine Start with Pushback

ENGIN	IE START – wi	th pushback					
NO.	PANEL			ACTIO	ACTION		
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING) PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REMARK	
88	MCDU	MAIN MENU	CHECKLIST	SELECT: "START WITH PUSH" = LSK5L		Starts next Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected	
89	MCDU right			SELECT TAXIWAX DIST and PB DIRECTION	SET		
90	MCDU right			START PUSHBACK	START		
91				"Flight Deck to Ground"		GROUND: "Go ahead"	
92				"We have ATC clearance"		GROUND: "Roger"	
93				"Confirm ground equipment = clear"		GROUND: "Clear"	
94				"Starting pushback"		GROUND: "Roger"	
95	PEDESTAL	P. BRAKE	7	PARKING BRAKE = OFF	SET to OFF	FSX: . (period)	
96						GROUND: "OK. Starting Pushback"	
97	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MODE SEL	IGN START		
98	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	MASTER SW 2	ON		
99	MAIN PANEL	E/WD	5a	No. 2 RUNNING UP	CHECK		
100	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	MASTER SW 1	ON	Engine 2 N1 > 20%	
101	MAIN PANEL	E/WD	5a	No. 1 RUNNING UP	CHECK		
102				When in Position: Stop Pushback	STOP (SHIFT + P)		
103						GROUND: "Pushback complete"	
104	PEDESTAL	P. BRAKE	7	PARKING BRAKE	ON	FSX: CRTL +.(period)	
105						GROUND: "Have a good flight" – CL complete	

12.6.2 Engine Start without Pushback

ENGIN	ENGINE START								
NO.	PANEL			ACTIO	ACTION				
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	REMARK			
106	MCDU	MAIN MENU	CHECKLIST	SELECT: "START" = LSK6L		Starts next Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected			
107				"Flight Deck to Ground"		GROUND: "Go ahead"			
108				"We have ATC clearance"		GROUND: "Roger"			
109				"Confirm ground equipment = clear"		GROUND: "Clear"			
110				"Starting engines"		GROUND: "Roger"			
111	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MODE SEL	IGN START				
112	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	MASTER SW 2	ON				
113	MAIN PANEL	E/WD	5a	No. 2 RUNNING UP	CHECK				
114	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	MASTER SW 1	ON	Engine 2 N1 > 20%			
115	MAIN PANEL	E/WD	5a	No. 1 RUNNING UP	CHECK				
116				"Both Engines running"		GROUND: "Roger"			
117						GROUND: "Have a good flight" – CL complete			

12.7 After Engine Start

AFTE	R ENGINE STA	ART					
		PANEL		ACTIO	ACTION		
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REMARK
118				ENGINE 1 & 2 are running for 15 sec			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected
119	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MODE SEL	NORM	CoP	
120	OVERHEAD	APU	10	APU BLEED	OFF	CoP	
121	OVERHEAD	APU	10	APU MASTER SW	OFF	CoP	
122	PEDESTAL	SPEED-BR.	6	GROUND SPOILERS	ARM	СоР	Mouse click: right
123	PEDESTAL	RUDDER	4	RUDDER TRIM	SET to 0 degree	СоР	
124	PEDESTAL	PITCH	4	PITCH TRIM	SET to THS Value		
125				AILERON, ELEVATOR and RUDDER	CHECK ALL 6 POSITIONS		
126	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS	SET to 2	CoP	FSX: F7
127	OVERHEAD	ANTI-ICE	8	ENG ANTI ICE (1 &2)	ON / OFF		
128	OVERHEAD	ANTI-ICE	8	WING ANTI ICE	ON / OFF		
129	ECAM	ECAM	1	ECAM STATUS	CHECK		
130	ECAM	ECAM	1	ECAM DOOR PAGE	CHECK	CoP	
131				HAND SIGNAL RECEIVED			Checklist complete

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12.8 TAXI

TAXI							
NO.	PANEL			ACTION			REMARK
NO.	TYP PART (Name) PART (No.) PF (PILOT FLYING) PM (PILOT MONITORING)			REWARK			
132	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	TAXI CLEARENCE	OBTAINED		If ATC is used
133	PEDESTAL	P. BRAKE	7	PARKING BRAKE	OFF		FSX: . (period)
134				GS> 10 Knots			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected
135	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	NOSE LIGHT	TAXI	CoP	
136	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	LEVERS	AS REQUIRED		
137				PRESS BRAKES to listen for PM CALL	PRESS PEDAL / RELEASE		
138	MAIN PANEL	AUTO BRAKE	6	SET TO	MAX	CoP	
139	MCDU			TAKEOFF DATA	REVIEW	CoP	
140	FCU	HDG / ALT	2 & 3	FCU HDG/ALT = DASH-BALL-DASH-BALL	SET or CHECK		IF ALT NOT SET CoP sets it to 7000ft
141				ALL DISPLAYS ARE ON	CHECK		
142	ECAM	PANEL	5	TO CONFIG	PRESS	CoP	
143	MAIN PANEL	E/WD	5a	ТО МЕМО	CHECK NO BLUE	CoP	
144	PEDESTAL	WXR	11	SET system to 1 (ON) and knob to WX-T	SET	CoP	Checklist complete
145	EFIS	FD / ILS	3	FD	CHECK ON		
146	PEDESTAL	TRANSPOND.	9	ATC CODE	CONFIRM / SET		If ATC is used

12.9 Before Takeoff

BEFO	BEFORE TAKEOFF								
NO.	PANEL			ACTION					
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORIN	NG)	REMARK		
147				INFORMATION TO CABIN CREW			"Please prepare for Takeoff"		
148	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	TAXI TO RUNWAY HOLDING POINT			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot please see below		
149	ECAM	WHEEL PAGE	1	BRAKE TEMP = below 150	CHECK	Сор	CoP set Brake Fans On if Brake Temp > 150		
150	MAIN PANEL	BRAKE FAN	11	BRAKE FANS	OFF	Сор			
151	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MODE SEL = NORMAL	CHECK				
152	PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS TA/RA plus TILT ABOVE	SET	CoP			
153	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	EXT. LIGHTS	SET	СоР	Strobes, Land. and Nose Lights		
154				PF SLIDING TABLE	STOWED	Сор	Checklist complete		
155	PEDESTAL	WXR	11	TILT: UP and select 4 degrees up	SET				
156	MAIN PANEL	N/SKID NW	10	A/SKID & NW STRG	CHECK = ON				
157	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	TAKEOFF / LINE UP CLEAR	OBTAIN		If ATC is used		
158	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	ATC (if no AUTO position)	ON		If ATC is used		

12.10 Takeoff (Part 1)

TAKE	TAKEOFF – Part 1								
PANEL ACTION							REMARK		
NO	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	REIVIARK		
158	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	SET LEVERS TO	MAN TOGA				
159	GLARESHIELD	CHRONO	7	CHRONO	START	СоР	Push upper right button		

12.11 Takeoff Abort

ABORT TAKEOFF							
	PANEL		AC	TION		REMARK	
TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REIVIARK	
PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	6	THRUST LEVERS	IDLE		FSX: F1	
PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	6	REV	MAX		FSX: F2 (hold some time)	
PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	6	REV	OFF		At 70 knots = FSX: 1	
MAIN PANEL	BRAKES	6	AUTOBRAKES	OFF		At 35 knots	
PEDESTAL	FLAPS	10	FLAPS	UP		>12 knots	
PEDESTAL	SPEED-BR.	8	GRD SPOILERS	DISARM		>12 knots	
OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	STROBES	OFF		>12 knots	
OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	LANDING LIGHTS	OFF		>12 knots	
PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS	STANBY		>12 knots	
PEDESTAL	FLAPS	10	FLAPS	TO POSITION			
PEDESTAL	SPEED-BR.	8	GRD SPOILERS	ARM			
PEDESTAL							

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12.12 Takeoff (Part 2)

TAKE	TAKEOFF – Part 2							
NO.	PANEL			ACTIC	DEMARK			
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REMARK	
160				Takeoff thrust is set			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected	
161				"Takeoff"				
162				"MAN" "TOGA" and "SRS"	" Power set"			
163					"100 Knots"		At 100	
164				"Checked"				
165					"V1"		At GS = V1	
166					"Rotate"		At GS = VR	
167					"Positive climb"		Radio Alt >50 ft, VS > 100 ft/min	
168	MAIN PANEL	GEAR	7	"Gear up"	GEAR UP	CoP	FSX: G	
169	PEDESTAL	SPEED-BR.	6	GROUND SPOILERS	DISARM	CoP	FSX: /	
170	MAIN PANEL	GEAR	7	GEAR STOWED	"Gear is up , lights off"		Radio Alt >50 ft, VS > 100 ft/min	
171				At Thrust Red. / Acceleration Alt.				
172	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	SET LEVERS TO	"CLIMB THRUST"		Blinking announcement in FMA	
173	FCU	AP	5	AUTOPILOT	"AUTOPILOT ON"			
174				At "Green Dot Speed" / "S-Speed"				
175	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	"Flaps zero"	SELECT	CoP	FSX: F6	
176					"Flaps zero"		Checklist complete	
177	FCU	ALTITUDE	3	Cruise Altitude	SET TO 31.000 feet			

12.13 After Takeoff

TAKE	TAKEOFF – Part 2							
NO.		PANEL		ACTIC	ON		REMARK	
178	PEDESTAL	WXR	11	TILT: DOWN	SET			
179	EFIS	INFOR.	4	EFIS OPTION	ARPT			
180	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	RADIO NAV	CHECK			
181	PEDESTAL	ECAM	1	ECAM MENU	REVIEW			
182	MCDU	PROG		OPT / MAX ALTITUDE	CHECK			
183				FLAPS UP and RETRACTED			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected	
184	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MODE SEL = NORMAL	CHECK	Сор		
185	PEDESTAL	SPEED-BR.	6	GROUND SPOILERS	DISARMED	СоР	FSX: /	
186	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS UP and RETRACTED	CHECK	СоР	FSX: F6	
187	ECAM	GEAR	2	GEAR IS UP and STOWED	"Gear is up, Lights off"	СоР		
188	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	RUNWAY / NOSE = OFF	OFF	CoP		
189	OVERHEAD	AIR COND	7	1 st and 2 ND PACK are ON	CHECK	Сор		
190	OVERHEAD	ANTI-ICE	8	ANTI ICE (1 &2)	AS REQUIRED		=OFF	
191	PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS = TA/RA and TILT = ABV or N	CHECK and set to ABV			
192	EFIS	A PRESSURE	2	BARO REF	X-CHECK (Read out)		Checklist complete	

12.14 Climb

CLIM	CLIMB								
NO.	PANEL		ACTIO	ACTION					
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REMARK		
193				CLIMB CHECKLIST			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected		
194				At 10.000 feet					
195					"Passing 10.000"				
196	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	LANDING LIGHTS	LIGHTS OFF	СоР			
197	FCU	ALTITUDE	3	Cruise Altitude	CHECK		=31.000 feet		
198				At Transition Altitude			= Checklist completed		
199	GL.SH./EFIS	A PRESSURE	13 / 2	BARO REF to STD	SET / X CHECK	СоР			

12.15 Cruise

CRUI	CRUISE							
NO.		PANEL		ACTIC	N		DESAADY	
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REMARK	
200				FMA "ALT / ALT CRZ"			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected	
201	PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS TA or TA/RA plus TILT NORMAL	SET	CoP		
202	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	11	SEAT BELTS = OFF or AUTO	CHECK and set to OFF	CoP		
203				SLIDING TABLE - COPILOT	EXTENDED	CoP	Procedure complete	
204	PEDESTAL	ECAM	1	ECAM MEMO / SYS PAGES	REVIEW			
205	MCDU	Var.PAGES		FLIGHT PROGRESS	CHECK			
206	MCDU	FUEL PRED		FUEL	MONITOR			
207	MCDU	PROG		NAV ACCURANCY	CHECK			
208	OVERHEAD	AIR COND	7	CABIN TEMP	MONITOR			

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12.16 MCDU PERF APPR page

MCD	MCDU PERF APPR PAGE								
NO.		REMARK							
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	REWARK			
209	MCDU	PERF	APPR	QNH, TEMP, MAG WIND	ENTER DATA				
210	MCDU	PERF	APPR	TRANS ALT	ENTER DATA	= 5000			
211	MCDU	PERF	APPR	BARO / RADIO	ENTER DATA	= BARO 210			
212	MCDU	PERF	APPR	VAPP	CHECK				
213	MCDU	PERF	APPR	LDG CONF	CHECK				

12.17 Descent Preparation

DESC	DESCENT PREPARATION							
NO.	PANEL		АСТІО	DESAGRA				
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	REMARK		
214				1 min after CRZ level has been reached			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected	
215				SEAT BELTS = ON or AUTO	CHECK and set to ON	Сор		
216	OVERHEAD	ANTI-ICE	8	ANTI ICE = OFF	CHECK			
217	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	LANDING INFORMATION	RECEIVED		If ATC is used	
218	EFIS	A.PRESSURE	2	BARO REF = STANDARD	CHECK	Сор		
219	MCDU	PERF.	APPR	AIR PRESSURE ARRIVAL AIRPORT	"Checked" and readout	Сор	QNH= 1013	
220	MCDU	PERF.	APPR	DECISION ALTITUDE	"Checked"	Сор	BARO = 210	
221	MCDU	PERF.	APPR	LDG CONF (Flaps)	"Checked"	CoP	Checklist complete	

12.18Descent

DESC	DESCENT							
NO.		PANEL		ACTIO	ACTION			
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REMARK	
222	FCU	ALT	3	INSERT NEW HEIGHT	INSERT		= 4.000	
223	FCU	ALT	3	INITIATE DESCENT	PUSH KNOB			
224	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	DESCENT	MONITOR			
225	PEDESTAL	SP BRAKES	6	SET	AS REQUIRED			
226				Vert. Mode = DES / Desc.Prep.CL = compl.			Starts next Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected	
227	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	FMA	CHECK			
228	PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS = TILT BELOW	CHECK and SET	CoP		
229				At 10.000 feet:				
230	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	LANDING LIGHTS	ON	CoP		
231	EFIS	FD / ILS	3	ILS LOCALIZER (LS)	PUSH	СоР	EFIS	
232				At Transition Altitude			= 5000	
233	EFIS	A PRESSURE	2	BARO REF to actual pressure value	SET / X CHECK	CoP	Checklist complete	

12.19Approach

יוקקר	pproach							
APP	APPROACH							
NO.		PANEL		ACTI	ON		REMARK	
110.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REMARK	
234				5 NM before DECEL pseudo waypoint			Starts next Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected	
235	ECAM	ECAM	1	ECAM MESSAGE	CHECK			
236				SLIDING TABLE S - STOWED	STOWED	CoP		
237	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	11	CABIN SIGNS = ON	CHECK or set to ON			
238	MCDU	PROG		NAV ACCURANCY	CHECK			
239	EFIS	A.PRESSURE	2	BARO REF CROSS CHECK	SET and Read out	CoP	Checklist complete	
240				Initial approach:				
241	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	11	SEAT BELTS	CHECK ON		AUTO is also OK	
242	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MODE	CHECK NORM			
243				Approx. 15 NM from touchdown:				
244	MCDU	PROG		NAV ACCURANCY	MONITOR			
245	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	POSITIONING	MONITOR			

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12.20Final

FINAL	FINAL								
	PANEL			ACTION					
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITO	RING)	REMARK		
246				Appr. CL has been completed			Starts next Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected		
247	MCDU	PERF		APPR PHASE	ACTIVATE	CoP			
248	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	CALL: LOCALIZER ALIVE		СоР			
2499	FCU	APPR	6	APPR	PUSH				
250	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	LOCALIZER CAPTURED	CHECK	241	MAIN PANEL		
251				Green Dot Speed					
252	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS 1	SELECT	CoP	FSX: F7		
253				S-Speed					
254	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAP 2	SET		FSX: F7 OPTIONAL		
255				Gkidescope becomes alive					
256	FCU	AP	5	SECOND AP	ON				
257				Glidescope captured					
258	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	G/S CAPTURE	CHECK				
259				Rad. Alt. > 2.000 ft = LANDING MEMO					
260	MAIN PANEL	EWD	5	LANDING MEMO	CHECK NO BLUE				
261	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS 2	SELECT	СоР	FSX: F7		
262	FCU	ALT	4	GO AROUND ALT	SET TO 2.000 FEET	СоР	Just enter - do not push knob		
263	MAIN PANEL	GEAR	7	L/G DOWN	SELECT	СоР	FSX: G		
264	PEDESTAL	SPEED-BR.	6	GROUND SPOILERS	ARM	CoP	Mouse click: right		
265	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	NOSE LIGHT (if not TAXI) = TO	ON	СоР			
266				When L/G down, below REF SPEED					
267	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS 3	SELECT	CoP	FSX: F7		
268				Next REF SPEED:					
269	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS FULL	SELECT	СоР	FSX: F7 / Checklist complete		
270	FCU	SPD	1	Set speed to VApp	SET		= 126 (MCDU – PERF – APPR page)		
271	PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS	SET TO "TA ONLY"				
272	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	FMA	CHECK				
273	MAIN PANEL	PFD	1	LOC CAPTURE	MONITOR				
274	ECAM	ECAM	1	ECAM WHEEL PAGE	CHECK				
275	FCU	ATHR	7	A/THR	CHECK SPD				
276	OVERHEAD	ANTI-ICE	8	WING ANTI ICE	CHECK OFF				

12.21Landing

anan	mung									
LANE	LANDING									
NO.	PANEL			ACTION			REMARK			
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REIVIARK			
277				Flaps in Landing Config. (MCDU Settings)			Start next Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected			
278	MAIN PANEL	GEAR	7	LAND. GEAR = FULL EXTRACTED	CHECK	CoP				
279	PEDESTAL	SP. BRAKEs	6	GROUND SPOILERS = ARMED	CHECK	CoP	FSX: Right mouse click			
280	MAIN PANEL	AUTO BRAKE	6	AUTO BRAKES = MEDIUM	SET	CoP				
281	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	NOSE = TO or TAXI / LANDING L. = ON	CHECK	CoP				
282	FCU	ALT	3	GO AROUND ALT	CHECK	CoP				
283				AT DECISION ALTITUDE						
284	FCU	AP	5	AP	OFF	CoP	FSX: Z			
285				At 20 feet:						
286				FLARE	PERFORM					
287	MAIN PANEL	PDF	1	ALTITUDE	MONITOR					
288	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	THRUST LEVERS	IDLE		FSX: F1			
289				At touchdown:						
290	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	REV	MAX		FSX: F2			
291				BRAKES	AS REQUIRED					
292				At 70 knots:						
293	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	REV	IDLE		FSX: F1			
294				At taxi speed:						
295	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	REV	STOW	CoP				
296				Before 30 knots:						
297	MAIN PANEL	AUTO BRAKE	6	AUTOBRK	DISENGAGE	CoP	Checklist complete			
298	FCU	AP	5	AP (if applicable)	OFF	CoP	FSX: Z			

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12.22Go Around

GO A	GO AROUND									
NO	PANEL			ACTION			DEMARK			
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REMARK			
Α	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	GA thrust is set	SET		Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected			
В	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	"GO AROUND FLAPS"	FLAPS ONE STEP BACK = 3	CoP	FSX: F6			
С					"Positive climb"		Radio Alt >50 ft, VS > 100 ft/min			
D	MAIN PANEL	GEAR	7	"Gear up"	GEAR UP	CoP	FSX: G			
E	MAIN PANEL	GEAR	7	GEAR STOWED	"Gear up , Flaps 3"					
F	PEDESTAL	SPEED-BR.	6	GROUND SPOILERS	DISARM	CoP	FSX: /			
G	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	RUNWAY / NOSE = OFF	"Off"	CoP				
Н	MAIN PANEL	BRAKES	6	AUTOBRAKES	"Off"	CoP				
I				At Thrust Red. / Acceleration Alt.						
J	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	"Flaps 1"	SELECT	СоР	FSX: F6			
K	PEDESTAL	THR LEVER	4	SET LEVERS TO	"CLIMB THRUST"		Blinking announcement in FMA			
L	FCU	AP	5	AUTOPILOT	ON					
M				At "Green Dot Speed" / "S-Speed"						
N	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	"Flaps up"	SELECT	CoP	FSX: F6			
0					"Flaps up"		Checklist complete			
Р	FCU	AP	5	AUTOPILOT 2	"Off"	CoP				

12.23 After Landing

AFTE	AFTER LANDING									
NO	PANEL			ACTION			DEMARK			
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)		REMARK			
299				Ground Speed >35 / Dir. to runway > 15 °			Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected			
300	GLARESHIELD	CHRONO	7	CHRONO	STOP		Push upper right button			
301	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	NOSE LIGHTS	ON	СоР				
302	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	LANDING LIGHTS	OFF	СоР				
303	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	STROBE LIGHT = OFF or AUTO	If ON = OFF	CoP				
304	PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS MODE SEL	STBY	СоР				
305	PEDESTAL	FLAPS	8	FLAPS	RETRACT	СоР	FSX: F6			
306	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MODE SEL	NORM	Сор				
307	PEDESTAL	WXR	11	WXR: SET system to OFF	SET	Сор				
308	EFIS	FD / ILS	3	ILS LOCALIZER (LS)	OFF	СоР	EFIS			
309	OVERHEAD	APU	10	APU MASTER and APU START	ON					
310	PEDESTAL	SP.BRAKES	6	GRND SPLRS	DISARM	СоР	FSX: /			
311	ECAM	WHEEL PAGE	1	BRAKE TEMP all wheels = > 300 degrees	CHECK		Checklist complete			

12.24 Parking

PAR	PARKING									
NO.	PANEL			ACTION			REMARK			
NO.	TYP PART (Name)		PART (No.) PF (PILOT FLYING) PM (PILOT MONITORING)							
312	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	ATC (if no AUTO position)	STBY / OFF					
313	OVERHEAD	ANTI-ICE	8	ANTI ICE (WING and ENGINES 1&2)	CHECK = OFF					
314	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	GROUND CONTACT	ESTABLISH		If ATC is used			
315	PEDESTAL	P.BRAKE	7	PARKING BRAKE ON	SET ON		FSX: CTRL + . (period)			
316	PEDESTAL	ENGINE	5	ENG MASTER 1 & 2	OFF		Start Checklist / Co-Pilot - if selected			
317	MCDU R	GRND SERV		CHOCKS	SET	СоР				
318	PEDESTAL	P.BRAKE	7	PARKING BRAKE	OFF	СоР	FSX: . (period)			
319	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	11	SEAT BELTS	OFF	CoP				
320	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	BEACON LIGHT	OFF	CoP				
321	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	TAXI LIGHT.	OFF	СоР				
322	OVERHEAD	ANTI-ICE	8	WING & ENGINE ANTI ICE = OFF	CHECK	Сор				
323	OVERHEAD	FUEL	2	FUEL PUMPS	OFF	CoP	OFF should appear / Checklist complete			
324	MCDU R	GRND SERV		CONES	SET					
325	MCDU R	GRND SERV		ESTABLISH EXTERNAL POWER	CONNECT					
326	OVERHEAD	EXT POWER	6	EXT. POWER = AVAILABLE	SET TO ON					
327	OVERHEAD	APU	10	APU MASTER	SET TO OFF					
328	MCDU	MENU	ACFT DOORS	DOORS	OPEN (AS REQUIRED)					

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12.25Securing Aircraft

SECURING AIRCRAFT									
NO.	PANEL			ACT	REMARK				
NO.	TYP	PART (Name)	PART (No.)	PF (PILOT FLYING)	PM (PILOT MONITORING)	REWARK			
329	OVERHEAD	ADIRS		ADIRS (1 + 2 + 3)	OFF				
330	OVERHEAD	EXT. LIGHTS	9	NAV. LIGHTS	OFF				
331	OVERHEAD	SIGNS	11	NO SMOKING & EMERGENCY LIGHT	OFF				
332	MCDU	MENU	ACFT DOORS	DOORS	CLOSE (AS REQUIRED)				
333	OVERHEAD	EXT. PWR	6	EXT PWR	AS REQUIRED				
334	OVERHEAD	ELEC	5	GEN 1 + 2 (Electric Generators)	PRESS	OFF should appear			
335	PEDESTAL	INT. LIGHT	3	INTEG LT	OFF				
336	MAIN PANEL	PFD LIGHT	8	SWITCH	OFF				
337	MAIN PANEL	ND LIGHT	8	SWITCH	OFF				
338	ECAM	DIMMER	4	SWITCH UPPER and LOWER	OFF				
339	PEDESTAL	RADIO	1	RADIO CONTROL PANEL	OFF				
340	PEDESTAL	TCAS	10	TCAS = STBY	SET				
341	OVERHEAD	BATTERIES	4	BAT 1 + 2	OFF				